The New-York Times.

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FROM WASHINGTON.

Repealing the Duties on Tea and Coffee.

Cost of United States Vessels at San Domingo.

No More Appropriations for Public Buildings.

Visit of the Japanese to the Signal Office Saturday.

Schurz's Witnesses Before the French Arms Committee.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—The action of the Senate in voting tea and coffee on the free list has upset all tariff calculations, and given an entirely new aspect to tariff legislation. The Ways and Means Committee today considered the action of the Senate, and the majority of the Committee conceded that it was practically useless to proceed further in the direction of revising the tariff with a view of reductions, as the amount thus taken off, with what must come off through reductions of internal Revenue, will cover all that can be spared. It is probable, therefore, that the Committee will fix up a free list and, with an Internal Revenue Reduction bill, report it at an early day. Mr. SHERMAN indicated today in the Senate that tomorrow he expected to place the House bill, repealing the duties on tea and coffee, before the Senate and ask for concurrence; the vote of the Senate had been so decisive on this subject, that there was left no doubt of its determination to repeal those duties; he had received about forty telegraphic communications on Saturday, inquiring the effect of the vote of the day before, and he thought it better that the subject should be at once settled. Mr. SCOTT desired that action should be taken upon the House bill today, and said he had prepared an amendment which would fix a time for that bill to take effect. He did not, however, press a motion. There is left little doubt by these statements, and the manner in which they were received by the Senate, that decisive action on tea and coffee duties is at hand.

UNITED STATES VESSELS AT SAN DOMINGO.

The Senate today received the answer of the Secretary of the Navy to Mr. SUMNER's resolution of December 20 last, inquiring about the expenses of naval vessels on the coast of San Domingo since the beginning of the negotiations for the acquisition of a part of that island. The delay in sending in the reply has been owing to the fact that the information requested is for the greater part derived from return and settlement of accounts of pay-masters of the several vessels, which are made only at long intervals; and now the statements are only approximately, though very nearly, correct. The statement shows that the whole expense of all the vessels has been a little less than $500,000. Ten of our vessels connected with the naval station of the West Indies, visited San Domingo during the period from Nov. 15, 1869, to Dec. 20, 1871, the time of their remaining there being from thirty-eight days upward, and the average being about 190 days each for the whole period. There are usually about ten vessels of the United States in the waters adjacent to the West India Islands, and the number kept there and the expense on account of any of the vessels being near the coast of San Domingo was no greater than if they had been anywhere else in the station, and not as much as if they had been on some other stations.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

Mr. MORRILL, of Vermont, in the Senate, today, reported from the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds several bills adversely. Among them was a proposition for Philadelphia, the bill for which is now before the same Committee in the House. Mr. SCOTT wanted the Committee to retain their report upon this till the action of the House had been communicated, so that a hearing could be had before the Committee in behalf of Philadelphia. Mr. MORRILL consented to this, but at the same time stated that, in his judgment, no more large appropriations for public buildings would be made at this session, as the Treasury with the reductions in revenues determined upon had already been drawn upon as much as it could stand for this purpose. This may be taken by all those places where projects for new buildings have been started as a positive assurance that they must wait another year. The forty-six bills pending are sure to meet a common fate.

CHICAGO RELIEF.

The Ways and Means Committee today agreed to hear arguments on the Chicago Relief bill on Wednesday. They will give an hour to the Michigan delegation to oppose it, and half an hour to Gen. LOGAN, Gen. BEVERIDGE, and Hon. C. B. FARWELL, of the Illinois delegation, to advocate it. The bill will probably be reported on Thursday.

NEW-ENGLAND REPUBLICANS CONFIDENT.

Judge MERCUR, of Pennsylvania, who has just returned from a business visit to New-England, reports that on every hand the republicans are in excellent spirits, wide awake to pending issues, confident of successful results, loyal to party, and holding all Cincinnati Convention and other sorehead movements in contempt.

A QUIET DAY IN THE HOUSE.

The House did not assume the turbulent mood today that was expected, because nearly all the schemes that were set for action failed to come to the surface. Iron and tobacco were kept back, and the only thing of moment that was proposed under suspension of the rules was the Baltimore and Potomac Depot bill, which did not go through for lack of the requisite two-thirds. The Soldiers' Homestead bill from the Senate was passed from the Speaker's table, while the fragment of the morning hour that remained after the call of the States was blockaded by Mr. FRYE's Civil Rights bill, which stands athwart the threshold of legislation, and while filibustered regularly itself over every Monday morning hour by the Democrats, stands as a bar to all schemes and propositions which might otherwise be put forward; and, as Monday is generally apt to be a mischievous day, the House, to get beyond the reach of temptation, adjourned before 4 o'clock.

THE PUBLIC PRINTING.

The Joint Committee on Printing has agreed to a compromise to the amendment put on the bill to pay the *Globe* for printing the debates for the Forty-second Congress. It provides that the Committee shall advertise for four weeks in one newspaper in each of the cities of Washington, Philadelphia, New-York, Boston, Chicago, Cincinnati, Louisville, St. Louis, and San Francisco, for proposals for reporting and printing separately and together the debates of the Forty-third, Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth Congresses, and to report to Congress all such proposals at the earliest practicable day, and also, to have prepared and submitted estimates for the cost of the work by the Congressional Printer, the whole to be submitted to Congress with the recommendations of the Joint Committee on Printing.

LOUISIANA FOR GRANT.

A large delegation of Louisiana politicians arrived here today. Lieut.-Gov. PINCHBECK is among them, and is very earnest in advocating the renomination of Gen. GRANT. As many of the remainder of the delegation as alluded to the Presidential topic were equally pronounced in favor of the Administration. They represent that, in spite of the sensational stories to the contrary, the Louisiana Republicans, of whatever local political stripe, are almost a unit for Gen. GRANT.

THE JAPANESE AT THE SIGNAL OFFICE.

Brig.-Gen. YAMADA, Col. KIDO, and a number of secretaries and interpreters of the Japanese Embassy visited the Signal Office at 10½ o'clock on Saturday evening last, to witness the practical operations of the Weather Bureau. They were received by Gen MYERS and his assistants, Col. MALLERY, and Lieuts. CRAIG, JACKSON and GREELY. There was first explained to them the manner of getting the reports together in the Washington office; how each observer was reading his instruments at the same moment at every station in the United States and Canada; that the observations were all transmitted to the Chief Signal Office by telegraph, in the form of a cipher; that each message was delivered to the telegraph operator at a fixed time—the operator sending it to Washington through circuits especially arranged for the weather reports, the reports being "dropped" at the different stations on the line of the circuit, so that each observer at each station a few minutes after delivering his own report was receiving the reports from the other stations. At exactly 11:35 P. M. they were taken to the observatory, where the Washington observer was at that moment making what is generally known as the midnight observation, they accompanying him to each instrument, noting particularly the manner of making the different corrections, and then reducing the result to the cipher to be transmitted by telegraph. From this they went to the telegraph room and saw the report delivered to the operator and sent. Then the reports began coming in; first from the southern stations, then from the north-eastern stations, and then from the west, following so closely one station upon another, that the time between each was hardly distinguishable, as each report was received the name of the station was read to them, and when told at one moment that the weather was pleasant at one distant place, and at the next, as a report from another station at a great distance from the first came in, that a heavy storm of snow prevailed, their surprise seemed to be unbounded. While the reports were coming in they were shown by the observer the manner of translating them, and of writing a number at once in the bulletins by means of the manifold process. Thence they were taken to Lieut. CRAIG's room to see the manner of charting the reports from each station as delivered from the telegraph operator, including the drawing of the isobarometric lines, their comparison with the former reports and the process of deducing the "probabilities;" from this they returned to the press-room, where at 1¾ A. M., one hour and forty-five minutes from the time the reports began coming in they were each presented with maps showing the state of the weather all over the United States with the "probabilities" of the weather for Sunday.

THE MILITARY POST TRADERS.

The Secretary of the Treasury will soon issue an order requiring military post-traders to reside at or near the posts to which they may be appointed; also, requiring fair and reasonable prices for their goods to be fixed by the council of administration of the post, and prohibiting the assignment or subletting of their privileges by traders, and giving an appeal to the War Department in cases where they consider themselves aggrieved by the action of the military authorities.

APPOINTMENTS CONFIRMED.

The Senate, in Executive Session today, confirmed the following nominations: Ex-Gov. FRANCIS THOMAS, of Maryland, to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Peru, vice THOMAS SETTLE, resigned; —— WILSON, of Pennsylvania, Consul at Dublin, vice EDWARD NEILL, resigned.

THE SALES OF ARMS.

De Chambrun as a Prosecuting Attorney for Schurz—He Visits New-York in Search of Evidence to Criminate Our Government.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—The arms investigation in the Senate today was quite a busy affair, no less than six different witnesses being on the stand during the session. First Mr. SIMONTON, General Agent of the Associated Press, explained how he came into possession of the cable telegram of Feb. 9, on which Mr. SUMNER's resolution was based. It was received by the London agent of the Associated Press, who received it from REUTER's agency, to whom it was transmitted from Paris. The necessary inquiry to establish its origin is being made by Mr. SIMONTON, and, when ascertained, he will apprise the Committee. Three witnesses, who had been subpœnaed at the instance of Mr. SCHURZ, were then sworn in succession. They were Mr. W. J. LITTLEJOHN, who in November and December, 1870, was in the employ of VICTOR PLACE's go-between, M. CHEVITEAUX, and is now chief clerk for SCHUYLER, HARTLEY & GRAHAM; Capt. PRENTICE, who was first officer of the steamship *Ontario* at that time, and SIDNEY STARBUCK, who was a clerk on the dock in the employ of the purchasers of arms, and gave receipts for arms delivered. These witnesses were summoned to show that the arms were delivered direct from the lighters which brough them from the Government storehouses to the ships that took them to France, but their testimony failed to establish that this was done by any prearrangement with the Ordnance Bureau, or with the knowledge of the Government, and fully coincided with the testimony given by Mr. McGOWAN, chief clerk to Col. CRISPIN, and Messrs. HALL and RILEY, who attended to the delivery. Any arrangement by which goods were delivered on board any vessel was between the purchasers and the lightermen, in which the ordnance agency had no concern; but the most important fact brought out by these witnesses is, that CHAMBRUN, the attorney of the French Legation, and confidant of SCHURZ, has, since the investigation was ordered, been to New-York, hunting up evidence for SCHURZ, and that he had a conference at the office of CHEVITEAUX, the go-between, when LITTLEJOHN, PRENTICE and STARBUCK were sent for and questioned as to what they could testify to. It will be remembered that SCHURZ, on Friday, refused to disclose the names of the parties who furnished him the names of witnesses. Here we have CHAMBRUN hunting up witnesses, and SCHURZ furnishing their names to be summoned. CHAMBURN's conduct grows worse and worse. His friends have not been willing heretofore to believe that he cared to do more than to find out who participated with his friend, VICTOR PLACE, in cheating the French Government; but now it is disclosed that he is zealously endeavoring to show that what SCHURZ charges was done by the Government to aid his own people, was, after all, a violation of neutrality for which it deserves condemnation.

This is the testimony of the witness LITTLEJOHN as to this part of the affair:

By the CHAIRMAN—Question.—Have yourself and Mr. STARBUCK, and Mr. PRENTICE, or any two of you, or all three together, had interviews in reference to this matter within the last month? Answer.—Mr. PRENTICE came to SCHUYLER, HARTLEY & GRAHAM's, (Mr. HARTLEY has an interest in a steamer of which Mr. PRENTICE is Captain,) and Mr. CHURCH requested him to ask me to call down at the office, which I did; the next thing I knew was that, on Saturday, he came in and told me he had been subpœnaed; that was at No. 19 Maiden-lane, SCHUYLER, HARTLEY & GRAHAM's.

Q.—You and Mr. PRENTICE were there? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—Who else were present? A.—No one except the clerks of the house and Mr. HARTLEY was there.

Q.—Have you had any interview with the Marquis DE CHAMBRUN in New-York? A.—I met him at Mr. CHEVITEAUX's office two weeks ago.

By Mr. SCHURZ—Q.—Can you give the precise date? A.—I cannot.

By the CHAIRMAN—Q.—Who was present at that time? A.—Mr. CHURCH, myself and this French gentleman, and Mr. STARBUCK were there.

Q.—What took place at that interview between you and CHAMBRUN? A.—Mr. CHURCH asked me to give a description of how the shipping of these arms was done.

By Mr. SCHURZ—Q.—Who asked you; Mr. CHURCH? A.—Mr. CHURCH asked me.

By Mr. CARPENTER—Q.—Who is Mr. CHURCH? A.—Mr. CHEVITEAUX's book-keeper.

By the CHAIRMAN—Q.—What conversation had you with CHAMBRUN at that interview? A.—He asked me several questions about the shipping of arms.

Q.—He appeared to be interested in the matter and wanted to know what you would testify? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—Was that or not an interview for the purpose of ascertaining on the part of Mr. CHAMBRUN what he could learn; was not that the object? A.—He did not state what his object was at all.

Q.—He put questions to you for the purpose of ascertaining what you did know? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—You were invited there for that purpose? A.—I suppose so; Mr. CHURCH sent up to the office and asked me to come down.

THE TREASURY.

Report of the Committee to Examine the Office of the United States Treasurer.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—The Secretary of the Treasury, today, transmitted to the House of Representatives the Report of the Committee appointed to examine the office of the Treasurer of the United States. He says the Committee consisted of five gentlemen connected with the Treasury Department and two bankers, well-known to the public. The report shows that a very thorough examination of the Treasurer's office was made, and its condition is, in the most essential particulars, satisfactory. The Secretary of the Treasury then proceeds to explain several deficiencies in the Treasurer's accounts arising from the defalcations of the two clerks, JOHNSON and MARDEN, aggregating $49,000, and a further deficiency of $11,500 not recovered from a package of $40,000 stolen from the division of issue about two years ago, with other discrepancies to the amount of $406 arising from the loss of coupons, &c., from all of which he thinks the Treasurer should be relieved by act of Congress. He continues: With the exceptions mentioned, and the several cash items hereinafter referred to as rejected by the Controller, the cash and cash assets correspond in amount to the aggregate represented by the books of the office. It appears, however, that there is a deficiency of coin, as called for by the books, of $653,373 63. This is represented by an excess of currency of $629,467 28, and by the deficiencies before mentioned, with the exception of that arising from the dishonesty of JOHNSON. The explanation of this excess of currency and the deficiency of coins, may be found in document number three accompanying the report of the Committee, which shows that the difference is not the result of dishonesty but of an erroneous classification of entries in the books of the office. The cash items referred to as rejected by the Controller, are explained to consist of defaced, defective, and partially burned notes and securities paid by the interest teller, some by order of Secretary BOUTWELL, and some by order of his predecessors. Part of the funds of the box of miscellaneous contents enumerated among the assets of the office also consist of similar defective securities and notes; and the Secretary recommends that Congress give relief to the Treasurer by allowing these discrepancies in the accounts to be closed. He also recommends that authority be given to the Secretary of the Treasury to sell or distribute properly such articles among the forty-one special deposits now in charge of the Treasurer as may be valuable, subject to any valid claim that may hereafter be made, and to destroy such of them as may be worthless. The Secretary's letter concludes as follows: "Upon the whole, the result reached by the Committee is such as to justify the expression of the opinion that the business of the Treasury has been well conducted, and that the losses in the aggregate are very insignificant as compared with the transactions of the office."

THE NAVY DEPARTMENT.

Mr. Voorhees Declines to Serve on the Investigating Committee—Witnesses Present.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—The House Special Committee to investigate the charges of irregularities in the Navy Department, met this evening at the Capitol. Mr. BLAIR, of Michigan, Chairman, read a letter from Mr. VOORHEES, in which that gentleman stated that as he was engaged in important law suits in Indiana, he would not be able to attend to his duties as a member of the Committee, and therefore he had declined serving in order that the vacancy may be filled to-morrow by the Speaker. On the motion of Mr. SARGENT the Committee adjourned until Tuesday evening. The Chairman said he expected at that time to see present the gentlemen who were now here. Secretary ROBESON occupied a seat on one side of the table and CHARLES A. DANA and his Counsel, WILLARD BARTLETT, seats on the other. These gentlemen had several large volumes of public documents with them, and there were present as witnesses: Dr. BROADHEAD, Second Controller of the Treasury; J. W. KING, Chief of the Bureau of Steam Engineering; Dr. WOOD, Medical Director of the Navy; JOHN LENTHAL, Naval Constructor; HUGH A. GOLDSBOROUGH, Chief Clerk of the Bureau of Repairs, and W. H. H. SMITH, Chief Clerk of the Bureau of Steam Engineering. Mr. BARTLETT made an inquiry about certain papers, when Mr. BLAIR responded that a letter had been addressed to the Navy Department asking for them.

Mr. BARTLETT said he would like to have Admiral PORTER summoned, and a subpœna was ordered to be issued. The Chairman remarked that they would not be able to examine more than two or three witnesses an evening.

THE WEATHER.

Synopsis and Probabilities.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 26—1 A. M.—Falling barometer has extended from the Mississippi Valley to the Atlantic coast, with easterly to southerly winds, and rising temperature. An area of rain has extended from the Gulf and Lower Mississippi to Southern Michigan, and eastward over the South Atlantic and Middle States, partly as snow, along Lake Ontario. Rising barometer, north-easterly winds, and clearing weather have extended eastward to Michigan, the Ohio Valley, and Arkansas.

PROBABILITIES.

The area of rain and snow will extend eastward over the New-England States by and on Tuesday morning. Rising barometer, falling temperature, north-westerly winds and clearing weather will prevail north and west of the Ohio Valley, and extend to Western Pennsylvania and over the Southern States, except along the immediate coast, by Tuesday morning, and over the New-England States during Tuesday night. Dangerous winds are not anticipated for the Atlantic and Gulf coasts.

Notice to the Gas Companies.

Commissioner VAN NORT has transmitted to the various Presidents of gas companies the following communication:

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS,
COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE, NO. 237 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK, March 18, 1872.

SIR: I have the honor to submit to your attention the "City Ordinance" relating to breaking pavements by gas companies, chap. 14, sec. 8, as follows:

"It shall not be lawful for either of the gas companies of this City to break up any of the pavement of this City without the permission of the Commissioner of Public Works, and such consent shall not be given until the party applying therefor shall enter into a stipulation satisfactory to said Commissioner to repair and replace the said pavement to the satisfaction of the said Commissioner, at his and their own expense, by a day to be named in such permit, and if any person or persons shall neglect or refuse to repair or replace the same in accordance with such stipulations and permit, they shall forfeit and pay for each offense the sum of $50, and in addition thereto shall be liable to pay the expense of repairing and replacing such pavement, and which shall be done by and under direction of the Water Purveyor."

I would respectfully request that, in compliance with the above-quoted section of the ordinance, that permission be obtained from the Commissioner of Public Works for making street-openings for laying gas-pipes under a general provision that the company report weekly all such openings, and agree to relay the pavement in such manner as shall stand for six months in as good order as before such openings were made. Respectfully,

GEORGE M. VAN NORT,
Commissioner of Public Works.

BY MAIL AND TELEGRAPH.

Admiral INGLEFIELD has arrived at Havana.

This being Holy Week, business is generally suspended in Havana.

Prince BISMARCK has gone to his estate at Varsin for a week.

Three men were injured, yesterday, in Poughkeepsie, by nitro-glycerine.

The United States survey steamer *Bache* has sailed from Havana for Key West.

Hon. HENRY T. BLOW is presented for Vice-President by some of the Missouri Republicans.

The Mississippi Republican State Convention is to be held in Jackson, on Wednesday, May 1.

WILLIAM CRIPPEN's machine-shop, in Manistee, Mich., was burned on Sunday night. Loss, $12,000.

CHRISTOPHER C. COOPER was shot and killed, on Sunday night, in a saloon in Eureka, Mo., near St. Louis.

The British and American Claims Commission met in Washington, yesterday, and adjourned until Thursday next.

The *Missouri Democrat* will appear today under the style of the *Democrat* Company enlarged to a ten-column paper.

A severe snow-storm occurred at Eastport, Me., on Sunday. There were no services in the churches in consequence.

Three stores were burned, and other buildings damaged, in Paris, Ky., on Sunday. Among the latter was the Bourbon House.

In New-Brunswick the railroads are blockaded with snow, and the mails are carried by stages.

A convention of three persons in Roane County, Tennessee, last week, elected two delegates to the Cincinnati Convention.

The printers of Toronto are on a strike for higher wages. Employers and employed seem equally determined not to yield.

The Japanese visited the Philadelphia Mint, yesterday, and afterward went to the farm of Mr. MASSEY to look at some fine cattle.

CARL APPLE, a youth of nineteen, was found drowned, yesterday, at Philadelphia. He is supposed to have committed suicide.

The Supreme Court has denied the writ of mandamus to compel the Secretary of the Treasury to pay the Kentucky war claims.

Col. HOLMES COLBERT, representative of the Chickasaw Nation of Indians, died in Washington on Sunday of typhoid pneumonia.

W. C. TILDEN, Professor of Chemistry in Georgetown College, has been elected Professor of Chemistry in Harvard University.

ABRAHAM S. DUBOIS, a wealthy farmer of Lloyd, N. Y., aged sixty, fell from a load of hay, on Saturday, and broke his neck.

The Chicago *Tribune* feels quite sure that Hon. JAMES F. WILSON will be nominated for Vice-President by the Philadelphia Convention.

The St. Louis *Democrat* thinks Senator HENRY WILSON, of Massachusetts, will be nominated for Vice-President on the Grant ticket.

JAMES FERGUSON, seaman, of Eastport, Me., was lost overboard from the schooner *Emma Day*, on the passage from New-York to that port.

ELLARD PARK, a bank teller at San Jose, Cal., committed suicide yesterday by shooting himself; his body falling into the Guadaloupe River.

Newburg, N. Y., is excited over the small-pox, but the Health Officer says there have been no cases of genuine small-pox, and only three of varioloid.

The Havana *Diario* says the insurgent leader CARLOS GARCIA has abandoned the jurisdiction of Guanajay and gone to the jurisdiction of San Antonio.

JOHN BOSTON, formerly of Kennebec, and recently from Fall River, committed suicide in Saco, Me., yesterday noon, by cutting his throat.

The armor-plated ram *Thunderer*, a turret vessel with four guns, each weighing thirty-five tons, was launched yesterday at Pembroke, England.

JOHN W. PERKINS, a leading merchant of Lewiston, Me., and a representative in the last Legislature from Auburn, died yesterday morning.

Some of the South Carolina democrats are ungratefully complaining of mismanagement on the part of Messrs. STANBERY and JOHNSON in the Kuklux trials.

A meeting is to be held in Cincinnati to denounce what is there called the unjust taxation and petty annoyance of commercial travelers in the State of Kentucky.

It is stated that Prince FREDERICK CHARLES of Prussia recently examined the Italian Army system, and advised the reorganization on the Prussian plan.

The Spanish Ministerial Party count on the choice of 150 Unionists and 170 Sagasta Progessists to the lower branch of the Cortes in the approaching election.

S. A. AVERY, a commercial traveler for B. W. CONANT, a fancy-goods dealer, of Boston, committed suicide Sunday night, with laudanum, at the Preble House, Portland.

The case of the State of Missouri, respondent, vs. The Missouri State Lottery, appellant, was decided by the State Supreme Court, yesterday, in favor of appellant.

The *Inter-Ocean* appeared in Chicago, yesterday, in place of the *Republican*. Hon. J. YOUNG SCAMMON assuming the responsibility of its management. It will be a GRANT organ.

CHARLES F. WILLENBURG, formerly editor of the Galena (Ill.) *Correspondent*, and more recently of the Terra Haute *Büerger Zeitung*, died in the latter city yesterday, aged seventy-three.

GEORGE H. FOLEY, who absconded some months ago from the employment of CROSBY, MORSE & CO., jewelers, of Boston, with $7,000 worth of their goods, has been arrested in St. Louis.

JOHN ALBERT BRIGHT, son of the distinguished statesman, JOHN BRIGHT, was on the floor of the House of Representatives, yesterday, and was introduced to the Speaker and many members of the House.

The southern-bound train on the Mobile and New-Orleans Railroad was wrecked, yesterday, by a culvert giving way near Ocean Springs. Several passengers were severely injured.

Judge ABELL, of New-Orleans, yesterday, sentenced JAMES H. HENRY, a Deputy Constable, to three years in the Penitentiary for the embezzlement of $48 intrusted to him by a lady to pay her taxes.

One branch of the Michigan Legislature has voted in favor of the Niagara ship canal project, and the Detroit *Tribune* says the vote is a good reflex of the sentiment of the State on the matter.

Opposition to the cession of Goat Island has taken the form of resolutions, reported in the California Assembly, and the Governor has vetoed a bill granting adjacent plots for a terminal railroad depot.

On Sunday week Rev. FRANCIS VINTON, D. D., of New-York, preached in Christ Church Cathedral, Nassau, N. P. Last Sunday forenoon Rev. W. P. WATKINS, of Brooklyn preached in the same place.

Capt. J. B. CREIGHTON has been ordered to duty with Rear-Admiral STRINGHAM, at New-York; Lieut. J. F. MEIGGS, to League Island, Penn.; Chaplain H. B. HIBBEN, to the receiving-ship *Vermont*.

A Michigan paper reports that an inventive genius in that State has devised an eight-legged steam walking-machine that can hitch on and walk off with any amount of tonnage that wheels will roll.

It is reported that MEKEE and HORNER, late of the *Missouri Democrat*, will issue a new paper, probably within a week, and that the *Staats Zeitung*, a Republican German paper in St. Louis, is to be purchased to secure Associated Press reports.

The house of SANDY CLAYTON, in Lawrence, Kansas, was burned March 21, and CLAYTON and his three sons perished in the flames. Mrs. CLAYTON and her infant were seriously burned. The mother will probably die of her injuries.

By the passage of a law in Illinois, "to secure all persons freedom in the selection of an occupation, profession or employment," women can be elected or appointed to any office, and may practice as lawyers. The law goes into effect July 1.

There were three distinct shocks of earthquake in San Francisco between the hours of 8 and 9½ on Friday evening, March 15. The last was so severe as to make shutters rattle, and cause some people to start with precipitation for the streets.

The National Executive Democratic Committee will hold a meeting in Washington, early in May, after the meeting of the "Soreheads," at Cincinnati, to fix the time and place for the holding of the National Democratic Convention—which, it is supposed, will be the 4th of July, and St. Louis.

Rev. E. C. JONES, of Southington, Conn., was vaccinated the other day, and soon after attended a funeral, standing over the grave nearly an hour while it was being enlarged. Thus exposed, he took cold in the arm, and it swelled to an enormous size, and mortification apparently setting in, caused his death.

The new Wagner drawing-room-car, "Dutchess," was burned yesterday. It was on a side track at Poughkeepsie, and the fire caught from the stove. The loss is $16,000; uninsured.

Hon. A. J. RANSIER, the colored Lieutenant-Governor of South Carolina, has written a letter to Lieut.-Gov. PINCHBACK, of Louisiana, in which he condemns the Cincinnati movement, and says that the Philadelphia Convention is the place where the nomination of President GRANT should be opposed, if anywhere. He adds that while the colored population almost idolize CHARLES SUMNER, he is confident that they will support, *en masse*, the nominees of the Philadelphia Convention, whoever they may be.

MEXICO.

A Death-Blow to the Revolution—Industry and Trade at a Stand-Still—Mr. Bryant at the Capital.

CITY OF MEXICO, March 15, via HAVANA, March 25.—The Government forces are triumphing over the revolutionists. Gen. ROCHA has driven them out of the cities of Aguascalientes, Lagos and Zacatecas, and relieved the troops at San Luis Potosi. In a battle on the 2d, Gen. ROCHA, with 6,000 troops, defeated the united revolutionary forces, numbering 9,000 men, killing and wounding 700, and capturing 7,000 men, and all their artillery, except three guns. The revolutionists retreated toward Fresnillo and XEREZ pursued by Gen. ROCHA. Gen. ROCHA's victory is a death-blow to revolutionary prospects, but anarchy will prevail for a long time. There is nothing doing in domestic industries, and trade in foreign goods is slight. Gen. NEGRETE, with 1,600 men, keeps the States of Puebla, Hidalgo, and Tiascala in constant alarm by his acts of vandalism. He avoids open engagements, and with his troops attacks defenseless towns, haciendas and railroad trains. On the 3d he attackd a working party on the Apizaco Railroad, robbing the paymaster, employes and laborers, and returned on the 4th and kidnapped JOHN QUINN, the Superintendent. On the 8th and 9th he attacked several pulque-trains, destroying the freight. Gen. ROCHA is accused of shooting a number of prisoners. President JUAREZ receives the congratulations of the Press at the capital. With the exception of the *Ferrocurrel* all the newspapers express the belief that the revolution is a failure, although they differ as to the policy of the Government.

WILLIAM C. BRYANT and WILLIAM H. HURLBERT have received many honors and ovations at the capital from various associations. They leave for Vera Cruz on the 20th, the Government furnishing a special escort of 100 men.

Martial law exists in twelve States.

ALBANY.

An Evening Session of Both Houses Yesterday.

ALBANY, March 25.—Both branches of the Legislature met this evening.

MILITIAMEN AND JURY DUTY.

A bill was reported in the Senate to repeal the act of 1871 exempting officers and privates of the National Guard from jury duty and $500 taxation.

THIRD READINGS.

The following bills were ordered to a third reading in the Senate: The bill to regulate places of public amusement; it was designed to prohibit waiter-girl saloons, but the Committee of the Whole struck out about all the prohibitions. The bill to hold County Treasurers to a more rigid accountability, and the bill to allow railroad companies to be formed by less than twenty-five persons.

SENATOR WOOD'S CASE.

Mr. CHATFIELD called from the Senate table his resolution to expel Senator JAMES WOOD, and it was made the special order for Thursday next at 12 o'clock.

PRAYER BY A COLORED MINISTER.

In the House this evening the prayer was made by Rev. Mr. RHODES, (colored,) being the first time in the history of the State a prayer was made by a colored man in Assembly.

BUSINESS IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

The House in Committee disposed of the following bills as stated:

To protect tax-payers against frauds and wrongful acts of public officers. Ordered to a third reading.

Providing for the dissolution of religious societies and the disposal of the proceeds of the sale of the property of the same. (The City and County of New-York were excepted from the provisions of the bill.) Third reading.

To encourage the establishment of manufactures in Poughkeepsie by exempting them from taxation for five years. The city of Hudson was included, and then on motion of Mr. ALVORD all the manufactures of the State were included. Progress was then reported.

To extend the time to complete the Erie and New-York City Railroad. Third reading.

Making appropriations to pay the principal and interest of the Canal debt. Third reading.

Releasing the interest of the State in certain lands in the City of New-York to the Five Points House of Industry. Third reading.

To improve the Hudson River between Troy and Coxsackie, and appropriating $50,000 therefor. Third reading.

Making appropriations for new work and repairs on the canals. Third reading.

Allowing the West Shore Land and Improvement Company to increase their capital stock. Third reading.

New-Jersey Legislature—Message from the Governor.

TRENTON, N. J., March 25.—In the House, today, the following bills were introduced:

For a free bridge over the Raritan at New-Brunswick; to require a surveyor's chain to be kept in each County Clerk's office as a standard measurement for surveyors; to require persons, to sell malt liquors, to take out a license in the same manner as inns and taverns.

The Governor sent in a message in which he states that he cannot sign any bill in which Commissioners are to lay out and improve roads, avenues and streets, unless the people in the particular localities have a choice in their selection. The Governor thinks it proper and just to the friends of such bills to make known these views while there is opportunity to amend them in the particular herein stated.

The Governor does not intend to sign any bill appointing Commissioners to regulate municipal affairs. He thinks the people ought to have the exclusive right to control their own affairs. Nothing special was done in the Senate today. A large number of private bills were acted upon.

A Negro Robber and Murderer Lynched in Tennessee.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., March 25.—On Sunday morning a negro named DAVID JONES robbed the house of a farmer named MURRAY, and when the latter offered resistance the negro shot him dead. The murderer was arrested and lodged in jail, but at 9 o'clock to-night an infuriated mob broke open the prison and took him out. After shooting him twice they put a rope round his neck, and, having dragged him to the public square, hung him on a lamp-post. Six policemen came to the rescue and cut him down, keeping the crowd off with their revolvers, and carried him to the Police Station, but he is fatally wounded, and will probably not live through the night. The crowd has now dispersed and all is quiet. Two companies of military are on the ground.

A Day's Casualties in the Coal-Mines.

SCRANTON Penn., March 25.—MICHAEL CARROLL, a laborer employed in the Dodge shaft, was killed by a fall of top coal, this morning. He leaves a wife and five children.

PATRICK FENERTY was killed, and STEPHEN FENERTY, his brother, was severely injured, by a premature explosion at Gipsey Grove Colliery, today. PATRICK was in the act of charging for a blast when the explosion took place, injuring him so severely that he died before reaching his home. His brother STEPHEN, who was close by, was also seriously injured.

A driver by the name of MAYHARDT, aged about fourteen years, was instantly killed today at the Laurel Run Works, of the Glenwood Coal Company. He was sitting on a car, driving it up a run, when, in leaning over, he lost his balance and fell to the ground, breaking his neck.

A miner, name unknown, was severely burned today by an explosion of gas at Stark's Colliery, Pleasant Valley.

The Coming Fellowship Election at Yale College.

In view of the proposed changes in the management of Yale College, in allowing a representation of the Alumni to form a part of the corporation, a notice has been issued to all graduates of the University, and to others having received such degrees as may entitle them to vote, to send, over their signatures, to the Secretary of the College, the names of six persons whom they may desire to nominate as Fellows, to be voted for at the election which takes place at the next annual Commencement. Of the candidates thus nominated, the names of those proposed by twenty-five electors will be subsequently announced. Eligibility to vote, or to be voted for, consists in having been five years graduated as Bachelors in any of the departments of the College, or in having been admitted to any higher degree in the University, either honorary or in course.

LOUISIANA POLITICS.

Address of the Warmoth Republican State Central Committee.

The Warmoth Republican State Central Committee of Louisiana have called a State Convention to meet in New-Orleans on Thursday, May 2, to nominate State officers and select delegates to the National Convention. The call is accompanied by the following address:

To the Republicans of the State of Louisiana:

The Republican State Central Committee having, in the discharge of the duties imposed upon it by the last State Convention, arrived at the regular period which has been set apart by the usages of the party for its State Conventions, and having authorized its President to issue the usual call, therefore deem the occasion suitable to address these brief remarks upon the political situation to their fellow Republicans. The quadrennial election for a President of the United States occurs this year. The election of this high officer of the Republic, whose character and political views are so important, especially to the Republicans of the South, and whose selection almost decides our political fate for the next four years, and, perhaps, the whole future, makes this election one of the deepest and most vital interest to all our people. We feel that we speak their unanimous sentiment when we invite them to respond to the call of the National Republican Committee, and advise them to send our best representative men to the Philadelphia Convention, to help in selecting a tried, true and unflinching Republican to be our next President. Our State election is also of the greatest importance. We have to elect a Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor of Public Accounts, Superintendent of Public Education, Attorney-General, a new General Assembly, and Representatives in Congress. In fact, this election is to determine a question still more important to us than who shall be the next President. It is to determine for the next four years whether the State Government shall be Republican or Democratic; in favor of equal rights or against them; in favor of progress, education and improvement for all people, black as well as white, or in favor only of white progress, education and improvement, and opposed to equal advantages for the black people; whether we shall retain all that we have won and go forward, or whether we shall lose all and go back to where we were at the close of the war. We wish plainly and distinctly to understand the fact that all parties opposed to the Republican Party, whether under the name of Democrats, Reformers, People's Party, or any other title whatever, are simply the old Democratic Party under a new name, and have for their object but one thing, that is to throw the State Government out of the control of the Republican Party and into the hands of their enemies. Our people will also see that to defeat the strong and determined efforts of the enemy to again get control of the State, one thing is the great essential, that all Republicans shall be united and work together. If we do this, victory is certain. To this end, we cordially invite all true and earnest Republicans, without regard to past differences, to unite in this Convention and to nominate such a ticket and adopt such a platform as will command the respect and support of the whole people. All good Republicans also desire that our party shall, as we are assured it will, declare itself decidedly, distinctly and definitely in favor of retrenchment, reform, reduction of taxes and the removal of all unnecessary burdens on commerce and trade, and in favor of equal and just legislation for all interests and all classes of persons.

By order of the Committee.

P. B. S. PINCHBECK, President.
WILLIAM VIGERS, Recording Secretary State Central Committee.

Henri Rochefort in Captivity.

The *Rappel* publishes a letter addressed by M. HENRI ROCHEFORT to VICTOR HUGO, dated Feb. 27. After congratulating M. HUGO upon the success of *Ruy Blas*, M. ROCHEFORT says:

"I am in the infirmary of the Fort with ASSI (of Creuzot) and PASCHAL GROUSSET, until it has been decided by what anthropophagi we are to be eaten. But as the *Rappel* has reappeared before our disappearance, it will be a great kindness if you will request FRANCOIS VICTOR (HUGO) to send it to me. I received it when in prison at Versailles, and I do not think there would be any difficulty in my receiving it here. We continue to lead in our citadel here the life of a circus-horse. We walk all day round a circular platform, with no other excitement than seeing the weather-cock shifting from south-west to north-west. However, today we have been fearfully excited. Four soldiers fell into the sea, and would probably have all been drowned if two convicts had not, at the first alarm, rushed in at the risk of being swallowed up in the heavy surf, and succeeded in rescuing one of them. The most curious fact is, that it was precisely the two men who were first sentenced to death, VIEL and GENTELET, who, like the great criminals that they are, did not hesitate to risk their lives to rescue soldiers who had been set to guard them. All the right-principled newspapers will, of course, point out the detestable conduct of these communards. I may add that the Sub-Lieutenant in command of the party also leaped into the waves to assist in saving his men, but unfortunately two of them are still in the open sea. I beg of you to send me news of everybody. Embrace my godson and his sister, whom I shall find a young woman in some fifteen years' time when I return from the Pampas, and tell your family to embrace yourself for me."

Annual Meeting of the New-York City Church Extension and Missionary Society of the M. E. Church.

The sixth annual meeting of the New-York City Church Extension and Missionary Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church was held last evening at the Washington-square M. E. Church, Mr. C. H. APPLEGATE presiding. Mr. ROBERT R. SINCLAIR, Corresponding Secretary, read the annual report. The Society, he said, was now in possession of property, real and personal, to the amount of $197,000; had under its missionary care fourteen organized churches, containing 979 members—an increase of 335 during the past year. It had under its supervision thirteen Sunday-schools, registering 241 officers and teachers and 2,385 scholars. The libraries included 3,588 volumes, an increase of 768 during the year. The missionary labors in general, as shown by statistics, were extremely large, and involved an outlay of $55,000. The Treasurer's report showed a light amount to the credit of the Society.

Rev. J. P. NEWMAN, D. D., delivered a very eloquent address on the general prevalence of crime in large cities, and instanced the condition of the City of New-York as an evidence of the truth of his assertion. The failure of Christianity in the endeavor to uproot evil in our midst was no argument against its Divine origin. It was attributable to its secondary agencies, the misrule of our office-holders and the apathy and indifference of our men of wealth. In forcible terms he denounced the conduct of the upper classes of our citizens—the aristocrats of New-York—in refraining from participation in political strife, for to this fact might be attributed the disgrace of being ruled by thieves and robbers educated in the gin-shops of the slums of the City. Nothing was too mean for a man to undertake in the discharge of his duty, and he would willingly go to hell itself to serve a holy purpose. He asserted that if the educated, the intelligent and respectable classes of the community kept aloof from the field of politics, national disgrace and misery would be inevitable, and he only was a true citizen and Christian who properly performed the duties appertaining to each.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, John B. Cornell; First Vice-President, George J. Hamilton; Second Vice-President, Orange Judd; Third Vice-President, John C. Havemeyer; Treasurer, William N. Peyton; Corresponding Secretary, Bowles Colgate; Recording Secretary, James K. Pelton. The meeting then adjourned.

Personal.

Gen. N. B. Forrest, of Memphis, and Gen. Geo. H. Hall, of St. Joseph, Mo., are at the St. Nicholas Hotel. Major J. W. Cooper, of Buffalo, and Judge E. F. Johnson, of Middletown, are at the Sturtevant House. Ex-Congressman Thos. H. Canfield, of Vermont, J. Condit Smith, of Buffalo, and Gen. Geo. A. Sheridan, of New-Orleans, are at the Fifth-Avenue Hotel. Major W. J. Twining, of West Point, and Col. J. N. Wheelan, of the United States Army, are at the Glenham Hotel. Capt. E. H. Moodie, of the steam-ship *Cuba*, and Charles E. Stevens, of Philadelphia, are at the New-York Hotel. Gen. M. V. McMahon, of Texas, and A. Shaw, of Baltimore, are at the Metropolitan Hotel. E. Glaskin, of London, England; Rev. Dr. J. Baird, of Virginia; Gen. S. Adams, of the United States Army, and G. L. Palmer, of the United States Navy, are at the Grand Central Hotel. Hon. Benj. F. Butler, of Massachusetts; Ex-Gov. R. M. Price, of New-Jersey; Hon. J. M. Ashley of Ohio; Hon. James Nye and J. Bailey, of Washington, are at the Astor House. Ex-Gov. W. B. Lawrence, of Rhode Island, is at the Brevoort House. Geo. Smith, of London, and Lieut.-Gov. Fabius C. Pound, of Wisconsin, are at the Hoffman House. Gen. P. C. Rust, of New-York, is at the St. George Hotel. Gen. J. C. Fremont, of Tarrytown, is at the Clarendon Hotel.

CABLE TELEGRAMS.

The Stonewall Damages Case Appealed in France.

Flourishing State of the Finances in Great Britain.

A Postal-Telegraph Surplus Over Expenses and Interest.

The Last Protestant Chapel in Madrid Closed.

Spain Demanding Satisfaction From Venezuela.

DEPREDATIONS OF THE STONEWALL.

The Case of the United States Against Armand, of Bordeaux, Appealed in France.

LONDON, March 25.—A correspondent of the *Pall Mall Gazette* relates the proceedings in the suit of the United States against ARMAND, the shipbuilder of Bordeaux, in 1868, to recover damage for the depredations of the ram *Stonewall*, which escaped from Bordeaux. The case having been decided in favor of the defendants by the Tribunal of the Seine, Mr. WASHBURNE has now carried an appeal to the Court of Cassation.

Career of the Ram.

The ram *Stonewall*, Capt. PAGE, did not appear until early in 1865, and her career was not eventful, owing to the close watch kept on her movements by our cruisers. She was originally built for the Danish Government by ARMAND, but was sold by him to the rebels, who experienced some difficulty in arming her. The English allies of the Confederates, however, came to the rescue, and an armament made in England, and a crew of Englishmen, were transferred to the ram from an English steamer off the coast of France early in January, together with supplies for a cruise. She had two turrets and mounted a 300-pounder rifle and two smaller guns. With her ram, the ease with which she could be managed, and her great speed, made her a formidable antagonist. She arrived at Ferrol, off the coast of Spain, Feb. 4, where she repaired, and the United States steamers *Niagara* and *Sacramento*, which were in pursuit of her, reached the neighboring port of Corunna about the same time. The iron-clad was about a match for both in smooth water, notwithstanding their superiority in numbers and guns, but they would have had some advantage in a sea, and as no occasion offered when both sides would risk an engagement, the watch was kept up until the last of March, when the rebel eluded his watchers, got to sea and put into Lisbon on the 27th, followed by the steamers. She was ordered away by the authorities, while the steamers were prohibited from leaving for twenty-four hours after. The *Stonewall* went to Teneriffe, and thence to Havana, arriving May 11. On the 28th Rear-Admiral GODON entered that harbor with the squadron destined for the Brazil station and several iron-clads. The ram was soon afterward surrendered to the Spanish Government, who immediately placed her at the disposal of the United States.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Mr. Lowe's Budget—Flourishing Condition of the Finances—The Postal Telegraph Paying Expenses.

LONDON, March 25.—The House of Commons to-night went into Committee of Ways and Means, and Right Hon. Mr. LOWE, Chancellor of the Exchequer, submitted the annual Budget. It shows that the estimated total expenditures of the last fiscal year were £72,736,000, while the actual expenditures were £71,720,000. The following items of expenditure fell below the estimates by amounts noted:

Interest and management of the public debt	£70,000
Consolidated fund charges	23,000
Army	255,000
Civil service	595,000
Post-office	24,000
Packet service	9,000
Collection of the revenue	48,000

The only case in which expenditures exceeded estimate was in the navy, where the excess was only £8,000. Thus the actual expenditure for the year fell £1,016,000 below the estimates. The estimated receipts of the last fiscal year from all sources were £72,315,000; the actual receipts were £74,535,000, an increase over the estimates of £2,220,000. This increase came mainly from the customs, excise, stamps and income tax, and is distributed as follows:

Customs	£200,000
Excise	912,000
Stamps	1,000,000
Income tax	250,000

The receipts from the duties on coffee have declined, but there is a great increase in the revenues drawn from tobacco, wine and spirits. The receipts from the Postal Telegraph were £50,000 in excess of the expenses of the service and the payments of interest on stock. The total amount of the Public Debt is stated at £792,740,000. The total receipts for the financial year 1872-73, are estimated at £74,915,000, including from:

Customs	£20,250,000
Excise	23,250,000
Stamps	10,000,000
Assessed taxes	2,250,000
Income tax	10,000,000
Post-office	4,750,000
Postal telegraph	750,000
Crown lands	400,000
Miscellaneous	3,250,000

The total expenditures for the same year are estimated at £71,313,000, including:

Interest and management of the debt	£26,250,000
Consolidated fund charges	2,000,000
Army	15,000,000
Navy	9,500,000
Civil service	10,500,000
Collection of revenue	2,500,000
Post-office	2,500,000
Postal telegraph	500,000
Abolition of purchase	1,000,000
Packet service	1,000,000

The speech in which Mr. LOWE presented the details of the Budget was favorably received by the House, and was greeted with cheers at the close. Mr. LOWE recommended that the duties on coffee and chicory be reduced fifty per cent., and that two pence in the pound be taken off the Income tax; but these reductions, he admitted, would oblige him to lower his estimate of the total revenue. He closed with a motion for the immediate reduction of the duties on coffee and chicory.

The Marquis of LANSDOWNE, one of the junior Lords of the Treasury, will probably succeed Lord NORTHBROOK as Under-Secretary of War.

SPAIN.

A Demand on Venezuela for Satisfaction—The Internationals.

MADRID, March 25.—It is reported that the frigates *Gerona* and *Aravites*, now in the West Indies, have been ordered to Venezuela to demand satisfaction for an insult offered to the Spanish Consul. There are apprehensions that the Internationals will attempt to interfere with the elections in Catalonia.

The doors of the last Protestant chapel in Madrid have been closed.

Despite the refusal of Don ESPARTERO to be a candidate for the Cortes, he has been nominated in Madrid.

FRANCE.

Literary Convention with the United States.

PARIS, March 25—The *Opinion Nationale* states that a Literary Convention between the United States and France has been concluded by Mr. WASHBURNE, the American Minister, and the Count DE REMUSAT, the French Foreign Minister, and it now awaits ratification.

The proposal to tax raw materials in France has been abandoned for the present.

NEW-YORK CITY NEWS.

THE NITROUS OXIDE MYSTERY.

The Death in a Dental Establishment—Commencement of the Inquest Yesterday.

The inquest in the case of Mrs. ANN O'SHAUGHNESSY, who died suddenly in the dental establishment of J. B. NEWBROUGH, at No. 128 West Thirty-fourth-street, on Wednesday last, after the extraction of a number of teeth, was commenced before Coroner HERRMAN yesterday. The jury impaneled consisted of medical gentlemen:

Mrs. MARY BIGLEY, of No. 327 East Eighth-street, testified that she accompanied deceased to Mr. NEWBROUGH's establishment on the day of her death; she appeared to be perfectly well; after waiting, she began to get nervous and excited; the dentist said she had better have the teeth extracted without taking gas, but she appeared determined to take it, and a bag full was prepared for her and she took it, but it produced no effect; she talked as rationally as ever; a second bag was prepared, she at first refused it, but NEWBROUGH told her to take it as before; she inhaled it two or three times, and then said, "Take it away—I'll die;" the teeth were quickly extracted, and she then fainted; NEWBROUGH applied the galvanic battery, and sent for a physician; Mrs. O'SHAUGHNESSY was then laid on the floor; witness went to summon Mrs. O'SHAUGHNESSY's friends, when she returned death had ensued; the deceased did not cough while taking the gas; she told the dentist she was subject to palpitation of the heart, but he said that made no difference; she also said she scarcely slept the night before on account of thinking about having her teeth extracted.

JOHN B. NEWBROUGH, dentist, of No. 128 West Thirty-fourth-street, testified that the deceased had called on him to have seven or eight teeth extracted; she said she wanted to take gas; it was an easy case of extraction, the teeth were so loose; declined to give gas at first, and she said she could perhaps do without it; but when the forceps were produced she backed out; then got a bagful and put the stopper in her mouth, but when she felt the gas she started and drew back; then talked to her for about a minute, and she said she did not believe that it would have any effect, and he could not put her to sleep; after about seven minutes he told her that perhaps, in her present excited state, it would be safer to take the teeth out with than without the gas; she then took two inhalations, but only one full one; she then said, "Take it away; I won't have it; I am afraid it will kill me;" it was then taken away, and she wiped her mouth; the teeth were then taken out; in about fifteen or twenty seconds, as the last tooth was taken out, her head fell into the notch of the chair exceedingly limber; raised it up so that she might spit out the blood, but she had no power to do anything; then saw that it was something unusual; the puls was full and strong; the respiration fell to about fifteen or twenty a minute; there was a rapid rush of blood to the head, and the veins were greatly swollen; the case was so different from any he had ever witnessed that he knew not what to do; thought it was either apoplexy or an affection of the heart; applied the galvanic battery and sent for Dr. OTIS, who arrived; it was about ten minutes after the extraction of the teeth; she was then breathing, but died in a few minutes afterward.

To Jury—About twenty-five inhalations are generally necessary to produce unconsciousness; he produced the gas from nitrate of ammonia; unconsciousness usually continues for a minute, but may for two minutes; can extract sixty teeth in a minute; the bag of gas from which deceased inhaled contained 1,172 cubic inches of gas, which would be forty-seven inhalations, and could be absorbed in two minutes and twenty seconds; the gas is made the day before they use it; give the same gas to all persons; if there should be any doubt as to the condition of the person to take the gas, he would rather feel his way with it than rely upon any physical examination any one might make; have tried the effect of the nitrous oxide gas upon animals, and never succeeded in killing one with it in less than forty-seven minutes; with chloroform it can be done in thirty seconds; he would not hesitate to give nitrous oxide to any one suffering either from heart or lung disease; if he saw anything like asphyxia he would, of course, withdraw the gas; he had seen slight symptoms of strangulation; deceased was just the person to whom he would consider the gas should be administered; if she had been under the full influence of the gas he did not think it would have proved fatal; death was caused, he thought, by fear or excitement; she was in a fearful state of excitement all the time she was in his establishment; if he made a mistake, it was in withdrawing the gas; saw nothing unusual until her head fell over; that was an unusual symptom; the gas generally disappears about half a minute or so after the operation; he had administered the gas for nine years, and to some 42,000 persons; never had such a case occur before; did not test the nitrate of ammonia from which the gas was made, to see if there was an excess of saltpetre, or of nitric oxide; about seven or eight minutes elapsed between the first and second administering of the gas; there was the usual hemorrhage from the gums after the teeth were extracted; noticed nothing unusual until her head fell back on the chair; thirty respirations a minute are the normal amount in the dentist's chair; when they fell to fifteen he employed artificial respiration; does not consider himself competent to make a diagnosis of heart or lung diseases.

Dr. FESSENDEN N. OTIS testified that he was summoned by Mr. NEWBROUGH, and described the condition of the dying woman when he arrived; adopted the usual restoratives, and continued them for forty-five minutes, when death ensued. The witness also gave the result of the post-mortem examination; there was no disease of the heart; the brain was perfectly exanguinated in every part; there was no fluid in any of the ventricles; one lung was more engorged than the other, but healthy; formed no opinion of the cause of death.

Dr. CHAS. K. BRITTON also testified as to the result of the post-mortem examination, and proved the healthy condition of the body except that one lung was congested; the brain was in a normal state; judged from the condition of the lungs that death was from asphyxia, but could not express an opinion as to the cause of it.

At this juncture the further investigation was postponed until Saturday next at 11 A. M.

A Lawyer Canes an Ex-Collector on Broadway.

At about 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon a personal encounter took place in front of the Astor House, between Mr. D. C. BIRDSALL, a well-known member of the Bar, whose office is at No. 335 Broadway, and THOMAS E. SMITH, an Ex-Collector of Internal Revenue, doing business at No. 655 Greenwich-street. The lawyer and the Ex-Collector met by chance in front of the Astor House, and after a short parley the loungers on the steps in front of the hotel were startled by seeing Mr. BIRDSALL raise a heavy Malacca cane, and with it strike SMITH across the face, sending his hat flying into the gutter. A crowd soon collected and Mr. SMITH's son cried loudly for the Police. Patrolman PLUNKETT, of the Third Precinct, was soon on the spot and took Mr. BIRDSALL into custody. He was arraigned before Justice HOGAN, at the Tombs Police Court, where Mr. SMITH made a complaint of assault and battery against him. SMITH said that he had been Collector of Internal Revenue of the Sixth District of this City, and while in that office had had some business relations with BIRDSALL growing out of the Fullerton suit, and that the lawyer owed him $10,000, which he had refused to pay. He had asked him for the money and the assault was the only reply given him. Mr. BIRDSALL denies that he owes SMITH a cent, but the latter claims $10,000, and importunes him for the money every time he meets him in public, in a very annoying and insulting manner. This conduct was repeated for the hundredth time yesterday, and Mr. BIRDSALL, believing that forbearance had ceased to be a virtue, struck his persecutor with his cane.

Justice HOGAN released Mr. BIRDSALL, who gave his own recognizances in $500 to appear for trial when called upon.

The Court of General Sessions—Sentences—Trial of Superintendent Campbell for Assault.

Recorder HACKETT, in the Court of General Sessions, yesterday, sentenced THEODORE WOODRUFF to the State Prison for two years and six months; JOHN H. BONA to the Penitentiary for six months; EDWARD PLUNKITT, convicted of larceny, DENNIS REMICHAN, of grand larceny, and James Smith, Martin Meehan, John Casey, Michael Collins and John Gillespie, of burglary in the third degree, were remanded for sentence. EDWARD PLUCK, after pleading guilty to the charge of grand larceny, had judgment suspended in his case that he might bury his mother, who has just died.

ARCHIBALD H. CAMPBELL, Mr. HENRY BERGH's associate in the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, was charged with an assault and battery on PATRICK BAXTER, a truckman. BAXTER said that while passing down Fifth-avenue, on the evening of the 5th of October last, he saw a crowd around a carriage on the corner of Thirty-fourth-street, and was informed by its driver that one of the horses was lame, and that one of BERGH's men had made him detach it from the carriage. Witness said, "that is rather hard," and CAMPBELL, saying that it was none of his business, drew a club, showed a shield on his coat, and began to assault him. witness was badly clubbed about the arms. Dr. HOWARD testified to the injuries. Mr. WILLIAM CARLISLE saw the occurrence, and said that the complainant was beaten unmercifully. ALONZO S. EVANS, an officer of the Society, said that BAXTER interfered and threw bricks at Mr. CAMPBELL and his assistants, and Sergt. McILVAINE, of the Twenty-ninth Precinct, said that BAXTER, as a prisoner, asked Mr. CAMPBELL to forgive him for his conduct toward him, and was allowed to go.

THOMAS HARTFIELD, Secretary of the Society, was likewise on the stand. Superintendent CAMPBELL said he never struck a man in his life; he was struck with a brick in the knee. A number of respectable witnesses were called to prove the good character of Mr. CAMPBELL, and the Jury, after a lengthy absence, disagreed and were discharged.

THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

Board of Aldermen—The Controller's Counsel—Widening Broadway—Civil Courts for Public Meetings—Weights and Measures.

The Board met pursuant to adjournment at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, JOHN COCHRANE, Esq., in the chair, and a quorum present.

Alderman COMAN moved the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted:

"That the Controller be and he is requested to inform the Board what counsel or legal assistance is employed by him in his official capacity, what fees or retainers are paid to such counsel, and by what authority they are so retained, with the amount, if any, already."

Alderman COMAN made a motion requesting the Board of Street Openings and Improvements to take measures at once to have Broadway widened twenty-five feet by causing the owners or lessees of the property on the easterly side of Broadway, between Seventeenth and Twenty-second streets, to set their buildings back twenty-five feet from the present line. The resolution was adopted and referred to the Committee on Streets.

Alderman VANCE presented an ordinance in relation to weights and measures in the City, which proposed that a set of standard weights be placed in the Mayor's Office, and that the inspection of weights and measures be placed in charge of the Police. The ordinance was referred to the Committee on Law.

Alderman CONOVER presented a report from the Committee on Public Works, in which it was recommended that the halls occupied by the Civil, District and Police Courts be granted to any portion of the citizens desirous of using the same for public meetings, to discuss questions, other than political or religious, that affect the general interests of the public. A resolution recommending the Judges to grant the halls for such purposes was also submitted. The resolution and report were adopted.

On the motion of Alderman VANCE, the Board decided to meet on Mondays and Thursdays, at 3 o'clock, to take effect after the present week.

The Board then adjourned.

Meeting of the Assistant Aldermen—A Busy Session—Resolutions Passed.

The Board of Assistant Aldermen met at 3 o'clock, yesterday afternoon, OTIS F. HALL in the Chair. Assistant Alderman GEIS offered a resolution, which was adopted, requesting the Department of Docks to report to the Board by what authority it had taken possession of the plot of ground between Sixteenth and Seventeenth streets, which was owned by the City and held for a market site.

Assistant Alderman GEIS moved

That the Controller be requested to report to the Board the names of the Commissioners for the erection of the Eighteenth Ward Market, the cost of erecting it, by what architect it was designed, by what builders built, by whom the erection was supervised, how much the market cost in excess of the original appropriation therefor, what the income and cost of the maintenance of the market have been since its opening, and why and by whom the north and west sides of said market building were fenced in, whereby the free passage of air and light into the same are obstructed.

The motion was concurred in.

Assistant Alderman STRUCK then called the attention of the Board to a resolution which was adopted by the Board in February prohibiting the occupation of the clerk's office by parties who are not attachés of the office or have no business there, which resolution he said has been entirely disregarded. He then moved the adoption of a resolution directing the clerk to enforce the requirements of the resolution referred to and to compel the attendance of his subordinates during business hours.

It was adopted.

Assistant Alderman GALVIN offered the following preamble and resolution which were adopted:

Whereas, The Commissioners of Public Works and Parks have reduced the wages from $2 50 to $2 per day for laborers employed in their Departments,

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed to wait on the said Commissioners and urge upon them the necessity of increasing the pay to the former rate.

A vote of concurrence was given in a resolution passed by the Board of Aldermen on the 26th February, directing that merely a digest of the proceedings of the Common Council be thenceforth published in the daily Corporation papers, and calling the attention of the Board of Audit to the illegality of the claim of any newspaper, except that of the official journal (the *Transcript*) for advertising more than a digest.

Upon a motion to concur with a resolution of the Board of Aldermen, requesting the Controller to pay to the clerks and attachés of that Board their salaries.

Assistant Alderman HARTT said that after looking carefully into the matter, and gathering up all the information possible from gentlemen of experience in municipal affairs, he had come to the conclusion that there is no amount of business done by these clerks to warrant the expenditure of $31,600. He was not in favor of being parsimonious; he believed in paying men liberally for their labor, but he could see no justification whatever for this large expenditure for clerical force. He would vote against concurring.

Assistant Alderman CONOR was in favor of concurring, as it would be disrespectful to the Aldermen not to do so.

The motion to concur was then passed by a vote of 16 to 4.

After transacting some routine business the Board adjourned.

Work of the Controller.

It is not surprising that the City creditors should be anxious to obtain their money, or that the Controller's office should be constantly filled with applicants. Mr. GREEN said yesterday that the sole reason of the delay in payments was the enormous accumulation of work in the office. The ordinary number of clerks was increased some time ago, and every effort was made to close up the arrears; but fresh claims are continually coming in, and it is almost impossible to say when all the back debts will be paid. Up to the present time, 2,000 claims against the City for 1871, amounting to over $6,000,000, have been presented to the auditors, and as many more are to come. The Controller examines all these claims personally, reads all the affidavits, and writes his initials against each before they are submitted to the Board of Audit.

There are 100 claims in the Sewerage Department, amounting to $13,000. The claims of the inspectors of regulating and grading streets amount to $17,000, and are 130 in number. Then there are hundreds of others who are clamoring for their money. The Controller is especially anxious to pay off all these old debts, because they interfere with the regular daily work of the Department. He is determined that no bill shall be paid until it has been proven just and equitable, and this precaution would have been unnecessary had the financial affairs of the City been conducted with ordinary care and integrity.

The Commissioners of the Sinking Fund—Leasing City Property.

The Sinking Fund Commissioners met in the Controller's office yesterday. Present were Mayor HALL, Controller GREEN, Chamberlain PALMER, Alderman DYKEMAN, Chairman of the Finance Committee of the Board of Aldermen, and Assistant Alderman PINCKNEY, Chairman of the same Committee of the Assistant Aldermen. A communication from the Department of Docks was read, requesting the Board to instruct the Controller to issue dock bonds to the value of $1,000,000 for the use of the Department. Laid over for future consideration. An application of W. T. RYERSON and J. H. BATES for a water grant for eighteen lots lying between One Hundred and Thirty-second and One Hundred and Thirty-third streets and Fourth avenue, and which were formerly covered by water. Application was previously made to the Department of Public Works, who recommended that a grant or quit-claim deed for the property be issued to the applicants at the price of $2 a foot front; the recommendation was adopted. Applications for renewal of various leases of property belonging to the City were received, and variously disposed of. Assistant Alderman PINKNEY, Chamberlain PALMER and Controller GREEN were appointed a Committee to take charge of leasing all the market property belonging to the City. The Board then adjourned.

Payments by the Controller.

Controller GREEN made the following payments yesterday, viz.:

Department Public Instruction—For current expenses of that Department	$100,000
Trustees of College of City of New-York—For payment of professors, teachers and expenses	20,000
Board of Public Instruction—Toward construction, &c., of public school buildings	25,000
Toward the erection of the Normal College	10,000
Laborers at pipe-yard and inspectors and watchmen on aqueduct, January and February, 1872	1,524

Public School Teachers' Reception—Music and Addresses.

The March reception of the Public School Teachers' Association was held yesterday afternoon in the large hall of the Cooper Institute, the seats of which were nearly all filled with the teachers and their friends. FRANCIS J. HAGGERTY was chosen to preside on the occasion, and J. B. HENDRICKSON as Secretary. The proceedings were begun with a piano solo, the overture to the "Poet and Peasant," by Mr. E. ALLER, followed by a vocal solo by Miss MARY A. SIMMS, accompanied by Mr. WM. M. BAKER on the flute. Mr. CHAS. ROBERTS, Jr., then recited EDGAR A. POE's poem, "The Bells," and SCOTT's "Young Lochinvar," after which Prof. EBEN of the Seventy-first Regiment, and Mr. WILLIAM M. BAKER, performed a duet with flutes, accompanied by Mr. ALLER on the grand piano. Prof. DAVID B. SCOTT, of the College of the City of New-York, next delivered an address to the teachers on the duties and troubles of school-teaching, urging earnestness in the work, simplicity in the style, and, above all, making sure of the ground over which they passed. The address was followed by a solo from Miss SIMMS, and a reading by Mr. ROBERTS. The entertainment closed with another duet with flutes by Messrs. EBEN and BAKER.

HAGERTY AND BAULCH.

The Alleged Voucher Thieves Admitted to Bail—Connolly not Forthcoming.

The case of EDWIN M. HAGERTY and CHARLES BAULCH, the alleged voucher thieves, came up before Judge CARDOZO, yesterday, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer. District-Attorney GARVIN, in opening the case on behalf of the people, said that he had continued his search for Mr. CONNOLLY, and he was satisfied that Mr. CONNOLLY was not in the country, and without his presence the case could not be proceeded with safely. If the case was tried without Mr. CONNOLLY's presence he would assume a very great responsibility, and if the trial failed would not be without blame. He therefore thought it his duty to inform the Court that he was not prepared for the trial at present.

Mr. JOHN GRAHAM said the defense had no doubt that the District-Attorney had used every means to procure the presence of the complainant. He was cognizant from other sources that Judge GARVIN had employed a number of men in the search, extending it into other States. It remained for him now to insist that the prisoners be admitted to bail at once, and that a reasonable amount be fixed by the Court at once. There was no controversy between him and the District-Attorney in regard to facts. The defendants were arrested on the 21st of September last, and have remained in prison from that date to this hour—over six months. They were indicted on the 30th of October, six weeks after their arrest, and two indictments returned against each, one of burglary in the third degree, the other in the nature of an indictment for grand larceny. His Honor knew the location of the Controller's office, and that the putting in of the hand through a broken glass, and opening the door by turning the knob, did not constitute burglary in the third degree. The only charge against the prisoners is grand larceny. In the Court of General Sessions, in November last, he had made a motion to quash the indictments, but under the pressure of public opinion the motion was denied, and he had not desired to place any other Court in the same position. Besides, he was not in the habit of making motions to bail, and during the past thirty years he thought he had not made six such applications, as he did not like them. So he advised the defendants to remain in prison, and wait until something happened, and the prosecution found themselves unable to proceed. That time had now arrived, and as their health was impaired from the confinement, he made the motion. In this case, continued Mr. GRAHAM, the complainant was the late Controller of this City, and it is clear that his presence is necessary, for he was the custodian of these papers, and he only could prove that he had not them still, which was the presumption of the law. At this point Mr. GRAHAM called the attention of the Court to a recent "interview" with one of Mr. CONNOLLY's counsel—Mr. COURTNEY—by which it appeared that Mr. CONNOLLY would not appear on the witness-stand to testify, except in his own cases. It might, therefore, be concluded that he would not be found until his own cases were on trial. If the case proceeds, said Mr. GRAHAM, the only witnesses to be produced against the prisoners are the night watchman and a servant girl, and neither of these came forward until a week after the alleged robbery took place, and only then, when they heard that a reward of $1,000 was offered for the conviction of the culprits. All these facts will be thoroughly ventilated when the trial takes place. In relation to the question of bail, he wished to call attention to the fact that the defendants knew through the public Press that they were to be arrested some days before they were arrested, and had every opportunity to fly or escape, of which they did not avail themselves. He therefore pressed his request that the defendants be released on reasonable bail. Lately $500,000 seemed to have been thought reasonable bail, and in one case a citizen had been held to $1,000,000 bail, the most tyrannical act which ever took place under a republican government. In this case the bail should not be over $2,500 on each indictment.

Judge GARVIN said he supposed it must be assumed that these indictments could be maintained, but he did not at all deny that where, as here, after the prosecutors had made every effort to prepare for trial, they found themselves unable to proceed with the trial, the accused were entitled to be bailed; but the only question which arose was, how much shall that bail be? The amount moved by the counsel for the defendants was too low, and he hoped his honor would fix a higher amount.

Judge CARDOZO said: Judge GARVIN concedes the fact that in view of the circumstance that he is not able to proceed with the trial, these prisoners should be bailed; and there can be no doubt that he is not only right in that concession, but that his conclusion not to try them at present, in the absence of the late Controller, is certainly discreet. There being no dispute between the counsel that the prisoners are entitled to be bailed, the defendants' counsel claiming that they should be, and Judge GARVIN agreeing, there seems to be nothing left but to fix the amount of bail. The whole rule upon that subject may be summed up in the statement, "Bail shall always be reasonable, in view of the circumstances of each particular case," and without explaining the reasons which have led me to that conclusion, I have determined that $5,000 on each indictment would be right, and in that amount I would direct the prisoners to be bailed.

During the day Mr. THOMAS DONOHUE, No. 155 East Eighteenth-street, became bondsman for HAGERTY in $10,000, and TERRENCE P. SMITH, No. 154 East Seventeenth-street, and JAMES McGOWAN, No. 118 White-street, for BAULCH. The bondsmen justified and were accepted by the Court. JAMES McGOWAN owns house and lot No. 21 City Hall-place, worth $15,000, mortgaged for $7,000, and claims to be good for $10,000 over and above all indebtedness.

TERRENCE P. SMITH owns house and lot No. 406 East Fifty-first-street, worth $13,000, mortgaged for $3,300, and has personal estate consisting of furniture in house No. 154 East Seventeenth-street.

THOMAS DONOHUE owns house and lot on north-east corner of Grand and Clinton steets, and house and lot No. 40 Avenue B, and house and lots Nos. 94 and 96 Chatham-street, together worth $100,000, mortgaged for $38,000, claimed to be worth $50,000 clear of all indebtedness.

Business in the United States Circuit Court—A Nice Point of Law—The Case of Attempted Black Mailing by Revenue Officers.

In the United States Circuit Court, yesterday, ROBT. BURKE, who was found guilty, on Friday last, of stealing newspapers from the General Post-office, was discharged by Judge BENEDICT on the ground that the indictment charged him with stealing a "package of newspapers directed to the *Evening Free Press*," whereas the evidence showed that there was no package, but two or three loose papers, only one of which was directed as the indictment set forth. This point was raised by BURKE's counsel during the trial, but the Judge said he would allow the case to go to the jury and pass upon the point afterwards. In discharging the prisoner, yesterday, he remarked that the law did not reach a case like the one before him; the statute provided for the stealing of any package of mail matter, but here two or three loose papers, not made into a package, were taken. Had the papers been all tied up in one parcel the law would have applied; as it was, there was nothing to be done but to discharge the prisoner.

ISAAC S. LANERGAN, on bail under an indictment charging him with stealing letters from the Post-office, was called up for trial, and failing to answer a Bench-warrant was issued for his arrest.

In the case of FLOYD FIELDS and JOHN LAWRENCE, keepers under the Collector of this district, who were indicted for an attempt to extort money from FRANCIS GOTTSBERGER, under pretense of relieving his store from seizure, motion was made to quash the indictment. It was argued that they were not revenue officers within the meaning of the statute, and that the property was not, as stated in the indictment, in charge of the United States at the time when the alleged bribe was taken by the accused. Judge BENEDICT took the papers and reserved his decision.

The case of F. A. GOODALL, charged with selling washed revenue stamps, went over to the next term on affidavits that an important witness for the defense was not in the City.

The case of JOHN TALBOT, indicted for smuggling a quantity of cigars from the steamer *Morro Castle*, and for resisting a revenue officer in the discharge of his duty, was taken up, but not concluded.

The Bellevue Hospital Lady Inspectors.

A meeting of ladies associated for the purpose of looking after the wants of the patients in Bellevue Hospital, was held yesterday morning in the geographical-room of the Cooper Institute, Mrs. LANE, the President, in the chair. The proceedings of the meeting were kept secret, and although a number of reports were presented by the different ward inspectors, their contents were not made public, as publicity was considered likely to have a tendency to destroy the principal objects of the work for which the ladies had formed the organization. It had been requested by the authorities at the Hospital that reports should be made direct to the Warden, but the ladies have resolved to take the matter in their own hands, and all reports will be presented, sealed, to the Executive Committee of the Association. Among the members of this Association is Mrs. Admiral FARRAGUT, who takes a very active interest in the work of relieving the sufferers in the hospital.

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—March 25.

GOVERNMENT STOCKS—10½ A. M.

$2,000 U. S. 5-20 C., '67.112¾

SALES FROM 10 TO 10½ A. M.

300	Quicksilver	40	200	do.......s3.	94¼
200	do.	40	200	do.	94¾
300	do.	40	500	do.	94¼
200	do.......c.	40	900	do.	94½
400	do.	40	200	do.......c.	93¾
100	do.	40½	500	Lk. Sh. Scrip	91
200	do.	40¼	200	Union Pac.......s3.	38¼
1,100	do.	41	300	do.	38¼
800	do.	41	900	do.	38¼
600	do.	41¼	300	do.......b3.	38⅜
300	Quicksilver Pf.	52	500	do.......s3.	38⅜
300	do.	51	600	do.	38¼
1,300	Western Union	71¼	900	do.	38
900	Pacific Mail	61¾	1100	North-western	82¼
1,200	do.	61½	2100	do.	82⅜
600	do.	61¼	500	do.......s3.	82¼
1,200	N. Y. C. & Hud.	95	600	do.......c.	82
300	Erie	52	1900	do.	82¼
400	do.	52¼	200	do.......s3.	82¼
400	do.	52¾	300	do.	81¾
1,000	do.	53	400	do.	81⅞
200	do.	53¼	100	Rock Island	114¾
1,100	do.	53½	800	do.	114⅜
200	do.	53¾	700	do.	114½
800	do.	54	1000	do.	114¾
1,000	do.	54¼	400	do.......b3.	115
800	do.	54½	300	do.	115
300	do.	54¾	2100	do.	114¾
2,700	do.	55	500	do.	114¾
300	do.	55¼	400	do.	114¼
2,100	do.	55½	200	do.	114⅜
1,800	do.	55¾	600	Boston, H. & E.	6¾
5,000	do.	55½	100	St. Paul	59¾
3,100	do.	55¾	200	St. Paul Pf.	80
1,800	do.	55⅞	200	Ohio & Miss.	47¾
1,200	do.	55⅝	400	do.	47⅞
600	do.	55½	3000	do.	48
2,600	do.	55⅝	200	do.......c.	48
1,000	do.	55¾	1800	do.	47⅞
200	do.......c.	55¼	200	do.......b3.	48
2,400	do.	55	300	do.	47¾
2,200	do.	54⅞	1000	do.......c.	47¾
800	do.	54½	400	do.	47⅞
200	Lake Shore..s3.	94⅜	400	do.	47¾
1,500	do.	94¾	2300	do.......c.	47½
200	do.......s3.	94¼	200	C., C. & I. C.	25½
200	do.	94⅜	600	Toledo & Wabash	76¾

FIRST BOARD

$20,000	Tenn. St. 6s..n.	67½	86	N. J. Southern	18¾
10,000	Va. 6s, Cons.	58¾	100	W. U. Telegraph	71¼
5,000	Va. St. 6s, Def.	16	200	do..bet. call.	71¾
5,000	do.	15½	200	do.	71⅝
1,000	S. C. St. 6s., n., Oct. & April.	37	200	Am. M. U. Exp.	73
			400	do.	73½
1,000	Erie 4th	94¾	100	N. Y. C. & Hud.	94¾
1,000	Cen. P. G. bds.	101¾	200	do..bet. call.	94¾
2,000	Union Pac. 1st.	92	100	do.	94¾
5,000	U. P. 7s, L.G.B.	84¾	10000	N.Y.C.&H. Ctfs.	90½
30,000	do.......b3.	85	20000	do..bet. call.	90¾
40,000	U. P. 10s, Inc.	85	500	Reading	114¾
5,000	C., C. & I.C. 1st.	93¾	50	L. S. & M. S.	93
5,000	P., F.W.&C. 1st.	103	200	do..b. c..b3.	93⅜
4,000	Tol. & W. 1st, St. L. Divis.	90	400	do.	93⅝
			40	L.S.&M.S. Scrip.c.	90¾
1,000	C.&R.I.&P. 7s.	101¾	500	do..bet. call.	91
1,000	do.	101⅝	100	Chicago & N. W.	81¾
2,000	do.	101½	100	do.	81¾
5,000	T. & W. Eq. B.	87¾	100	do.......s30.	81¾
1,000	Han. & N. 1st.	90¾	100	do.	81⅞
10,000	Ohio & M. 2d.	87	700	do..b. c. b3.	81¾
10,000	B., H. & E. 1st.	42¾	100	do.	81⅞
10,000	do.	42¾	700	do.	81¾
1,000	do.	42¾	400	do.......s3.	81¾
35,000	do.	43	800	do.......b3.	82
10	Fourth Nat. Bank, bet. call....c.	112½	800	do.......c.	81¾
			800	do.	82
32	Manhattan Bank	150	200	do.......c.	82½
13	Del. & H. Canal	119¾	800	do.	82⅜
100	Canton Company	95¾	1300	do.	82⅜
500	do..bet. call.	96	200	do.......c.	82⅜
70	Wells-Fargo Exp.	76	200	do.	82½
100	do.	77	800	do.......b3.	82⅜
100	Quick. Mining	41¾	300	do.	82⅜
200	do.	41¾	200	Chi. & N. W. Pf.	94¾
100	do.	41¾	100	do.	94¾
400	do..bet. call.	44	18	do.	93¾
200	do.	43¾	200	do..bet. call.	94¾
300	do.	44	200	do.	94¾
100	Cons. Coal of Md.	40¾	200	Cleve. & P., Guar.	91¾
800	do.	40¾	400	do.......s3.	91
200	do.	40¾	55	do.	91¾
200	do..bet. call.	40¾	200	do..bet. call.	91¾
200	Mariposa Pf.	2	200	do.	91
100	Quicksilver Pf.	51¾	400	do.	91
100	do.	51¾	700	C., C., C. & I. C.	89
200	do.	52	100	New-Jersey Cen.	112¾
200	do..bet. call.	53	200	Alton & T. H. Pf.	66
200	do.	53¾	330	Del., L. & W..b3.	112¾
400	do.	54	2754	do.	112
400	Pacific Mail..b. c.	61	400	Chi. & R. I....s3.	114¾
200	do.	60¾	130	do.	114¾
600	do.	61	700	do..bet. call.	114¾
600	do.	61⅜	100	do.......b3.	114⅞
1300	do.	61⅜	100	do.......b3.	115
200	do.	61½	500	do.	115
400	do.	61¾	700	do.	115
600	do.	61¾	100	do.	114¾
200	do.......s3.	61⅛	400	do.......b3.	115
200	do.	61¾	1000	Mil. & St. P.	59¾
1700	do.......b3.	61¾	600	do..b. c..b3.	60
24	Adams Express.c.	98	100	Mil. & St. P. Pref.	79¾
500	Erie	55¾	100	do.......b3.	80
500	do.	55¾	100	do.	80
500	do.	56	100	Tol., W. & W.	76¾
10	do.	54¾	100	Chi. & Alton	117
4400	do..bet. call.	55	200	St. L. & Iron M.	83¾
200	do.	55¾	200	do.	84¾
200	do.......s3.	55¾	100	do.	84
400	do.	55¾	100	do.......b60.	85
400	do.......s3.	55	12	Chi., Bur. & Q.	134
1500	do.......c.	54¾	100	C., C. & I. C....s3.	25
500	do.	55¼	1000	do..bet. call.	25¼
200	do.	55¾	500	do.	25¾
300	do.	55⅞	100	do.......b30.	25½
300	do.	55¾	1900	Ohio & Miss..b. c.	47¾
300	do.	55⅜	400	do.	47¾
400	do.	55¾	400	do.	47¾
300	do.	55¾	200	do.......b3.	47¾
400	do.	56	800	do.	47⅞
800	do.	56⅛	900	do.	47¾
500	do.	56⅛	200	do.......c.	47¾
2000	do.	56⅛	600	do.	47¾
1300	do.	56⅛	200	do.......s3.	47⅞
6100	do.	56⅜	500	do.	47¾
1000	do.	56¼	500	do.......s60.	47¾
200	do.	56¾	400	do.	47¾
700	do.	56⅜	120	Ohio & Miss. Pf.	76
500	do.	56¼	400	Union Pacific.b. c.	38
500	do.	56⅜	300	do.	38⅛
200	do.	56⅜	200	B., H. & E.b. c.b3.	6⅜
700	do.	56⅜	800	do.	6⅜
400	do.	56⅜	800	do.......b3.	6⅜
200	do.	56⅜			

GOVERNMENT STOCKS—12½ M. AND 2½ P. M.

$1,000	U.S.5-20 R.,'65.n.	110¾	5,000	U. S. 5-20 R.,'67.	111⅝
500	U. S. 5-20 R.,'68.	112⅛	7,500	U. S.5-20 C.,'68.c.	112⅝
5,000	do.	112⅛	10,000	U. S. 6s, Cur.	115⅛

SALES FROM 12½ TO 1 P. M.

200	Quicksilver	44¾	600	St. Paul Pref	80
400	West Union	71⅞	300	do.	80⅛
900	Pacific Mail	61⅝	700	do.	81
900	do.	61⅝	300	do.	80½
200	do.......c.	61¾	300	do.	80⅝
500	do.	61⅞	400	North-western	82⅞
1000	do.	61¾	1000	do.......b3.	82¾
200	N. Y. Cen. & H.	94⅞	1100	do.	82¾
1700	Del., L. & West.	112	800	do.	82¾
500	Erie Railway	56⅞	700	do.	82¾
1300	do.	56⅜	1100	do.	82⅞
1700	do.	56⅜	200	Rock Island..b3.	115
200	do.......s3.	56⅝	200	do.	115
500	do.	56⅞	200	do.	115¼
200	do.	56¾	200	do.	115¼
800	do.	56⅝	300	Lake Shore	93⅞
300	do.	56⅝	200	do.	94
900	Union Pacific	38	200	Bos., H. & E....b3.	6¾
200	do.......s3.	38	300	do.	6¾
200	do.	38⅛	400	C., C. & I. C.	25½
500	St. Paul.......b3.	60	300	Ohio & Miss.	47⅞
300	do.	60⅛	1000	do.	47¾
100	do.	60⅜	400	do.......s3.	47¾
1200	do.	60⅜	100	do.	48
300	do.	60½	300	do.	48
200	do.	60⅞	200	do.	48
200	do.	61⅛	1400	do.	48⅛
200	do.	61⅜	200	do.......b3.	48⅛
500	do.	61⅛	500	do.	48¾
1500	do.	61½	300	do.	48⅛
100	do.	62	1000	do.	48⅛
200	do.	62¼	100	do.	48⅛
500	do.	62½			

SECOND BOARD—1 P. M.

$1,000	N. C. 6s, new	23	400	Quicksilver....b.c.	44⅜
10,000	S. C. 6s. new, Jan. & July	39⅛	30	Quicksilver Pref.	53
10,000	S. C. 6s, new, April & Oct.	37⅛	100	Mariposa Pref.	1¾
			100	do.	1¾
			100	U. S. Express	74
10,000	do.	38	100	Adams Express	98¼
5,000	Virginia 6s, Def.	15¾	10	Am. Mer. U. Ex.	73¾
1,000	Union Pac. 1st.	92	100	N.Y.C. & H.R.b.s.	95
2,000	do.	91⅞	700	do.	94¾
1,000	C., C. & I. C. 2d.	75¾	300	do.......b3.	94¾
20,000	O. & M. 2d..b.c.	87	40,000	N. Y. Cen. & H. Ctfs......b3.	90¾
100	Canton Co.	95¾			
100	do.......b5.	96	800	Harlem	112
100	do.	96	21	Erie R. Pref.	73
100	Con. Coal of Md.	40⅞	100	L Shore & M. So.	94¼
100	do.	40¾	1500	do..bet. call.	94¼
300	do...bet. call.	41	2500	do.	94⅛
200	West. Union..b.c.	71⅞	500	do.	94⅛
1000	do.......b3.	72	100	do.	94
200	do.	71⅞	400	Clev. & P. Guar.	91¾
800	do.......b3.	71⅞	200	do..bet. call.	91¾
200	do.	71⅞	800	Chic. & N. W.b.c.	82⅞
400	do.......b3.	72	100	do.	82⅝
1000	do.......b3.	71⅞	400	do.......s3.	82⅝
300	do.	71⅞	1000	do.	82⅝
100	do.	71⅞	200	do.	82⅝
600	Pac. Mail..b.c.b3.	62	1400	do.	82⅝
600	do.	61⅞	200	do.......b10.	82⅝
800	do.	61⅞	1000	do.	82⅝
100	Erie Railway	58⅛	500	N. J. Cen.	112⅛
200	do.	58⅛	100	Chic. & R. I...c.	114⅞
500	do..bet. call.	57	600	do..bet. call.	115⅛
300	do.	57	1100	do.	115⅜
500	do.	57⅝	500	do.	115⅝
1200	do.	57⅞	200	Mil. & St. Paul	62⅛
500	do.	57¾	10	do.	63
1200	do.	58	200	do..bet. call.	62⅛
200	do.	58⅛	100	Mil. & St. Paul Pf.	80⅝
900	do.	57⅞	1300	do..bet. call.	81
600	do.	57⅞	400	do.	80⅞
300	do.	57⅞	500	Tol., W. & West.	76⅝
300	do.	57⅞	200	do.......b3.	77
700	do.	58	200	do.......s3.	77
300	do.	57⅞	700	do..bet. call.	77
600	do.	57⅞	200	do.	77
300	do.	57⅞	1000	do.	77
500	do.	57¾	215	Del. L. & West.	111⅝
400	do.......c.	57⅞	300	do.	111⅝
1500	do.	57⅞	300	do.	112
200	do.......s3.	57⅞	200	do..bet. call.	112
300	do.	57⅞	100	Ohio & Miss.	48⅛
300	do.	57⅞	200	do..bet. call.	48⅛
200	do.	58	800	do.	48⅛
300	do.	58⅛	400	do.	48⅛
800	do.	58⅛	1500	do.	48⅛
500	do.	58⅛	200	do.	48⅛
200	do.	58⅛	200	do.	48⅛
200	do.	58⅛	400	do.	48⅛
300	do.	59	200	Ohio & M. Pf..b.c.	76
1000	do.	59⅛	200	Han. & St. Joe.	43⅛
600	do.	59	100	St. L. & Iron Mt.	84⅜
400	do.	58⅞	3	Morris & Essex	96
300	do.	58⅞	300	Col., C. & I. Cen.	25¾
400	do.	58⅞	800	Union Pacific.b3.	38⅛
600	do.	58⅞	300	Bos., H. & E..b.c.	6⅜

MONDAY, March 25—P. M.

The extraordinary speculation in Erie Stock was again the sensation on the Stock Exchanges of London and New-York today. The Cable quotations opened strong in the morning, and continued to advance rapidly until near the close of business hours in London. They kept ahead of New-York, rapid as the advance was here, until after 3 o'clock P. M., when the price here went up to 59@59¼ ₱ cent., as against 51½ on Saturday afternoon. The rise of 8 ₱ cent in a single day would not have been regarded as so very startling a few days after the recent revolution in the Erie control, but after a market of unusual excitement through the fortnight since that event, the movement today, inspired undoubtedly from London, was a real surprise to the Street. The sales of the Stock from 52¼ to 59¼, registered at the Exchange, or reported in the official list of transactions, amounted to 86,300 shares, and if to this figure we add the informal transactions between the Brokers and the sales in the Hall of the Exchange, between 3 and 5 P. M., not registered, the grand total of business in the Stock for the day is not less than 120,000 shares. It was intimated this afternoon that some of the London purchasers of the morning, on discretionary orders, at 55@56, were resold at 59¼@58¼ ₱ cent., and that some of the New-York *short* contracts were closed out in apprehension of a further rise in price.

The speculative interest in the market extended to other Roads than Erie, East and West, and to the Miscellaneous Stocks dealt in at the Exchange Board, and a very large business was done in North-west, Rock Island, Ohios, Delaware and Lackawanna, Pacific Mail, Consolidated Coal, Quicksilver, and other Stocks, all at advancing prices. And the general movement is encouraged today by appearances of easier Money and less talk of a "lock-up" than last week.

The sales of Gold were barely steady at 109⅞ ₱ cent., owing to the lower figures for Exchange and the dullness of demand for Bills on London at 109¼@109½ ₱ cent. The decline in Bills is full ¼ ₱ cent. from Saturday, and the extra supply drawn or to be drawn against Erie and other American Stocks bought here for England and Continental account, has terribly influenced the market. The Public Funds are fairly supported, and no large orders could be executed without an advance in prices. The business in Southern State Bonds is moderate, and the purchases of Railway Mortgages are, as a rule, on investment orders for Domestic account.

The Brokers borrowed Money today at 7 ₱ cent., Currency Interest. The offerings from lenders outside of Bank are more liberal than at Bank, where the movement improves slowly. In prime Merchant paper, not accommodated at Bank, there is business doing at 7@8 ₱ cent., double names, and 8@10 ₱ cent., best single names.

CLOSING PRICES—MARCH 25.

	Saturday.	Monday.
United States New 5s	109¾	109⅞
U. S. 5-20s, '65, May and Nov.	112¼	112⅛
U. S. 5-20s, '67, Jan. and July.	112⅜	112⅜
American Gold	109¾	109⅞
Bills on London, 60 days	109⅜	109¼
N. Y. Central and Hudson	95	94⅞
N. Y. C. and Hud. Debt Ctfs.	90¾	90⅞
Reading	114⅛	114⅝
Chicago and Rock Island	114⅛	114⅞
North-west Common	82	82⅞
North-west Preferred	94⅞	94
Pacific Mail	61⅞	62⅞
St. Paul Preferred	79⅞	81⅛
St. Paul Common	59⅞	62⅛
Ohio and Mississippi	47⅞	48⅛
Toledo and Wabash	76⅞	77⅛
Western Telegraph	71⅞	71⅞
Erie	51½	60
Union Pacific	38½	38⅛
Lake Shore	93⅞	94

The general market for the Railoads and Miscellaneous Stocks, at the very close of the Hall of the Exchange, at 5 o'clock P. M., was strong.

UNITED STATES TREASURY.
NEW-YORK, March 25, 1872.

Gold receipts	$628,974 40
Gold payments	659,386 07
Gold balance	68,176,600 04
Currency receipts	461,842 65
Currency payments	374,294 66
Currency balance	6,393,891 05
Customs	573,000 00

The following are the latest prices for the various Public Funds of the United States:

6 ₱ cent. reg., 1881	114⅝	5-20 coup., n. i., 1865	110⅞
6 ₱ cent. coup., 1881	115⅝	5-20 reg., 1867	112⅛
5-20 reg., 1862	111⅛	5-20 coup., 1867	112⅜
5-20 coup., 1862	111⅞	5-20 reg., 1868	112⅛
Call bonds, 1872	111⅞	5-20 coup., 1868	112⅛
5-20 reg., 1864	111⅛	10-40 reg.	107⅝
5-20 coup., 1864	111⅞	10-40 coup.	108
5-20 reg., 1865	111⅛	5s, coup., 1881	109⅝
5-20 coup., 1865	112⅛	6s, currency	115⅛
5-20 reg., n. i., 1865	110⅞		

The following bids were made at the Exchange Board for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, '83	93¾	Han. & Nap. 1st.	90
N. Y. Cen. 6s, '87	90⅛	Gt. West. 1st, '88	95
N. Y. Cen. 6s, R. E.	90⅛	Gt. West. 2d, '93	90
N. Y. Cen. 6s, Sub.	90⅛	Quin. & Tol. 1st, '90	93
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '76	102	Ill. & So. Iowa 1st.	92
N.Y.Cen. 7s, conv..'76	102	Gal. & Chi. Ext.	100
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '65-'76	102	Chi., R. I. & Pac.	101⅜
Erie 1st, Ext'd	102⅛	Mor. & Es. 1st.	103⅛
Erie 2d 7s, '79	97⅛	Mor. & Es. 2d.	98
Erie 3d 7s, '83	94⅛	Cleve. & Tol. S. F.	101
Erie 4th 7s, '80	94⅛	N. J. Cen. 1st, new	104⅛
Erie 5th 7s, '88	90⅛	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 1st.	105
Long Dock Bonds	94	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 2d.	103
C., N. Y. & E. 1st, '77	94⅛	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 3d.	94
H. R. 7s, 2d S. F., '85	105	Cleve. & Pitts. C. S.F.	95
Harlem 1st 7s	102⅛	Cleve. & Pitts. 2d.	98
Alb. & Sus. 1st Bds.	105	Cleve. & Pitts. 3d.	98
Alb. & Sus. 2d Bds.	100	Cleve. & Pitts. 4th.	86
Chi., B. & Q. 8s, 1st.	112	Chi. & Alt. 1st.	104⅛
Mich. So. 7s, 2d.	99⅛	Chi. & Alt. Inc.	96⅛
Pac. R. 7s, guar. by Mo.	99	Ohio & Miss. 1st.	100
Cen. Pac. G. Bds.	101	Ohio & Miss. Con.	93
Un. Pac. 1st Bds.	91⅞	Ohio & Miss. 2d.	86⅞
Un. Pac. L. Gts. 7s.	84⅞	Dub. & Sioux C. 1st.	94
Un. Pac. Inc. 10s.	84⅞	Peninsula 1st, Conv.	91⅛
Ill. Cen. 7s, '75	100	St. L. & Iron M. 1st.	94
Alt. & T. H. 1st.	97	Mil. & St. P. 1st, 7 3-10.	94
Alt. & T. H. 2d Pref.	88	Mil. & St. P. 1st.	93
Alt. & T. H. 2d, Inc.	81⅛	Mil. & St. P. Iowa D.	87⅜
Chi. & N. W. S. F.	100	Chi. & Mil. 1st.	96
Chi. & N. W. Int. Bds.	99	Jol. & Chi. 1st.	106
Chi. & N.W. Con. Bds.	92	C., C. & Ind. C. 1st.	93⅛
Chi. & N.W. Ext. Bds.	90	C., C. & Ind. C. 2d.	75
Chi. & N. W. 1st.	98⅛	Tol., P. & W., E. D.	93
Han. & St. Jo. L. Gts.	103	Tol., P. & W., W. D.	91
Han. & St. Jo. Conv.	92⅛	Tol., P. & W., Bur. D.	88
Del., L. & W. 2d.	96	Tol., P. & W. 2d.	86
Tol. & Wab. 1st, Ext.	97	N. Y. & N. Haven 6s.	100
T. & W. 1st, St. L. Div.	90	Bos., H. & E. 1st M.	43
Tol. & Wab. 2d.	90	Bos., H. & E. Guar.	48⅛
Tol. & Wab. Equ. Bds.	87	Cedar F. & Minn. 1st.	83⅛
T. & W. Cons. Conv.	91		

The last prices for the Miscellaneous Shares dealt in at the Exchange Board are as follows:

Del. & Hud. Canal	119⅛	Western Union Tel.	71⅜
Maryland Coal	22	Quick. Mining Co.	44
American Coal	39⅛	Quick. Mining Co., Pf.	53
Spring Mount. Coal	60	Adams Express	98⅛
Canton Co., Balt.	96	Wells-Fargo Express	76
Consol. Coal Md.	41	American M. U. Ex.	73
Cum. Coal & Iron	70	United States Ex.	62¾

PHILADELPHIA STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Telegraphed to Messrs. E. D. Randolph & Co.

	Bid.	Asked.
City 6s, Old	97½	....
City 6s, New	100⅛	100¼
Camden and Amboy	124½	125
Pennsylvania Central	60⅛	60⅜
Reading	114¼	114¾
Lehigh Valley	59½	59⅝
Catawissa Preferred	46¾	47
Philadelphia and Erie	28¼	28½
Northern Central	38½	39
Lehigh Navigation	43½	43¾
Lehigh Gold Loan	92¾	93

Messrs. LEONARD, SHELDON & FOSTER, Bankers, Wall-street, advertise, as on private sale, at the rate of 90 ₱ cent., the First Mortgage Gold-bearing 7 ₱ cent. Bonds of the new Canada Southern Road. This is really an American, rather than English or Provincial enterprise. It is designed as a much needed, direct and shorter line of Railway between Buffalo and the Falls, and the Wabash Road at Toledo, as well as, ultimately, a trunk line from the above points, via the Canada Shore of Lake Erie, and through Southern Michigan to Chicago, with a branch connecting with the Roads at and above Detroit. The whole undertaking is in charge of the Wabash people, and Mr. TRACY of the Rock Island, Mr. DREW of this City, and Messrs. SCOTT and COURTWRIGHT of Erie, Penn., who furnish the Share Capital. See Advertisement of the Bankers of the Company in another place.

Messrs. FISK & HATCH, Bankers for the Central Pacific Company, will pay the April Interest on the San Joaquin Valley Branch Mortgages, free of Government Tax.

The following are the leading items in the return of the Bank of France:

	Feb 29, '72. Francs.	March 7. Francs.
Circulation	2,454,799,215	2,388,290,780
Current accounts	306,103,927	310,087,960
Treasury balance	89,926,273	83,699,919
Bills discounted	719,742,189	646,357,793
Gold in bank	655,871,597	[illegible]
Treasury bonds	1,328,657,500	1,328,312,500

The return from the Bank of England for the week ended the 6th of March gives the following results when compared with the previous week:

Rest	£3,690,285	Increase..£287,840
Public deposits	12,106,264	Increase.. 828,420
Other deposits	18,467,639	Decrease.. 1,392,869
Government securities	13,995,444	No alteration.
Other securities	21,474,785	Increase.. 283,368
Notes unemployed	12,889,810	Decrease.. 582,550

The amount of notes in circulation is £24,678,165, being an increase of £296,915, and the stock of bullion in both departments is £23,381,729, showing a decrease of £269,587 when compared with the preceding return.

Subjoined is a comparison of the present position of the Bank of England and the prices of Consols and French Rentes with the corresponding week of last year:

	At Present.	Last Year.
Bullion	£23,381,729	£21,770,867
Reserve	13,203,564	13,623,867
Notes in circulation	24,678,165	23,146,980
Rate of discount	3 ₱ cent.	3 ₱ cent.
Consols	92¾	91¾
French rentes	56f. 50c.	51f. 10c.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

The St. Joseph and Denver City Railroad Company's 1st MORTGAGE BONDS

are being absorbed by an increasing demand for them.

Secured as they are by a first mortgage on the road, land grant, franchise, and equipments, combined in one mortgage, they command at once a ready market.

A liberal sinking fund provided in the mortgage deed must advance the price upon the closing of the loan. Principal and interest payable in GOLD. Interest at eight (8) per cent. per annum. Payable semi-annually, free of tax. Principal in thirty years. Denominations, $1,000, $500 and $100. Coupons or Registered.

Price 97½ and accrued interest, in currency, from Feb. 15, 1872.

Maps, circulars, documents, and information furnished.

Trustees, Farmers' Loan and Trust Company of New-York.

Can now be had through the principal banks and bankers throughout the country, and from the undersigned, who unhesitatingly recommend them.

TANNER & CO., Bankers,
No. 11 Wall-st., New-York

☞ INVESTING MONEY.

In its First Mortgage Gold Bonds the Northern Pacific Railroad Company furnishes to the public an investment security which combines the ready negotiability, the convenience and the high credit of a first-class railroad bond with the solidity and safety of a real estate mortgage on land worth at least twice the amount loaned.

These bonds, *which, after full investigation we strongly recommend as a reliable and unusually profitable investment, and which now stand among the most solid and favorite securities*, have the following leading features:

1. The issue is limited to $50,000 per mile of road; holders are exempt from United States tax; the principal and interest are payable in Gold—the principal in thirty years and the interest (at the Banking-house of Jay Cooke & Co., New-York,) semi-annually, 1st of January and July, at the rate of 7 3.10 per cent. per annum—nearly 8¼ per cent., currency. Denominations: Coupon, $100, $500 and $1,000; Registered, $100, $500, $1,000, $5,000 and $10,000. Present selling price, PAR AND ACCRUED INTEREST IN CURRENCY.

2. The Bonds are a first and only Mortgage on the Road, its Equipments and Earnings, and also on a Land Grant which, on the completion of the Road, will exceed 23,000 acres to each mile of track, or 500 acres of Land to secure each $1,000 bond.

3. They are at all times receivable *at 10 per cent. premium* (1.10) in payment or exchange for the Company's Land at market prices—a provision which practically gives the holder of these mortgage bonds the power of foreclosure at will.

4. The proceeds of all sales of Land are required to be devoted by the Trustees of the Bondholders as a Sinking Fund to the purchase and cancellation of the First Mortgage Bonds, or temporarily to the payment of interest thereon, if necessary. This provision will make the Railroad Company itself a constant and heavy purchaser of its own securities in the open market from the time the Road is completed until the bonds mature or are all bought in. The effect of this will naturally be a steady rise in the value of the bonds.

EXCHANGING UNITED STATES 5-20S.

In view of the ability and fixed policy of the Government to call in *all* its 5-20s, and substitute a low interest bond, many holders of 5-20s are exchanging them for Northern Pacifics, thus adding to their principal the present premium on Government Bonds, and increasing their yearly interest income nearly one-third.

All marketable stocks and bonds will be received (by express or otherwise) at current prices, in exchange for Northern Pacific Seven-Thirties, without expense to the investor.

Pamphlets and full information will be furnished on application.

JAY COOKE & CO.,
New-York, Philadelphia and Washington,
FINANCIAL AGENTS NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY.

☞ For sale by Banks and Bankers generally.

☞ THE SEVEN PER CENT. GOLD LAND GRANT BONDS of the WEST WISCONSIN RAILWAY, now completed, for sale at 92½ and accrued interest, in currency, by

WHITE, MORRIS & CO., No. 18 Wall-st., and

GWYNNE, JOHNSON & DAY, No. 16 Wall-st.

☞ BURLINGTON, CEDAR RAPIDS AND Minnesota Seven per Cent. Gold Sinking Fund Bonds for sale at 92½ and interest by HENRY CLEWS & CO., No. 32 Wall-st., New-York.

NEW-YORK CATTLE MARKET.

NEW-YORK, Monday, March 25, 1872.

Trade in horned Cattle, on yesterday forenoon, at Weehawken Yards, was small but brisk; 156 head came to hand and were all sold off from 12c.@13c. ₱ lb., average weight on estimate 7¼ cwt., quality good. On this forenoon, at One Hundredth-street Yards, trade was firm; quality ranged from common to choice, being in general good; prices ran from 11c.@14c. ₱ lb., weights from 6½ to 11 cwt., on 57 to 60 lbs. to the cwt., net. Trade in Sheep a fraction off, yet sales easy in large lots; prices from 9½c.@10½c. ₱ lb. Veal not quoted. Milch Cows dull, from $35@$65 ₱ head. Live Hogs nominal at 5c. ₱ lb. City Dressed and Western Dressed not quoted at noon.

SALES.

W. THOMPSON sold for self and company, 77 Steers, Illinois choice Cattle, from 12½c.@14c. ₱ lb. BURCHARD & MERRITT, sold for selves 61 Steers, Illinois choice Cattle, from 12½c.@14c. ₱ lb., weight from 7 cwt. to 11 cwt. C. S. GLOVER sold for self 20 Steers, Canadas, smooth fat Cattle, from 12½c.@13½c. ₱ lb., weight 7 cwt. T. WHEELER sold for self and company 111 Steers, Ohios, choice Cattle, from 13½c.@14c. ₱ lb., weight 9¼ cwt., strong; also for KELF & CO., 90 Steers, Illinois, good Cattle, from 12½c.@13½c. ₱ lb., weight 7¼ cwt. F. & D. WAIXELL sold for selves 74 Steers, Illinois, good Cattle, from 12¾c.@13½c. ₱ lb., weight 7¼ cwt., strong; also 67 Steers, Illinois, coarse Cattle, at 12c. ₱ lb., weight 6¾ cwt; again, 248 Steers, Illinois, good Cattle, from 12¼c.@12½c. ₱ lb., weight from 6½ cwt. to 7¾ cwt. H. HEALY sold for self 32 Steers, Illinois, good Cattle, at 12½c. ₱ lb., weight 7 cwt. VALENTINE & WILLIAMS sold for selves 10 Steers, Illinois, choice Cattle, at 13c. ₱ lb. G. W. MARTIN sold for self 16 Steers, Illinois, good Cattle, from 12½c.@13c. ₱ lb., weight 7¾ cwt. A. WOOLENTON sold for self 17 Steers, Illinois, good Cattle, at 12½c. ₱ lb., weight 7½ cwt. W. FITCH sold for self, 238 Steers, Illinois choice Cattle, from 12½c.@13½c. ₱ lb., weight from 7¼ cwt. to 7¾ cwt.; also for J. T. ALEXANDER, 128 Steers, Illinois, choice Cattle, from 12½c.@13½c. ₱ lb., weight 7 cwt. T. C. EASTMAN, for SELDEN & CO., 64 Steers, Illinois, choice Cattle, from 12½c.@13½c. ₱ lb., weight 7½ cwt.; also for self, 68 Steers, Illinois, coarse Cattle, at 11½c. ₱ lb., weight 7 cwt., scant; again, for self and brother, 29 Steers, Illinois, choice Cattle, from 12½c.@13½c. ₱ lb., weight 8¼ cwt.

At the Forty-eighth-street Sheep Market, J. KIRBY sold 442 Sheep, weight 38,010 lbs., at 9¾c. ₱ lb.; 197 Sheep, weight 17,135 lbs., at $9 30 ₱ cwt.; 265 Sheep, weight 22,190 lbs., at 9½c. ₱ lb.; 155 Sheep, weight 13,160 lbs., at 9½c. ₱ lb.; 178 Sheep, weight 13,780 lbs., at 8¾c. ₱ lb. All foregoing lots were mixed Ohios, Indianas, State, and Michigan Sheep, generally fine wooled. HUME & ELLIOTT sold 321 medium-wooled State Sheep, weight 31,780 lbs., at 10½c. ₱ lb.; 200 fine-wooled Michigan Sheep, weight 15,850 lbs., at 9½c. ₱ lb.; 150 Sheep, weight 12,460 lbs., at 9¾c. ₱ lb.; 166 Sheep, weight 14,020 lbs., at 9¾c. ₱ lb.; 89 Sheep, weight 7,680 lbs., at 9½c. ₱ lb.; 148 Sheep, weight 23,860 lbs., at 10¼c. ₱ lb.; 148 Sheep, weight 17,270 lbs., at 10½c. ₱ lb.; 84 Sheep, weight 10,000 lbs., at 10½c. ₱ lb.; 7 last lots, all fine-wooled Ohios. Above firm sold during past week 76,674 Sheep, for $43,085 67; average ₱ head, $9 22.

RECEIPTS.

Gross arrivals at Communipaw Yards for week ending March 23, 1872: 3,794 head of Horned Cattle, 8,739 Hogs, 5,542 Sheep. There were slaughtered in same yards during same week: 812 head of Horned Cattle, 8,694 Hogs, 7,231 Sheep.

Gross arrivals at One Hundredth-street Yards for week ending March 25, 1872: 2,146 head of Horned Cattle, 8 Cows, 2 Veals, Western stock; 21 Beeves, 15 Cows, 513 Veals, 90 Sheep, local stock.

Gross arrivals at Forty-eighth-street Sheep Yards for week ending March 25, 1872: 6,236 Sheep, 50 Veals, 100 Cows.

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—In Admiralty—Held by Blatchford, J.—155, Waugh et al. vs. steamboat Elm City; 24, Aumach vs. schooner Creole; 81, Kelly vs. ferry-boat Manhasset; 176, McGlinn vs. steamer Argo; 167, Huger et al. vs. propeller Nupha; 173, Irwin vs. steam-tug W. E. Cheney; 174, Bass vs. steam-tug W. E. Cheney; 188, Ryan vs. Heckocker, Jr.; 60, Anthracite Insurance Company, of Philadelphia, vs. steam-tug Niagara; 62, Kemmelstiel vs. schooner Defiance; 133, Nickerson vs. Baldwin et al.; 150, Thomas, Jr., vs. steam-tug General W. McMann; 165, Babcock et al. vs. propeller Electra; 12, Commercial Steam-boat Company vs. ferry-boat America; 166, Crandall vs. brig Wolfville; 139, Phillips vs. steam-boat Anna et al.; 29, McGary vs. tug H. M. Kinne; 177, New-Jersey Railroad Transportation vs. propeller J. Taylor; 39, Johnson et al. vs. schooner J. M. McMillan; 152, The United States vs. a lot of lumber.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—Part I.—Held by Barrett, J.—Court opens at 10½ A. M.—169, Fellman et al. vs. Bruner et al.; 155, Pippey vs. Pond; 109½, Clancey vs. Byrne; 1223½, Perkins vs. Bernard; 1299, Rhinelander vs. Lowenstein; 1143, O'Toole vs. Garvin et al.; 359, Anderson vs. Tunno et al.; 1059, Muller vs. Bettner; 1:27, Danbury National Bank vs. Moser; 1289, Stitt vs. Little; 821, Smith vs. Osborn; 1297, Boneninghausen vs. Leavitt; 1009½, Rowell vs. Wells; 1289, Bryant vs. McKinney; 1491, Ohio Hydro-Carbon Light Company vs. Lee; 1513, Tilden vs. Froy; 1515, Stohrn et al., Administratrix, vs. American Insurance Company; 1521, Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company vs. Baker et al.; 1523, Hewitt vs. Mackay et al.; 1525, Hews vs. Schneider.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—Part II.—Held by Brady, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.—642, Mass vs. O'Brien, Sheriff, &c.; 432½, Graetzinger vs. Rosenthal; 66, (R. C.) Atlantic Mail Steam-ship Company vs. Central American Transit Company; 35½, (R. C.) Gelpeke et al. vs. Quentall; 594½, Schepler, vs. Preuss et al.; 466, Rothschild vs. Feinberg; 24, Bliss et al vs. Levy, impl'd; 312½, Lester, vs. Union Manufacturing Company; 306, Alexander et al. vs. Lewis; 2½, (R. C.,) Hicks vs. Cleveland; 302, Peck et al. vs. Gardener et al.; 486, Morris vs. Kelly; 418, Hume vs. Sheen et al.; 284, (R. C.) Melback vs. Levy; 364, The Quassick National Bank of Newburg vs. Waddell; 456, Elmendorf vs. Wilson; 478, Kirk vs. Gedney et al.; 488, Nollman vs. Bleecker-street and Fulton Ferry Railroad Company; 490, Swartz vs. Kelly et al.; 492, Ford vs. Kelly, Sheriff, &c.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—Held by Cardozo, J.—Calendar called at 12 M.—22, The Francestown Soapstone Company vs. Hertord et al.; 88, In the matter of the application of Wm. McMahon; 93, Merritt vs. Scott et al.; 94, Guion et al. vs. Teinery et al.; 108, McGuckin vs. Koenigsberg; 121, Compton vs. Leland et al.; 167, Barr vs. Arrowsmith, impleaded; 181, Buddensink vs. Frost.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM—Held by Barnard, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.—Adjourned to Thursday, March 28.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Held by Barbour, C. J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.—1497, Duckey vs. Gannon; 184, Waldheimer vs. Lewenstein; 1697, Hynes vs Deasher; 1165, Carroll vs. O'Brien, Sheriff, &c.; 619, Faris, et al. vs. Peck et al.; 783, Murphy vs. Sharp, impleaded, &c.; 1583, Miller, administrator, vs. Deer; 1819, Collins vs. Mullin; 1349, Main vs. Tallmann; 1069, Dace vs. The New-Jersey Southern Railroad Company; 1185, Herovandt et al. vs. Krabe; 1783, Schanck et al. vs. Bartels; 1789, Quinn vs. Van Pelt; 1391, Mallory vs. West Shore Hudson River Railroad Company; 1893, Caldwell vs. The Hotchkiss Brick Machine Company; 299, Davidson, trustee, vs. Parker; 789, Blant vs. Marx; 1599, Emmons vs. Marshall; 1843, Siess vs. Moshoof.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—Part II.—Held by McCunn, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.—1068, Ely vs. O'Brien, Sheriff, &c.; 760, Andrews vs. O'Brien, Sheriff, &c.; 540, Sayr vs. O'Brien, Sheriff, &c.; 624, Herbert vs. Pell; 848, Tolcott vs. Belding; 93, Clare vs. National City Bank; 816, Reead vs. Clarkson; 1046, Schwensinahe vs. Masterson; 1218, Scheurman vs. Malty; 88, Caspar vs. O'Brien, Sheriff, &c.; 868, Gorham Manufacturing Company vs. Fargo, President; 610, Stroub vs. The Third-avenue Railroad Company; 1244, Levy, Administratrix, vs. The New-Haven Steam-boat Company; 1226, Van Alen vs. Story, impleaded, &c.; 1012, Hayes vs. Brender; 1054, Anderson vs. Babcock.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Held by J. F. Daley, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.—473, Dart et al. vs. Walker et al.; 710, Peabody vs. Speyers; 1065½, Selott vs. Wright. By Order—1829, More vs. Rand; 1015, Elliott vs. Broadway and Seventh-avenue Railroad Company; 1289, Fox vs. Stilwell; 1409, Rothman vs. O'Brien, Sheriff, &c.; 1268, Jacobs vs. Merchants' Insurance Company; 1446, Martine vs. Quin, Administratrix; 1395, Bauer, Administratrix, vs. Mann; 231, Campbell vs. Richardson; 1034, Fitzsimmons vs. Kopner; 1396, The Board of Commissioners of Excise vs. Reynolds; 1397, The Board of Commissioners of Excise vs. Levinger; 1398, The Board of Commissioners of Excise vs. Silleck.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Held by Van Brunt, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.—1493, Harrison vs. Gardiner, Jr.; 1033, White vs. Continental National Bank; 1384, Burke vs. Gardner; 1259, Mulford vs. Hitchcock; 1436, Cameion vs. Hart; 1443, Milnom vs. New-York and New Haven Railroad Company; 1524, Tannenbaum vs. Migel; 1525, Haywood vs. New-York and Harlem Railroad Company; 1527, Glendenning vs. Canary et al.; 1528, Coe vs. Cassidy; 1529, Bishop vs. Bassford; 1530, Board of Commissioners of Excise vs. Billings; 1531, Board of Commissioners of Excise vs. Frankenstein; 1532, Stein vs. Deutsch; 1533, Slingerland vs. Miles.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—Part II.—Held by Curtis, J.—Court opens and Calendar called at 10 A. M.— ——, Waschawsky vs. Licht; 8225, Bollman vs. Donovan; 8291, Rhoe vs. Moore; 9133, McGuckin vs. Forster; 8153, McDevitt vs. Cassidy; 8258, Block vs. Heyman; 8747, Parmlee vs. Brennan; 8124, Marx vs. McCallum; 8177, Weinthal vs. Vail; 8340, Day vs. Smythe; 8343, Smith vs. Butterworth; 9147, Chalmers vs. Thompson; 8311, Hollaway vs. Devlin; 8313, Lang vs. O'Brien; 8293, Dailey vs. Cornett; 8295, O'Rielly vs. Cornett; 8302, Treadwell vs. Hoffmann; 8303, Same vs. Same; 8307, Forbes vs. Van Ness.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Held by Hackett, Recorder.—1, Antonio Arata, manslaughter; 2, James Whalen, rape; 3, Patrick Keeley, robbery; 4, James Casey, John Hart and Richard Bohen, robbery; 5, Peter Weir, burglary; 6, John Morgan and John O'Rorke, burglary; 7, John McKenna, felonious assault and battery; 8, Joseph Maggie, felonious assault and battery; 9, Eva Radford, felonious assault and battery; 10, Thomas McCormack, felonious assault and battery; 11, William McKay, felonious assault and battery; 12, John Brown, grand larceny; 13, William Brown, (two cases,) grand larceny; 14, Edward Haggerty and John Haggerty, grand larceny; 15, Daniel Bagley and George Harman, felonious assault and battery.

DECISIONS.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—MARCH 25.

By Judge Cardozo.

McMahon vs. Daly; order settled.

In the matter of Edward Oppenheimer et al. to vacate assessment; order granted.

Fisher vs. Phillips; (see memorandum with Clerk.)

McMahon vs. Phillips; Covert vs. Covert; Norate vs. Hesslin; Herder vs. Dowling; Locing vs. Reynolds; In the matter of the petition of Mathew Kelly to vacate assessment; in the matter of the petition of Stymus to vacate assessment; orders granted.

The People ex. rel. Skilton vs. Gowet; (see memorandum with Clerk.)

Voorhies vs. National Citizens' Bank; (see memorandum with Clerk.)

Cusack vs. Griswold; motion denied.

Scott vs. Blackwall; (see opinion with Clerk.)

Chisian vs. Chisian; (see opinion with Clerk.)

In the matter of the application of William Scott and others, petitioners; order denied.

In the matter of the petition of J. F. Betz, to vacate assessment; prayer denied.

Wagner vs. Levy; motion denied.

Hodge vs. Silsby; (see opinion with Clerk.)

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.—MARCH 25

By Judge Sedgwick.

Emmons et al. vs. O'Brien, Sheriff; order granted.

Rebecca Hunter vs. J. F. C. Richart; default taken.

Andrew J. Hackley vs. Morgan L. Harris; default taken.

Margaret S. Walsh vs. Louis A. Sayer; order granting motion for attachment.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM.—MARCH 25.

By Judge Robinson.

Robert Wilcox vs. Elizabeth Wilcox; judgment of divorce granted plaintiff, with custody of children.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—MARCH 25

Before Judge Cardozo.

THE NINTH WARD ASSISTANT ALDERMANSHIP.

James E. McVeany vs. Peter Culkins.—It will be remembered that plaintiff and defendant were opposing candidates for the position of Assistant Alderman of the Ninth Ward in the Fall of 1868. The Board of Canvassers gave a certificate to Culkins, who served nearly to the end of his term, drawing his pay from the City, when, after a trial before Judge Mullen and a jury, McVeany was declared entitled to the office. McVeany then sued the City for his pay, and an answer was interposed on behalf of the latter, pleading the certificate of the canvassers to Culkins and his receipt of the pay attached to the office. To this answer plaintiff put in a reply, setting up the subsequent judgment in his favor before Judge Allen. A motion is now made to strike out this reply as being improperly put in, the City not having been a party in interest in the suit between McVeany and Culkins, in which the judgment was obtained. A preliminary objection was taken on behalf of the plaintiff that this motion could not be maintained, as a demurrer to the reply had already been put in. Against this it was argued on behalf of the City that the demurrer had not been put in until after notice of this motion. Judge CARDOZO reserved his decision.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART II.—MARCH 25.

Before Judge McCunn and a Jury.

LIABILITY OF COMMON CARRIERS—A MYSTERIOUS HUMAN HEAD.

Elias Magnus vs. William Dinsmore, President.—This action is brought by plaintiff, a dealer in jewelry, to recover $2,500 from Adams Express Company, being the value of a box of watches shipped by the Express Company to Memphis, Tenn., in 1863, and never received by the consignee. In 1864, or about a year after the loss, a human head was found on the beach near Red Hook, Long Island, in company with a small box answering to the description of that in which the watches were shipped. The mysterious head has never been fully explained, but the box was identified by parties as that in which the watches were shipped. The defense relied upon was that the box had been delivered and a receipt obtained from the consignee; also, that even if not delivered, the Company's liability was limited to $50, the parties consigning it not having disclosed its value, as required by a clause in the receipt. The receipt relied upon by the defendants was proved by plaintiff to have been for a similar box delivered about the same time the box of watches should have been delivered, but which contained only diamond rings. As to the clause in the receipt, it was proved to have been the duty of the receiving-clerk of the Company to ask the value of each package presented for transportation, and it was argued in behalf of plaintiff that, either the receiving-clerk neglected his duty, or if he did not neglect it, and made the customary inquiry, he received a truthful answer as to the value of the property contained in the box, thus in either case avoiding the effect of the clause in the express receipt.

The jury found in favor of plaintiff for $2,431 14, and the Court granted an additional allowance of five per cent. on the amount of the verdict.

E. Bambridge Smith, for plaintiff; Mr. De Costa, for defendant.

A New-York Scene.

A signal instance of the curiosity of New-York crowds was evidenced yesterday afternoon in Printing-house-square. A lager-beer wagon became entangled in the maze of railroad tracks, and was unable to move, it requiring about three minutes' labor to extricate the vehicle. In that short time no less than fourteen railroad cars were blocked, and they prevented the passage of twenty-two vehicles of all descriptions. But this was not all, for no less than one thousand persons gathered in the square to witness the proceedings, though where all the people came from, was difficult to imagine.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

NEW-YORK, Monday, March 25, 1872.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been as follows:

Ashes, pks.	10	Tar, bbls.	351
Bees-wax, pkg.	1	Resin, bbls.	2,495
Cotton, bales	4,028	Oil-cake, pks.	740
Cotton-seed, bags	367	Pork, pks.	2,475
Copper, bbls.	18	Beef, pks.	10
Dried Fruit, pks.	16	Cut-meats, pks.	2,931
Eggs, bbls.	2,157	Grease, pks.	190
Flour, bbls.	9,994	Lard, pks.	2,006
Wheat, bushels	300	Lard, kegs	20
Corn, bushels	35,140	Molasses, (N.O.) bbls.	373
Oats, bushels	10,275	Stearine, pks.	183
Malt, bushels	2,480	Butter, pks.	1,070
Barley, bushels	2,000	Cheese, pks.	525
Grass-seed, bags	929	Tallow, pks.	57
Beans, bushels	340	Pea-nuts, bags	1,250
B. E. Peas, bags	137	Rice, pks.	229
Meal, bbls.	714	Sugar, (N. O.) hhds.	14
Flax, bales	83	Silver Ore, sacks	1,744
Ginseng, pks.	27	Starch, pks.	500
Hemp, bales	27	Skins, bales	38
Hops, bales	33	Tobacco, hhds.	272
Hides, No.	16,164	Tobacco, pks.	2,235
Hides, bales	486	Whisky, bbls.	164
Leather, sides	12,571	Wool, bales	79
Moss, bales	76	Oil, bbls.	91
Spirits Turp., bbls.	221	Lead, pigs	288

The export clearances since our last, as reported at the Merchants' Exchange, Pine-street, have been as follows:

By the steamer *Italy*, for Liverpool—2,492 bales Cotton, 543 tcs. Lard, 4,048 boxes Bacon, 653 bbls. Pork, 2 tcs. Tallow, 20 tcs. Stearine, 798 tcs. Beef, 16 cases Machinery, 51 tcs. Tongues, 17 tcs. Hocks, 15 casks Sperm-oil, 35 pks. Hams, 10 cases Sarsaparilla, 3,000 Staves, 889 bbls. Resin, 25 cases Oil Peppermint, 52 tcs. Pork, 50 boxes Tobacco, 20 cases Paper, 390 boxes Cheese.

By the bark *George Washington*, for Baracoa—1,066 pieces Lumber.

By the brig *Amelia Emma*, for Matanzas—Ballast.

By the brig *Lucy W. Snow*, for Matanzas—Ballast.

By the bark *Idea*, for Genoa—16,575 cases Refined Petroleum.

By the brig *Mercedes*, for Cienfuegos—3,300 Shooks and Hoops, 1,000 bundles Hoops, 75 kegs Nails, 30 bbls. Potatoes.

By the schr. *Ontario*, for Point-à-Pitre—750 bbls. Flour, 30 bbls. Beef, 30 bbls. Pork, 320 pks. Fish, 5,000 ℔s. Lard, 65 boxes Bread, 25 boxes Candles, 15 tcs. Ham, 50 bags Oats, 75 bags Corn, 6 hhds. Tobacco, 1 box Tobacco, 800 Shooks.

And from Baltimore, during the week, by the British bark *Twilight*, for Londonderry, Ireland—6 bbls. Flour, 400 bbls. Resin, 37,954 bushels Corn, 3,600 Staves, 4 pks. Sundries....By the British brig *Apollo*, for San Fernando—213 bbls. Flour, 100 bbls. Peas, 3,750 ℔s. Lard, 1,500 gallons Kerosene, 300 punch. Oil-meal, 3,648 feet Lumber, 423 Shooks....By the British bark *Copsefield*, for Penarth Roads—22,162 bushels Corn....By the brig *Clytie*, for Bordeaux—461 hhds. Tobacco....By the bark *Trinidad*, for Gloucester, England—61,309 bushels Corn....By the British bark *Aerolite*, for Dundalk, Ireland—14,311 bushels Corn.....By the British bark *Ella*, for Cardenas—2,166 Shooks, 2,106 pieces Heads, 22,000 Hoops,...By the British schooner *St. Herbert*, for Halifax—400 bbls. Meal, 103 bbls. Tar, 3 bbls. Pitch, 6,094 bushels Corn, 11 bags Clover-seed, 131 cases Oysters, 8 cases Peaches, 25 cases Dried Apples.....By the brig *Torrent*, for Cardenas—3,159 Shooks, 30,000 Hoops.

COFFEE—Pending definite action by Congress on the tariff questions, trade is very dull to-day, though values are quoted steady, on the previous basis. The stock of Rio in first hands here, this evening, is 144,230 bags.

COTTON—Has been verp sparingly dealt in for early delivery, at essentially unchanged prices; sales, 371 bales, including 167 bales to shippers, 153 bales to spinners, and 51 bales to speculators. For forward delivery a fairly active movement has been reported, on the basis of previous quotations; sales, 22,600 bales, (13,700 bales Saturday evening and 22,600 bales today,) basis of Low Middling, including, on Saturday evening, for March, 100 bales at 22 3-16c.; April, 1,300 bales at 22 3-16c., 200 bales at 22 7-32c., 3,100 bales at 22¼c., 2,000 bales at 22 5-16c.; May, 900 bales at 22⅞c., 300 bales at 22 15-16c., 1,500 bales at 22⅞c., 300 bales at 22 15-16c., 400 bales at 22⅞c.; June, 200 bales at 23 5-16c.; 100 bales at 23¼c., 100 bales at 23⅜c., 500 bales at 23 5-16c.; July, 200 bales at 23 11-32c., 200 bales at 23⅜c.; August, 300 bales at 23 1-16c., 800 bales at 23⅛c., 200 bales at 23⅛c.; September, 300 bales at 21 15-16c., 200 bales at 21⅞c.; October, 200 bales at 19 11-16c.; November, 100 bales at 19c.; December, 200 bales at 19c.; and today, for March, 500 bales at 22⅛c., 100 bales at 22 3-16c., 900 bales at 22⅛c., 100 bales at 22 3-16c.; April, 100 bales at 22 5-16c., 2,200 bales at 22¼c., 200 bales at 22⅛c., notice after 15th; 300 bales at 22¼c., notice after 10th; 200 bales at 22 9-32c.; May, 500 bales at 22 15-16c., 900 bales at 22⅞c., 600 bales at 22 15-16c., 800 bales at 22⅞c., 100 bales at 22 15-16c.; June, 200 bales at 23⅜c., 200 bales at 23 5-16c., 200 bales at 23⅜c.; August, 500 bales at 23⅛c.; December, 300 bales at 19c. Exchanged—1⅛c. paid to exchange 200 bales April for 200 June. The average quotations of Saturday's forward deliveries, as officially reported upon the bulletin, were as follows: March, 22.11c.; April, 22.22c.; May, 22.90c.; June, 23 5-16c.; July, 23.33c.; August, 23.07c. The receipts at this port today were 4,028 bales, including 98 bales from Newbern, 305 bales from Savannah, 1,242 bales from New-Orleans, 11 bales from Georgetown, 1,357 bales from Norfolk, 288 bales from Charleston, 14 bales from Baltimore, 713 bales per Railroad. The reported receipts at the shipping ports today were 9,282 bales, and thus far this week were 15,964 bales, against 12,692 bales same time the preceding week. The receipts at all the shipping ports since Sept. 1 have been 2,889,754 bales, against 3,255,584 bales same time in 1870-71. The following official quotations are based on Cotton running in quality not more than half a grade above or below the grade quoted:

Closing Prices of Cotton in New-York Today.

	Uplands.	Alabama.	N. O.	Texas.
Ordinary	19¾	19⅞	20⅛	20⅜
Good Ordinary	21¼	21⅜	21⅝	21¾
Low Middling	22	22⅛	22⅜	22½
Middling	22⅝	22¾	23	23⅛
Good Middling	23⅜	23½	23¾	24

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been held with a fair show of confidence, on a comparatively moderate offering of desirable lots, but has been less freely dealt in. The home-trade call has been on a restricted scale, and the export inquiry light. Sales have been made since our last, of 9,400 bbls., all told, including inferior to very choice Superfine State and Western at $6 15@$6 65; inferior to good Extra State at $6 75@$7; good to fancy at $7@$7 50; poor to very good shipping Extra Western at $6 65@$7; poor to good shipping brands round-hoop Extra Ohio at $6 90@$7 10 ᵽ bbl.

No. 2 Flour, ᵽ bbl.	$4 75@$6 10
Sour Flour	5 00@ 6 75
Superfine State and Western	6 15@ 6 65
Extra State	6 75@ 7 50
Extra City, shipping brands	6 75@ 7 50
Extra Genesee	7 50@ 9 50
Extra Ohio, round-hoop shipping brands	6 90@ 7 10
Extra Western, shipping brands	6 65@ 7 00
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	7 15@ 9 25
Extra Western, trade and family brands	7 00@ 9 25
Extra St. Louis, ordinary and fancy	7 25@10 75

Southern Flour has been in moderate demand at former rates. Sales have been reported since our last of 1,100 bbls. at $8 50@$8 30 for ordinary to very good, and $8 30@$10 75 for good to very choice Extra, ᵽ bbl. Canada Flour has been very dull since our last, at from $8 50@$8 75 for Extra. Rye Flour has been in good demand within the range of from $4 10@$5 10 ᵽ bbl.; sales, 550 bbls. Corn-meal continues in moderate request at $3 45@$3 70 for White and Yellow Western, chiefly at $3 60 for Yellow; $3 50@$3 60 for Jersey, and $3 75@$3 80 for Brandywine; sales, 300 bbls.

GRAIN—There has been a very slow movement reported in Wheat, since our last, and values have been quoted 1c.@2c. ᵽ bushel lower, on somewhat freer offerings, particularly of the less desirable grades of Spring, which have been weak and irregular. For No. 2 Chicago Spring, afloat, bids were reported of $1 53, with a sale of a boat-load rumored at $1 51, in store. Red and Amber Wheat was in some demand for milling purposes, and sales were reported of about 18,000 bushels at $1 71@$1 71½ for Amber Western, in store, and $1 65@$1 71 for Red Western, Jersey and Pennsylvania. White Wheat very dull and nominal....Corn has been quite moderately sought after, closing lower and weak. Sales have been reported since our last of 47,000 bushels at 70½c.@71½c. for New Mixed, in lots, closing at about 70½c.@71c. for prime samples, delivered; 70c. for do. in store; 72c.@72½c. for Yellow and White Western, and 72c. for Yellow Southern, ᵽ bushel....Rye has been quiet, but held with confidence....Barley has been in quite moderate demand and quoted heavy, with sales reported here of 6,200 bushels Canada West at $1 07½@$1 10, in store and afloat; and at Albany, of 10,500 bushels do., now on the canal, at $1 09 ᵽ bushel...Barley-malt inactive, yet quoted steady....An improved demand prevailed for Oats at a shade better prices. Sales have been reported since our last of 81,000 bushels at 55c.@56c. for Mixed Western, from track and afloat; 53½c. for Mixed Western, in store; and 55½c.@59c. for ordinary to very choice White Western and Ohio, from store, track and delivered, the latter rate for very choice.

Stock of Grain in Store in New-York and Brooklyn.

	1872. March 23. Bushels.	1872. March 18. Bushels.	1871. March 26. Bushels.	1870. March 27. Bushels.
Wheat	2,216,770	2,262,310	1,166,759	2,159,917
Corn	629,346	639,431	154,646	409,461
Oats	1,519,778	1,618,127	816,094	916,572
Barley	177,766	177,618	243,851	146,785
Rye	336,437	380,671	148,634	37,089
Peas	3,232	3,232	2,119	11,993
Malt	80,654	77,096	183,986	35,318
Grand total	4,963,983	5,158,495	271,689	3,777,135

HIDES—Sales today 1,000 Entre Rios at 28½c.; and 2,100 Dry Texas on private terms. Market unchanged.

LEATHER—There has been a pretty free movement in Hemlock tannages, the demand having been mainly from home buyers, and with light arrivals and reduced stocks, prices have been quite firm. For Union Crops and Rough Leather, the demand has also been active at full rates, on scant offerings. We quote: Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, Heavy, 28½c.@29½c.; Middle, 29c.@30c.; Light, 27½c.@28½c.; California, Heavy, 27½c.@28c.; Middle, 27½c.@28c.; Light, 27c.@28c.; Orinoco, &c., Heavy, 26c.@27c.; Middle, 26c.@27½c.; Light, 26c.@27c.; Good Damaged, all kinds and weights, 24c.@25½c.; Poor Domaged, all kinds and weights, 19c.@21c.; Rough, 29c.@33c.; Union Cropped, Heavy, 35c.@38c.; Middle, 36c.@40c.; Light, 34c.@40c.; Bellies, 17c.@19c.; Oak, Rough, all weights, 32c.@37c.; Southern, all weights, 30c.@32c., currency, ᵽ ℔.

MOLASSES—Has been quiet today; prices have not varied essentially; offerings of foreign limited. Sales have been reported since our last of 115 bbls. New-Orleans at 62c.@65c., and 50 hhds. Cuba Muscovado at 35c. ᵽ gallon. We quote: Porto Rico at 25c.@40c. for old, and 35c.@55c. for new; Cuba, 19c.@35c. for old, and 31c.@38c. for new; English Islands, 25c.@35c. for new; and New-Orleans, 40c.@70c. for new, ᵽ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Resin has been more actively sought after at steadier prices, with sales reported of 5,000 bbls. Strained and good Strained within a range of from $3 50@$3 60; 5,850 bbls. No. 2 at $3 62½@$3 87½; 450 bbls. low No. 1 at $4, and 300 bbls. Pale at $4 50@$6 50 ᵽ 280 ℔s....Tar has been quiet and depressed, with Newbern available at $3 ᵽ bbl....City Pitch quoted at $4 25@$4 50 ᵽ bbl....Spirits Turpentine has been in reduced stock and wanted at firmer rates, with merchantable quoted at 70c.@70½c.@71c.; sales, 590 bbls.; closing at 70½c.@71c. ᵽ gallon.

PETROLEUM—There has been a very moderate inquiry noted for Oil in the local market, and values have been quoted less firm....Refined has been quiet here and quoted at 22½c.@22¾c. for early delivery. At Philadelphia the current quotations for prompt delivery were 21⅜c.@21½c.; early half of April at 21¾c. and last half do. at 22c.@22¼c., with some call from export buyers; and one or two cargoes reported sold at about quoted rates, including one of 1,500 bbls., last half of April at 22c....Refined, in cases, has been in some request at 27½c.@28c. here....Crude quiet at 12⅝c.@12¾c. ᵽ gallon....Shipping Crude at 17c....Naphtha dull within a range of from 10⅛c.@10¼c.... From the Creek the advices are of a limited movement, with Upper and Lower Road deliveries quoted about as before, $3 60@$3 65 ᵽ bbl.

PROVISIONS—A pretty fair demand has been noted for Pork, for early delivery, at essentially unchanged prices. Sales have been reported of 1,050 bbls. at $13@$13 12½, chiefly at $13 06¼, for new Western Mess, $13 for new City Mess, $12 50 for old Mess, $11 for Extra Prime, and $13 37½ for uninspected new Mess, ᵽ bbl. For forward delivery, a moderate inquiry prevailed, and sales were reported of 2,500 bbls. New Western Mess, seller July, at $13 50 ᵽ bbl.... Dressed Hogs have been in limited demand at 5⅛c.@6⅛c. for City, ᵽ ℔....Cut-meats have been in request at previous figures, ranging from 8½c.@9½c. for Dry-salted and Sweet-pickled Hams, and 4⅞c.@5⅛c. for Shoulders, ᵽ ℔. The reported sales since our last include 420 pks. Hams and 60 pks. Shoulders within the range....Bacon has been less active, but quoted about steady; sales, 500 boxes Long and Short Clear at 7 1-16c.@7⅛c.; 42 boxes Short Clear at 7 1-16c.; 50 boxes Long Clear at 7c., and 50 boxes Short Rib at 6⅞c....Lard has been comparatively quiet, and values have shown less buoyancy. City product has been much depressed. Sales have been reported of 830 tcs. and bbls., for early delivery, at 8½c.@9⅛c. for No. 1 to choice Steam and Kettle-rendered, chiefly at 9c. for prime Western Steam; 9⅛c.@9¼c. for prime Kettle-rendered; 8⅞c. for prime City Steam and Kettle; 8⅜c.@8⅝c. for No. 1, and 9⅛c.@9⅜c. for Refined. For forward delivery a limited demand has been noted, and sales have been reported of only 1,000 tcs. prime Western Steam, including 250 tcs. seller April at 9 1-16c., and 750 tcs. seller June at 9⅜c. ᵽ ℔....Beef has been in moderate request at from $7 50@$10 for Mess, and $10@$12 56 for Extra Mess; sales, 150 bbls. Tierce Beef continues dull and nominal at from $12@$18 for new Prime Mess, and $15@$22 for India Mess, and $23@$24 for City Extra do., ᵽ tierce. Beef Hams have been in less demand at $22@$26, as the extremes; sales, 140 bbls.

SEED—Clover has been steady, but rather inactive; sales, 530 bags, at 9½c. for good Indiana, and 9¾c. for choice Ohio. Other kinds dull.

SOAP—Has been quoted generally firm, on a fair demand. We quote: Castile 12½c.@13½c.; Colgate's Pale, 7¾c.; Family, 8¼c., and No 1, 6¾c. ᵽ ℔.

SPICES—Have been held firmly, and have been in moderate demand. We quote: No. 1 Nutmegs at 95c.@97½c.; Mace, $1 22½@$1 25; Cassia, 29c.@30c.; White Pepper, 37½c.; East India Pepper at 17c.@18½c.; Ginger, 10½c.@11¼c.; Pimento at 10¼c.@10½c.; Cloves, 16c., gold, ᵽ ℔.

SUGARS—A moderately active movement has been noted in Raw, chiefly for refining purposes, on the basis of Saturday's reduced quotations, the market ruling about steady. Sales have been reported since our last of 2,385 hhds. and 1,379 boxes, including 1,993 hhds. very good common to scant good refining Cuba at 8⅝c.@8¾c.; 290 hhds. Centrifugal at 9⅜c.@9¾c.; 20 hhds. Texas at 8c.; 1,379 boxes Centrifugal at 9⅜c.@9¾c.; and 82 hhds. Melado at 6¾c. ᵽ ℔. We quote: Fair refining Cuba at 8⅝c.; good do. at 8⅞c.; prime do. at 9c.; refining Porto Rico, common to prime, at 8c @ 9c.; grocery grades, Porto Rico, fair to strictly choice, 9⅜c.@10⅛c., ᵽ ℔.; No. 12 Clayed Box Sugar at 9⅜c.@9½c.; Manila, in bags, 7¾c.@8⅛c. for superior to extra superior. Refined Sugars continue in fair demand at from 10⅛c.@12⅛c., as the extremes, ᵽ ℔.

TALLOW, &c.—The market has been generally quiet; stock has been offered quite moderately at the ruling figures; the demand has been on a restricted scale; sales have been reported of 43,000 ℔s. at 8¾c.@9c. for fair to prime. Of Stearine small lots were sold at 9½c. Of Gresse, 250 tcs. at 8c.

WHISKY—Has been purchased to the extent of 250 bbls., in lots, at 89½c.@90c., chiefly at 89½c. ᵽ gallon, the closing price.

FREIGHTS—The demand has been quite moderate for berth room, which has been in comparatively limited supply, with rates quoted firm. The chartering business has been somewhat brisker. The inquiry for vessels for the Petroleum and West India trades has been fair, and for general cargo moderate. Rates have been well supported....For Liverpool, by steam, 39,000 bushels Grain at 5d.@5½d. ᵽ bushel; 800 pks. Provisions at 25s.; 100 tons Oil-cake at 22s. 6d.; and 800 bbls. Pork on private terms. Also, a British ship, 1,198 tons, with general cargo, on private terms; and a ship, with Cotton, from New-Orleans, at 17-32d. ᵽ ℔....For London, by sail, 7,800 bushels Wheat, in ship's bags, at 6½d.; 15,500 bushels do., from store, at 7d. ᵽ bushel; 100 tons Oil-cake at 17s. 6d.... For Bristol, by sail, 700 boxes Bacon on private terms; also, an American bark, 566 tons, with general cargo, on private terms....For the United Kingdom, direct, a British bark, 426 tons, reported with Molasses, from Philadelphia, on private terms; another, 400 tons, with equal to 2,800 bbls. Petroleum, from do., at 5s. 3d., privilege of Continent at 6s. 3d. ᵽ bbl.; also, a British bark, 320 tons, rumored with general cargo, from Philadelphia, on private terms....For Falmouth and orders, a Spanish bark, reported with 2,500 boxes Sugar, from Havana, at 37s. 6d.; another, with equal to 900 hhds. Sugar, from Cardenas, at 45s.; another with 3,000 boxes do., from Havana, at 32s. 6d.; another, 800 hhds. do., from Caibarien, at 45s.; a Norwegian brig, 1,000 boxes do., from Cardenas, at 45s., and a British brig, 1,400 boxes do., from Matanzas, at 41s. 3d....For Cork and orders, a Russian bark, 545 tons, and a British bark, 446 tons, rumored hence with general cargo, without reliable particulars....For Belfast, a Norwegian bark, 298 tons, with equal to about 2,000 quarters Corn, from Baltimore, at 6s. 6d. ᵽ quarter....For Ayr, a British bark, 432 tons, (now here,) with Deals, from St. John's, on owner's account....For Antwerp, equal to 3,300 pks. Provisions, hence at 25s.@27s. 6d. ᵽ ton; also a British bark, 720 tons, with equal to about 5,000 bbls. Petroleum, from Philadelphia, (chartered previous to arrival,) on private terms....For Hamburg, 350 boxes Extract Logwood and 40 casks fruit at 22s.6d. ᵽ ton....For Stettin, 1,000 bbls. Resin at 2s. 6d ᵽ 280 ℔s....For Cronstadt, an American bark, 519 tons, and another about 450 tons, (to arrive,) reported with general cargo, mainly Machinery, from Philadelphia, on private terms....For Helsingfors, a Norwegian bark, with 3,200 boxes Sugar, from Havana, at 40s.... For Continetal ports, a German bark, 252 tons, with Wool, from Cape Elizabeth, C. G. H., at ¾d. and 1d....For Gibraltar and orders, an Italian bark, hence with 6,500 cases Petroleum, at 30c., to the Mediterranean; a British schooner, 193 tons, with 7,000 to 8,000 cases do., at 30c., with privilege of the Adriatic, at 35c....For Marseilles, an Italian brig, 344 tons, with 2,000 boxes Sugar, from Havana, at 42 francs....For the north side of Cuba, a British brig, about 350 tons, hence and back, with Sugar, at $6 25....For Cuba and back, a British brig, 297 tons, general cargo, on private terms. ....For Jamaica, an American brig, 326 tons, reported out, with general cargo, at $1,200 gold, and back on private terms..For Baltimore, an American schooner, 234 tons reported, with 100 hhds. and 1,600 boxes Sugar, from Havana, at $5 and $1 40; an American bark, with 700 hhds. Sugar, from Caibarien at $6 50; an American brig, with 700 hhds. do, from do, privilege of Philadelphia, at $6 75; and a British brig, 245 tons, with Sugar, from Georgetown, Demerara, at about $4 25....For Philadelphia, a British brig, 197 tons, with 300 hhds. Sugar, from Havana, at $5 25; a British schooner, 306 tons, with 500 hhds. Molasses from do. at $3 75; an American schooner, with 400 hhds. Molasses, from do., same rate; an American bark, 314 tons, with 500 hhds. Sugar, from Caibarien, at $6 50; an American schooner, with general cargo, from Georgetown, Demerara, at $1,200; a British brig, with equal to 500 hhds. Sugar, from Havana, at $5 25, and $1 30; a brig, with 500 hhds. Molasses, from do., at $5 50; and another, with equal to 500 hhds. Sugar, from do., at $5 50, and $1 25....For San Domingo City and back to Boston, a brig, 177 tons, on private terms....For Havana, a brig, 323 tons, from Boston, general cargo, at $1,075....For the Delaware Breakwater, a British schooner, 224 tons, with Sugar, from Georgetown, Demerara, at $4 75..For ports north of Hatteras, an American schooner, with 550 hhds. Molasses, from Sagua, at $4 25, excluding New-York; a bark, with equal to 850 hhds. Sugar, and a British brig, 600 hhds. do., from Matanzas, at $5 75 and $1 50; a brig, with 700 hhds. Molasses, from do., at $3 50; another, with 280 hhds. do., at $3 50 and $3 75; another, 700 hhds. do., from Cardenas, at $3 75....For New-York, a Norwegian bark, 388 tons, with Sugar, in boxes, from Havana, at $1 15, currency; an American bark, 388 tons, with Sugar, from do. at $5, and $1 25; a British bark, 365 tons, with 600 hhds. do. from Cardenas or Sagua at $6; a Russian bark, 800 tons, equal to 4,000 boxes do., from Havana, at $1 10 and $4 50; a Norwegian bark, with 2,500 boxes do. from do., at $1 15; a schooner, with Lime, from Rockland, at 32c., and another, with do., at 30c....For Boston, an American bark, 442 tons, with Sugar, from Havana, at $1 40 and $5; a schooner, with Lumber, from Darien, Ga., at $10 50; another, with do., from Jacksonville, at $13 50; and another, with 250,000 feet do., from Pensacola, at $12....For Salem, a schooner, with Lumber, from Bull's Ferry Creek, at $11 50....For Bath, a schooner, with Lumber, from Wilmington, at $10 25.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

CHICAGO, March 25.—FLOUR—Double Extra quiet at $6 50@$7. WHEAT active; sales of No. 2 Spring at $1 19⅝, cash; $1 20⅝, seller April. CORN steady at 37⅛c. for No. 2 Mixed, cash and seller April. OATS quiet and unchanged. RYE—Sales of No. 2 at 70c. BARLEY nominal. PORK steady at $11 60@$11 70, cash and seller April. LARD very quiet at 8½c. BULK MEATS steady and unchanged. HAMS in pickle sold at 6¾c.@8¾c. WHISKY firm and inactive at 84½c. HOGS sold at $4 25@$4 70. RECEIPTS—2,000 bbls. Flour, 3,000 bushels Wheat, 49,000 bushels Corn, 16,000 bushels Oats, 1,000 bushels Rye, 8,000 Barley, and 2,000 Hogs. SHIPMENTS—3,000 bbls. Flour, 4,000 bushels Wheat, 6,000 bushels Corn, 12,000 bushels Oats, 1,000 bushels Rye, 12,000 bushels Barley, and 4,000 Hogs.

OSWEGO, N. Y., March 25.—FLOUR steady, with a good demand; sales, 2,000 bbls., at $7 75 for No. 1 Spring; $8 25 for Amber Winter; $8 75 for White Winter; $9 25 for Double Extra. WHEAT steady; sales, 1,300 bushels choice White Canada at $1 85. CORN unchanged; sales, 1,600 bushels at 71c., on track. BARLEY nominally $1 for Bay Quinte. RYE dull; sales, one car Western at 85c. CORN-MEAL, $1 60 for Bolted; $1 50 for Unbolted, ᵽ cwt. MILL-FEED unchanged; Shorts, $25; Shipstuffs, $26@$27; Middlings, $28@$30 ᵽ ton. HIGHWINES, 87½c. Railroad FREIGHTS—Flour to Boston, 69c.; to New-York, 59c.; to Albany, 49c.

CINCINNATI, March 25.—FLOUR steady; Family, $7 50@$7 80. WHEAT dull and unchanged; Red, $1 71@$1 73. CORN dull and drooping; sales at 45c.@47c. RYE steady at 90c.@92c. OATS dull at 38c.@42c., BARLEY unchanged. PORK—Demand light and holders firm; $12 asked, $11 75 offered. LARD quiet and unchanged, 8⅜c.@8⅞c. asked. BULK MEATS quiet and unchanged; Shoulders, 4c.; Clear Rib, 5⅛c.@6c.; Clear Sides, 6⅛c. BACON—Demand light and holders firm; Shoulders, 5c.; Sides, 6¾c.@7⅛c.; no sales. Live HOGS quiet and unchanged at $4 50@$4 80; receipts, 1,300 head. WHISKY in fair demand and higher; sales at 85c.

LOUISVILLE, March 25.—TOBACCO unchanged: sales, 74 hhds. BAGGING quiet and firm at 17c.@17½c. FLOUR active and firm; Extra Family, $7 50. GRAIN quiet and firm. CORN, 60c.@61c. OATS, 55c. BARLEY, 75c.@80c. RYE, 85c.@90c. PROVISIONS—Only a limited jobbing demand. BACON—Shoulders, 5¼c.@5½c.; Clear Rib, 7c.; Clear Sides, 7c.@7¼c. BULK MEATS dull; Shoulders, 4¼c.@4½c.; Clear Rib, 6c.; Clear Sides, 6c.@6¼c. PORK inactive; $12 25 offered. LARD, 9c.@9½c. WHISKY quiet at 84c.

MILWAUKEE, March 25.—FLOUR dull and unchanged. WHEAT dull and unsettled; sales of No. 1 at $1 28; No. 2 at $1 21¼. OATS steady at 31½c. for No. 2. CORN—Full prices asked, but no demand at 39½c. for No. 2 Mixed. RYE dull and lower at 67½c. for No. 1. BARLEY steady at 58c. for No. 2 Fall. PORK quiet and unchanged at $11 75@$12. RECEIPTS—2,000 bbls. Flour, 3,000 bushels Wheat. SHIPMENTS—3,000 bbls. Flour.

ALBANY, March 25.—WHEAT—Nothing doing. RYE dull. CORN in limited request and steady; sales 1 car No. 1 Low Mixed Western at 71½c. BARLEY quiet; sales 1 car two-rowed State at 70c. at Susquehanna. OATS dull and unchanged; sales 1 car No. 2 State at 53c. at Susquehanna.

NEW-ORLEANS, March 25.—COTTON quiet; Middlings, 22¼c.; net receipts, 3,824 bales; gross receipts, 4270 bales; exports to Bremen, 4,600 bales; to Amsterdam, 2,079 bales; to Revel, 1,170 bales; coastwise, 534 bales; sales, 4,300 bales; stock, 162,153 bales.

SAVANNAH, March 25.—COTTON firm; little doing; the rain restricts buyers; Middling, 21⅛c.@21¼c.; net receipts, 1,701 bales; exports, coastwise, 1,175; sales, 150 bales; stock, 50,272 bales.

CHARLESTON, March 25.—COTTON quiet; Middling, 21¾c.; net receipts, 248 bales; exports, coastwise, 940 bales; sales, 500 bales; stock, 18,883.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

LONDON, March 25—11½ A. M.—Consols opened at 92⅞ for money, and 93 for the account. United States 5-20 Bonds, 1862s, 92⅞; 1865s, old, 93⅛; 1867s, 93¼; 10-40s, 89¼.

1½ P. M.—Consols for money, 93; for the account, 93⅛.

4½ P. M.—Consols closed at 93⅛ for money, and 93⅛@93⅛ for the account. United 5-20 Bonds, 1862s, 92⅞; 1865s, old, 93⅛; 1867s, 93¼; 10-40s, 89⅛.

PARIS, March 25—P. M.—Rentes closed at 55f. 85c.

LIVERPOOL, March 25—10½ A. M.—COTTON—The market opened quiet and steady; Middling Uplands, 11d.; Middling Orleans, 11⅛d.@11⅜d. The sales of the day are estimated at 10,000 bales.

1½ P. M.—COTTON—The market is quiet and steady. The sales of the day are still estimated at 10,000 bales, including 3,000 for export and speculation. BREADSTUFFS—The market is quiet. PROVISIONS—The market is dull; Pork, 51s. 3d. ᵽ bbl. for fine Western Prime Mess; Beef, 67s. 6d. ᵽ bbl. for Eastern Prime Mess.

4½ P. M.—COTTON—The market closed quiet and steady; Middling Uplands, 11d.; Middling Orleans, 11⅛d.@11⅜d. The sales of the day have been 10,000 bales, including 3,000 bales for speculation and export. PROVISIONS—Bacon, 30s. ᵽ cwt., for Cumberland Cut, and 31s. for Short Rib Middles.

LONDON, March 25.—LINSEED-OIL, £33 5s. ᵽ ton. Spirits TURPENTINE, 55s. ᵽ cwt. TALLOW, 75s. ᵽ cwt. for Russian.

AUCTION SALES.

NEW-YORK COMMON PLEAS.—WILLIAM A. RITCHIE et al. against WILLIAM A. BOYD et al.—In pursuance of a decree of the Court of Common Pleas for the City and County of New-York, made in the above entitled action on the 15th day of March, 1872, I, William A. Boyd, as assignee of George H. Hawkins in said decree mentioned, will expose for sale at public auction on the 6th day of April, 1872, at 10 A. M., at the vestibule of the City Hall, in the City of New-York, by Peter Bowe, auctioneer, the following bills, receivable and open accounts, namely:

E. C. Blake	$15 37	Caleb Stevens	$20 55
Mrs. Fairchild	9 39	C. K. Sherwood	3 90
Mrs. Mary Hayes	29 77	W. W. Sampson	3 36
Loewenstein & Co.	96 87	G. S. Borgenski	48 67
Otis & Co.	87 75	S. & M. Cohen	109 65
Thomas Reynolds	16 55	Earnest Schuster	129 78
Mary R. Reynolds	22 45	Joseph Bernheim	109 35
Mrs. Rhind	4 75	B. Frainthal	10 12
F. W. Armstrong	11 25	Hellen, Feigel &	
L. Solomon	59 04	Heller	74 05
F. Sherman	21 70	Hanauer & Lyon	241 63
Welch & Burke	16 97	F. M. Kimball	21 60
J. M. Burnett	87 93	Macy & Butler	281 87
Mrs. J. Robinson	70	Rosenau Brothers	60 93
J. Litchenstein	10 38	T. Slater Smith	193 05
H. H. Dexter	629 91	M. S. Hart	35 85
R. Weldon	85 62	O. Spence	35 95
Coley & Young	31 77	G. Schwarzbaum &	
Rogers & Coryell	355 05	Co.	23 25

WILLIAM A. BOYD, Assignee.
Dated March 18, 1872. No. 258 Broadway.

JOHN C. KING, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE BY ASSIGNEE IN Bankruptcy, of Valuable CLOCKS and CLOCK-FIXTURES.—The undersigned, Assignee in Bankruptcy of WILLIAM ADAMS, will sell at public auction, on WEDNESDAY, April 3, 1872, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Oakland Works, in the village of Sag-Harbor, Suffolk County, N. Y., the following described property:

1 large tower-clock, nearly finished.
3 unfinished tower-clocks.
A quantity of clock gear of various kinds.
12 clock movements, approved patterns.

A number of clock cases, (unfinished,) a lot of mahogany and other lumber, together with a large lot of locks, brass, iron, &c., &c; one large and one small cutting-engine; a lot of belting, of various widths and lengths; 2 large tanks; spring balances; 1 stationary steam-engine; 2 boilers, 2 large force-pumps, 1 small pump; shafting, pulleys, hangers, an engine-lathe and tools, shears, vice, forge, grindstones, circular saws, benches, tools, 3 small lathes, and other articles.

This sale is peremptory and the terms are cash.

STEPHEN B. FRENCH,
Assignee in Bankruptcy.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT AUCTION.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell by auction, on THURSDAY, March 28, 1872, at 11 o'clock, at the private residence No. 14 West 27th-st., just west of Broadway, the entire furniture contained in said house, consisting of black-walnut buffet, black-walnut extension table, black-walnut dining and side chairs, black-walnut sofa in reps, black-walnut etagere, black-walnut centre and side tables, black-walnut cornices, oval gilt frame mirrors, black-walnut bedsteads, bureaus, lounges, towel-racks, rockers, chairs, linen shades, bronze and gilt chandeliers, mattresses, paillasses, bolsters, pillows, &c.; Brussels carpets, &c. Catalogues at No. 3 Pine-st.

EDWARD M. BROWN, Auctioneer.

BY BROWN & SECCOMB—THIS DAY, TUESDAY, March 26, at 12 o'clock, on Pier No. 6 East River:

4,680 boxes fresh Messina Oranges.
500 boxes fresh Messina Lemons.
Cargo Rhone from Messina.
Immediately after, within their store:
800 cases fresh Valencia Oranges, ex Minnesota.
500 boxes fresh Malaga Lemons, and can be seen at store, No. 81 Pearl-st.

JOHN H. DRAPER & CO., Auctioneers.

THE DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA and Western Railroad Company will sell

125,000 TONS SCRANTON COAL,

at PUBLIC AUCTION, on WEDNESDAY, March 27, at 12 o'clock noon, at No. 26 Exchange-place.

SAMUEL SLOAN, President.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 27, AT 10½ A. M., at No. 306 Washington-st., near Concord-st., Brooklyn, HANDSOME FURNITURE. Fine rosewood 7-octave piano, Ihlseng maker, two pier mirrors, paintings, parlor suites, velvet and Brussels carpets, oak buffet and chairs, chamber furniture, &c.; kitchen utensils.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against George Jackson, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at the office of Moses B. Maclay, counselor at law, No. 2 Nassau-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 1st day of August next.—Dated, New-York, the 4th day of January, 1872.

JAMES DAVIS, JR., } Executors, &c.
MARY ELIZABETH JACKSON. }

ja9-law6mTu*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Cornelius V. S. Roosevelt, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, No. 94 Maiden-lane, in the City of New-York, on or before the 31st day of August next.—Dated New-York, the 19th day of February, 1872. J. A. ROOSEVELT, Executor.

f20-law6mTu*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ABNER L. ELY, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at the office of Horace S. Ely, No. 22 Pine-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 1st day of September next. —Dated New-York, the 8th day of February, 1872.

RICHARD PATRICK, } Executors.
HORACE S. ELY, }

f13-law6mTu*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JOHN DENHAM, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at the office of J. Denham & Co., No. 266 West Twenty-third-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 6th day of August next.—Dated New-York, the 6th day of February, 1872. SAMUEL F. JAYNE, Executor.

f6-law6mTu*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against John S. Hunt, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his office, No. 71 Genesee-st., in the City of Utica, Oneida County, N. Y., on or before the 20th day of September next.—Dated Utica, the 11th day of March, 1872.

WARD HUNT, JR.,
mh12-law6mTu Executor of John S. Hunt, dec'd.

FURNITURE.

STORAGE FOR FURNITURE, CARriages, &c., at the new first-class warehouse; built expressly for the purpose, with separate compartments, elevator, &c.; insured at low rates if desired; No. 106 and 114 East 32d-st., near 4th-av.; articles received on storage for disposal at private sale.

JOHN H. MORRELL.

FURNITURE, CARPETS AND BEDDING.—An immense stock and low prices at B. M. COWPERTHWAIT'S, No. 155 Chatham-st. Weekly and monthly payments taken.

FURNITURE TAKEN ON STORAGE in the lofts of No. 18 4th-av. Apply on the premises, to CONKLIN & BAYLES.

PARLOR AND SOFA BEDS.—PAYNE'S patents, No. 40 Bleecker-st.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

BUSINESS FOR SALE.—HAVING large expectations South, I will dispose of a lucrative business specialty long established. For investigation and information apply in person at No. 661 Broadway, top floor.

THE STOCK AND FIXTURES AND good-will of a wholesale drug business for sale; this is a chance seldom met with; established twelve years. Address CONFIDENTIAL, Box No. 109 *Times* Office.

$2,000 TO $10,000 PER ANNUM may be made by ladies competent to give private or public readings. Call at No. 1,149 Broadway, two stories up, front office, where explanations and engagements will be made.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

NOTICE.—THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between the undersigned, under the firm name of ALEX. M. HAYS & CO., expired by limitation on the 1st inst.

Mr. SHEPARD has withdrawn from the firm and transferred his interest therein to Mr. HAYS, who is alone authorized to sign in liquidation.

ALEX. M. HAYS.
JOHN E. SHEPARD.

Dated NEW-YORK, Feb. 1, 1872.

The business will be continued at the old stand, No. 23 Maiden-lane, by ALEX. M. HAYS & CO.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NATURAL FLOWERS.—FLOWERS furnished for parties, weddings and funerals, in the best style, at short notice. All sorts of designs made up for Easter, by W. FITZPATRICK, florist, No. 1,213 Broadway.

PEW FOR SALE—IN DR. CROSBY'S Church, middle aisle. Inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

STATIONERY.

WM. P. LYON & SON, STATIONERS, Blank-book Manufacturers and Printers, No. 97 Thomas-st. Account books made to order.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of WHEATON H. RACE and AUGUSTUS HUBBARD, bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register in Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Wheaton H. Race and Augustus Hubbard, of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who have been adjudged bankrupts, upon the petition of their creditors, by the District Court of said district.

WILLIAM ANDERSON,
mh13-law3wTu* No. 71 Barclay-st., Assignee.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

BANKRUPTCY SALE OF THE GRAND UNION HOTEL PROPERTY AT SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y.—United States District Court, Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CHARLES LELAND and WARREN LELAND, individually and as partners, composing the firm of LELAND BROTHERS.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, as assignees in bankruptcy of Charles Leland and Warren Leland, and of the firm of Leland Brothers, will, pursuant to the directions of an order made by Hon. Samuel Blatchford, District Judge, at a term of the District Court of the United States of America for the Southern District of New-York, held at the City of New-York on the 10th day of February, 1872, in the matter of the bankruptcy above mentioned, sell at public auction, by E. H. LUDLOW, auctioneer, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on the tenth (10th) day of April, 1872, at 12 M., as one parcel, to the highest bidder, all the real estate particularly described in said order, as follows, viz.:

All those certain lots, pieces or parcels of land situate, lying and being in the village of Saratoga Springs, in the County of Saratoga, and State of New-York, comprising the property known as the Union Hotel establishment, with the Leland Opera-house, now ball-room, cottages, Union Hotel stores, waterworks, gas-works, stables, and grounds attached, particularly bounded and described as follows:

The first, commencing in the south line of Washington-street, at its intersection with the west line of Broadway, and running thence southerly along the west line of Broadway four hundred and forty-one feet six inches, to the north line of Congress-street; thence westerly along the west line of Congress-street, three hundred and sixty feet to the east line of a lot owned by Simon Flanigan; thence northerly along the east line of Flanigan's lot, one hundred and fifty feet, to the north-east corner of the last-mentioned lot; thence westerly along the north line of Flanigan's lots, sixty feet; thence northerly, along the east line of a lot in possession of William M. Searing, thirteen feet, or thereabouts; thence westerly, along the north line of the last-mentioned lot, one hundred and fifty feet, to the east line of Federal-street; thence northerly, along the east line of Federal-street, one hundred and seventy-three feet and six inches; thence easterly, on a line parallel with Washington-street, one hundred and seven feet; thence northerly, on a line parallel with Federal-street, thirty-seven feet; thence easterly, on a line parallel with Washington-street, forty-three feet, to the south-east corner of a lot owned by Daniel D. Benedict; thence northerly, along the east line of Benedict's lot, one hundred and twenty-six feet to Washington-street; thence easterly, along the south line of Washington-street, one hundred and eleven feet, to the north-west corner of the lot owned by the rector, wardens and vestrymen of Bethesda Church; thence southerly, along the west line of the last-mentioned lot, one hundred and fifty feet; thence easterly, on a line parallel with Washington-street, one hundred and nineteen feet, to the south-east corner of lot number twenty-four, as laid down on a map and survey of village lots made by James Scott, in 1810, of lands then belonging to Gideon Putnam, as lot twenty-four; thence northerly along the east line of the last-mentioned lot, one hundred and fifty feet to Washington-street; thence easterly, along the south line of Washington-street, two hundred and five feet, to the place of beginning.

The second is that all other certain lot or parcel of land on the east side of Hamilton-street, in the village of Saratoga Springs, and known as the Barn lot, bounded and described as follows: Beginning on the east line of Hamilton-street, at the north-west corner of the Clarendon Hotel grounds, and running from thence northerly along the east line of Hamilton-street one hundred and twenty-six feet to the south side of a lot owned by Norman Bedortha; thence easterly along the south line of Bedortha's lot one hundred and thirty feet; thence southerly, on a line parallel with Hamilton-street, one hundred and thirty-six feet to the north line of the Clarendon Hotel lot; thence westerly along the north line of the last mentioned lot, one hundred and thirty feet to the place of beginning.

The third lot is all that other piece or parcel of land situate in said village, and known as the Market lot, on the corner of Congress and Hamilton streets, bounded and described as follows: Beginning in the south line of Congress-street, at its intersection with Hamilton-street, and running from thence southerly along the east line of Hamilton-street one hundred and thirty-eight feet, to a lot owned or occupied by John Dinnen; thence easterly along the north line of Dinnen's lot eighty-five feet to an alley; thence northerly along the west line of the alley forty-two feet to the lot owned by Daniel O'Gorman; thence westerly along O'Gorman's south line thirty-three feet; thence northerly along O'Gorman's west line ninety-two feet to Congress-street; thence westerly along the south side of Congress-street to the place of beginning.

The fourth lot is all that certain other lot or parcel of land situate, lying and being in said village, bounded and described as follows: Beginning on the east line of Union-street, at its intersection with the north line of West Circular-street, and running from thence northerly along the east line of Union-street two hundred and forty-nine feet to Leland-street; thence easterly along the south line of Leland-street three hundred and fifty-eight feet to the west line of South Federal or Cold Spring-street; thence southerly along the west line of the last-mentioned street two hundred and nine feet and six inches to the north line of West Circular-street; thence westerly along the north line of the last-mentioned street two hundred and eighty-six feet to the place of beginning.

The fifth piece of land is all that certain other piece or parcel of land situate in said village, and known as the Cold Spring lot, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning on the west line of South Federal or Cold Spring-street, at the south-east corner of a lot of land owned by Simon Flanigan, and running from thence southerly along the west line of South Federal or Cold Spring-street thirty-six feet to the north-east corner of another lot of land owned by Simon Flanigan; thence westerly along the north line of the said Flanigan's land twenty-three feet to the east line of lands belonging to the heirs (or some of them) of Esek Cowen; thence northerly along the east line of the Cowen land sixty-six feet to the south line of the first-mentioned lot owned by Simon Flanigan; thence easterly along the south line of said Flanigan's lot twenty-three feet to the place of beginning, together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining, and the reversion and reversions, remainder and remainders, rents, issues and profits thereof.

There will also be sold pursuant to the order aforesaid, at the same time and place, and together with and as a part of the sale of the said real estate above-mentioned, all the personal property, household and hotel furniture, goods, chattels, apparatus, fixtures, machinery and appurtenances, which have been used as any part of the equipment and furniture of the said Grand Union Hotel, including the wines, liquors and stores now upon said premises, coaches, horses, harness, and stable furniture and fixtures; so that the said several parcels of real estate, with the several buildings thereon, and the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging, and all the equipments thereof, and all the personal property thereon or thereto belonging and used in connection therewith, shall be sold in and as one parcel to the highest bidder.

A detailed statement of the incumbrances on said several parcels of real estate, subject to which the same will be sold, and a diagram showing the dimensions and situation of said premises, and of the buildings thereon, and also a detailed inventory of said personal property, &c., may be obtained at the office of BANGS & NORTH, No. 137 Broadway, New-York.

The said real estate will be sold subject to mortgages thereon, amounting in all to about the principal sum of $156,000, and to the interest accrued and unpaid thereon up to the time of the delivery of the assignees' deed for said property upon the sale, the payment of which mortgages and interest the purchaser shall assume as part of the purchase money. The assignee has acquired, by conveyance from the bankrupts and their wives, a complete and absolute title to the property, and under the order of the Court the said real estate and personal property will be sold, free and clear of all other liens or incumbrances whatever, except the mortgages above-mentioned, and will be conveyed by the usual assignees' deed, as provided by said order.

The terms of sale will be ten per cent. of the amount bid in cash on the day of sale, and the balance in cash upon delivery of the deed within thirty days thereafter.—Dated New-York, March 14, 1872.

JOHN H. PLATT, Assignee.
No. 40 Wall-st., New-York City.
BANGS & NORTH, Attorneys for Assignee,
No. 137 Broadway, New-York.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JAMES R. GILMORE, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by James R. Gilmore, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 3d day of April, 1872, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of Mr. James F. Dwight, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 7 Beekman-street, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 11th day of March, 1872. GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

mh12-law3wTu*

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, District of New-Jersey, ss.: In Bankruptcy at Jersey City, the 6th day of March, A. D. 1872.—The undersigned hereby give notice of their election and appointment as trustees to wind up and settle and make distribution among the creditors, under the inspection and direction of a Committee of the creditors of JOHN RUMMELT and ANDREW LEICHT, partners as ROMMELT & LEICHT, of Jersey City, in the County of Hudson and State of New-Jersey, within said district, who have been adjudged bankrupts upon creditors' petition, by the District Court of said district

GEO. W. CASSEDY,
FRANCIS T. LILLIENDAHL,
VIRGIL DE ESCORREIZA,
SIMON BERNHEIMER.

mh19-law3wT

NO. 3,328.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT of the United States, for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOHN D. CLARK and GEORGE S. CLARK, bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of John D. Clark and George S. Clark, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within said district, who have been adjudged bankrupts upon a creditor's petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 15th day of March, A. D. 1872.

ROBERT S. TAIT, Assignee,
No. 133 West 18th-st., New-York City.

mh26-law3wTu*

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of EMIL STERNE, bankrupt. —In Bankruptcy.—Before Isaiah T. Williams, Register. To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Emil Sterne, of New-York City, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York City, the 18th day of March, A. D. 1872.

JOHN H. PLATT, Assignee.
mh19-law3wTu* No. 40 Wall-st., New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of MORRIS HARRIS, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before John Fitch, Register. —To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Morris Harris, of New-York City, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon creditors' petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York City, the 18th day of March, A. D. 1872. THOMAS F. HAYES,

mh19-law3wTu* Assignee, No. 787 Broadway.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—DISTRICT OF NEW-Jersey, ss.—At Newark, the 23d day of March, A. D. 1872.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of JAMES R. VARNDELL, of Orange, in the County of Essex and State of New-Jersey, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, upon creditors' petition by the District Court of said district.

E. N. MILLER, Assignee, &c.,
mh26-law3wTu* No. 782 Broad-st., Newark, N. J.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WIDOW, AT present residing in the interior part of the State, a position as housekeeper, companion, or governess; is fully qualified by personal appearance, manners, and abilities to fill either position satisfactorily; would prefer a place in or near New-York; the most unexceptionable references furnished. Address, for two weeks, Mrs. MARY L. WATSON, Post-Office Box No. 565, Oswego, N. Y.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN ENGLISH Protestant woman as nurse, who is thoroughly experienced in the care of young children; fully competent to take the entire charge of an infant from birth, or management of a nursery; can give the highest testimonials as to character and capability. Call at No. 542 3d-av., entrance 36th-st.; ring third bell.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young woman; is a first-class waitress; understands the business in all its branches; willing and obliging; would like to go to the country for the season; the best of City reference or country. Can be seen for one day at No. 211 West 16th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE AND seamstress, by a person who can take entire charge of children, and do their washing; has long experience; good City reference; would go in the country; a good home the object. Can be seen until suited at No. 532 East 17th-st.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO REspectable girls in a small private family; one as a good plain cook, and will assist in the washing and ironing; the other as housemaid; are willing to do the work between them; both have excellent City references. Can be seen at No. 116 East 11th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN A PRIVATE family as laundress; understands her business in all branches, fluting, crimping, polishing; will bring a reference of twelve years from her last situation, which was my first place since I arrived in this country. Address or call in person No. 407 East 14th-st., Room No. 18, on my sister, Mrs. MAGINESS.

WANTED—BY A VERY RESPECTABLE young woman, a situation as seamstress, nurse and seamstress, or lady's maid; can dress hair nicely; good seamstress; cut and fit, operate; experienced nurse; good testimonials; country or City. Apply at No. 335 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young woman as good cook, washer and ironer; excellent bread and biscuit baker; no objection to a boarding-house or to go a short distance in the country; good City reference. Apply at No. 203 East 53d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPEtent young woman as first-class cook; understands all kinds of good cooking; is an excellent baker; City or country; best City reference. Call at 292 7th-av., between 26th and 27th sts., in the store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTant woman as good plain cook; is an excellent baker; will assist in the coarse washing; is careful and reliable; City or country; City reference. Call at No. 203 West 27th-st., near 7th-av., first floor.

FAMILIES SUPPLIED
WITH THE BEST SERVANTS,
MALE AND FEMALE,
Well Recommended,
IN NEW-YORK CITY,
At No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable woman as excellent cook; understands meats, soups, &c.; a first-rate bread and pastry cook; willing and obliging; first-class City reference; lady can be seen. Call or address No. 339 East 16th-st.

WANTED—BY A MOTHER AND DAUGHter, Protestants, situations in a private family—one to cook, wash, and iron, the other as chamber-maid and waitress. Apply at No. 154 East 39th-st., top floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG Protestant girl as seamstress; cuts and fits for children, an expert embroiderer and operator on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; good reference; no objection to the country. Call at No. 247 East 28th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as seamstress; understands dressing hair, operating on Wheeler & Wilson machine; also cutting, fitting, &c.; best of reference will be given. Apply at No. 340 4th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG Protestant woman, a situation as first-class laundress in a private family; understands all kinds of French fluting, and doing up of fine muslins, &c.; best of City reference. Apply at No. 340 4th-av.

WANTED—A COOK'S SITUATION BY AN English Protestant young woman; very respectable and a good cook; meats, pastry, creams, jellies, good baker; country or City; good references. Apply at No. 335 4th-av.

WANTED—BY A MONTHLY NURSE, NOW unemployed, a few engagements; unexceptionable references from physicians and former patrons. Call or address NURSE, No. 742 7th-av., corner of 50th-st., second floor.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS DRESSmaker, engagements in private families, by the day or week; a good cutter, fitter and operator on the Grover & Baker sewing-machine. Call for two days at No. 6 East 40th-st., basement door.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A NEAT young woman as chamber-maid and waitress, or chamber-work and sewing; City or country; best City reference. Call at No. 203 West 27th-st., near 7th-av., first floor.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTestant woman, a situation as first-class cook; understands her business perfectly in all its branches; no objection to the country; has good reference. Apply at No. 340 4th-av.

WANTED—A COOK'S SITUATION BY A colored woman; very respectable and first-class cook; can do all kinds of cooking; excellent baker; side dishes; country or City; best reference. Call at No. 335 4th-av.

EMPLOYERS

Suited immediately with first-class help of all nationalities, in any capacity, for City or country, at WALKER'S, No. 138 6th-av., over drug-store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-class waitress; can take the place of a man; thoroughly competent; best of reference. Call at EMPLOYMENT AND INSURANCE OFFICE, No. 721 6th-av., near 41st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable Protestant woman; has taken the entire care of infants in first-class families; is a neat sewer; best City reference. Apply at No. 206 West 27th-st., first floor, back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPEtent girl as good cook; will assist in the washing and ironing; has no objection to a short distance in the country; excellent City references. Call or address No. 305 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MOST REspectable Protestant girl, as nurse and plain sewing; is lately landed from the North of Ireland; would prefer a good home more than wages; can be seen at No. 519 9th-av., near 39th-st.; top floor, front.

WANTED—A CHAMBER-MAID AND washing or fine washing and ironing situation, or waiting; good laundress and fine washer, flute, &c.; good waitress and chamber-maid; City references. Call at No. 335 4th-av.

WANTED—BY A COLORED WOMAN, WITH good references, a situation to do plain sewing in a private family four days in a week. Call for three days at No. 120 West 33d-st., between 6th and 7th avs., third story.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS DRESSmaker, who thoroughly understands cutting, fitting and trimming, a few more engagements by the day or week. Call at No. 280 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE AMERIcan Protestant woman, a situation as chamber-maid, and to do light work in a private family. Call for two days at No. 401 East 29th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, a situation as dress-maker in a first-class family; has tailor's system of cutting thoroughly learned. Call for one week at No. 324 East 36th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK IN A small family; is a good housekeeper; no objections to assist in washing. Apply at No. 413 West 25th-st., Mrs. DUNBAR.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG French nurse, speaking English and French, with good references. Seen at French Office, No. 405 5th-av.

WANTED—ALSO, BY A FRENCH NURSE, a situation, not speaking English, and wages not so much an object as a good home. Seen at French Office, No. 405 5th-av.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISH NURSE, A situation; can bring up an infant with the bottle; is a good seamstress; has her own sewing-machine. Seen at French Office, No. 405 5th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A situation as nurse and to do plain sewing; good reference. Apply two days at No. 401 West 18th-st., top floor.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE MARried woman, gentlemen's or families' washing to do at home. Mrs. BURNS, No. 332 West 38th-st., top-floor, back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS chamber-maid and to do fine washing; understands fluting; country preferred; best of reference. Apply at No. 245 East 29th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS waitress and chamber-maid; no objection to the county; City references. Apply at No. 144 West 30th-st., front basement.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, a situation to take charge of a gentleman's house during the Summer. Apply at No. 590 6th-av., between 34th and 35th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS cook by a respectable woman with the best of City references. Call or address COOK, No. 159 West 27th-st., Room No. 17, for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A situation as first-class waitress; understands her business perfectly; has four years' City reference from last place. Apply at No. 645 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTant woman as first-class laundress; excellent references. Apply at 140 West 19th-st., near 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable Swedish girl as first-class waitress or chamber-maid. Call for two days at 305 Avenue A.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl not long in this country, a situation as nurse and seamstress. Address No. 339 East 16th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPEtent young girl as nurse; country preferred; excellent reference. Call two days at No. 305 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young girl as first-class cook; best City reference. Apply at No. 311 East 37th-st., near 2d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young girl as first-class waitress; best City reference. Apply at No. 311 East 37th-st., near 2d-av.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS COOK, A situation; has best of testimonials. Can be seen at the French Office, No. 405 5th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN AMERIcan girl as nurse or seamstress; can bring up a baby on the bottle. Apply at No. 229 East 29th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GOOD COOK; will assist with plain washing; excellent references. Apply at No. 127 West 19th-st., basement.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman a situation as seamstress; understands Wheeler & Wilson's machine and cutting and fitting ladies' and children's dresses; willing to wait on grown children; best City reference. Call or address for two days, No. 630 2d-av., near 34th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-class cook; understands French and English cooking thoroughly; would go to the country; best of reference. Apply at Employment and Insurance Office, No. 721 6th-av., near 41st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN CITY OR country as nurse and seamstress; can take care of a baby from its birth; best of reference. Apply at Employment and Insurance Office, No. 721 6th-av., near 41st-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, a situation as first-class cook; understands meats, game, soups of all kinds, jellies, ice-cream, &c.; has good City reference; no objection to country. Apply at agency, No. 645 6th-av.

DESIRABLE SERVANTS, OF ALL NAtions, Protestant and Catholic. PELTON & CO., No. 645 6th-av., near 37th-st., (formerly with Bedell, 4th-av.)

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS chamber-maid and waitress; best City reference for three years from last employer. Call or address No. 430 7th-av., near 34th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable woman as good cook, washer and ironer; excellent reference. Call or address 252 West 30th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., top floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-class Protestant cook; country preferred; unexceptionable references. Apply at No. 109 West 15th-st., rear house.

A COMPETENT DRESS-MAKER wishes work by the day. Call at No. 397 6th-av.

WANTED—BY TWO RESPECTABLE GIRLS, situations; one as cook and do the coarse washing, the other as chamber-maid or waitress and the fine washing, or do the work of a small family; City, or would prefer a short distance in the country. Call at No. 391 8th-av., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable person as seamstress; has a knowledge of dress-making; can operate Grover, Baker, Wilcox, Gibbs machines; would have no objection to see to a grown child; best City reference. Call for two days at No. 164 East 28th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPEtent Protestant person as first-class seamstress and lady's maid; thoroughly efficient in both capacities; unexceptionable references. Call or address for two days No. 416 West 29th-st., top floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-rate plain cook in a private family; no objection to some washing and ironing, if required; best City reference. Call or address No. 154 West 18th-st., rear house, between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT DRESSmaker, engagements with families by the day or week. Call or address No. 340 East 20th-st., for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A situation in a small private family to do general housework; good references. Call at No. 219 West 28th-st., rear.

GERMAN SERVANTS FOR ALL POSItions, capable and trustworthy, constantly found at No. 303 Bowery, entrance on 1st-st. Mrs. LOWE.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN, a situation as laundress or chamber-maid; City reference. Can be seen at No. 220 West 18th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITuation as first-class cook; thoroughly understands cooking in all its branches; is fully capable of taking charge of a kitchen; three years' City reference from the last place. Call for two days at No. 146 East 43d-st., one pair stairs up.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG person, a situation as seamstress; is a good dress-maker and milliner, and understands all kinds of family sewing; town or country; reference from present employer. Address M. W., No. 38 West 19th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE COMPEtent colored woman, to go out by the day, washing, ironing, or house-cleaning. Apply at No. 218 West 29th-st.

WANTED—BY A GOOD GERMAN WOMAN, a situation to do general house-work; is a plain cook, a good washer and ironer. Apply at No. 127 Norfolk-st., of M. Hild.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN WIDOW lady of refinement and capability, a position to take full charge of a gentleman's house; unexceptionable references given, if required. Address Mrs. CLARKE, Box 140 *Times* Office.

MALES.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN A SITUAtion as coachman and groom; understands the care of horses, carriages and harness perfectly; is very careful driver; City or country; honest, sober, and obliging; understands the medical treatment of horses. Address E., No. 220 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN in the country; a good, careful driver; understands the care and management of horses thoroughly; can milk and do plain gardening; best references. Address or call, for two days, at No. 150 West 31-st., private stable.

WANTED—BY A MARRIED MAN, A SITuation as coachman and groom; understands his business perfectly; no objections to the country; has best of references. Can be seen at Alex. H. Duncomb's saddle and harness manufactory, No. 7 Great Jones-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN or groom, who thoroughly understands the care and management of horses; can milk; will make himself useful at anything that is required to be done; good reference from last employer. Address M. C. M., Box No. 197 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GERMAN practical gardener and florist; single man; thoroughly understands his business in all its branches, greenhouse, hot and cold graperies, flower and vegetable garden; best references. Address H. H., gardener, Box No. 195 *Times* Office.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A MAN AND his wife; the man as coachman, of long experience; has four years' reference from his last place; wife as cook; Protestants; good references. Call at No. 234 East 29th-st.

WANTED—BY A MARRIED ENGLISHMAN, without incumbrance, a situation as coachman and vegetable gardener; will milk; and wife will care for the dairy; has good reference. Address H. B., Box No. 193 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG man, very respectable, a waiter's or footman's situation; good waiter and footman; or make himself useful in or out the house; not long in the country; country or City. Call at No. 335 4th-av.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY MAN AND wife to take charge of a Summer house; the man as steward or head waiter, the woman as first-class cook. Call or address for this week at No. 159 West 27th-st., room No. 17.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN ENGlishman, well recommended, as gardener; understands hot-house flowers, grapes, &c.; is a good vegetable gardener; well recommended. Apply at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner of 6th-av.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION by a married man; no incumbrance; is a first-class groom and careful driver; no objection to go a short distance in the country; best City reference. Call or address L. C., No. 13 East 39th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION FOR A FIRST-class Swedish bricklayer; has been in the country but a short time; speaks English, and will work for very low wages for one or two months. Apply at No. 6 Bowling-green.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A MAN AND wife; Swedes; speak English; man as coachman and gardener, or useful man; wife as seamstress or chamber-maid; can operate on sewing-machine. Apply at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A YOUNG Englishman and wife; man as coachman and groom, or indoor servant; wife as chamber-maid and seamstress; have good recommendations. Apply at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable Protestant, (North of Ireland,) lately landed, as coachman and gardener, or useful man; will go with a farmer. Apply at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A thoroughly competent single man, as coachman; understands his duties perfectly; excellent City reference. Call or address J. R., No. 19 West 44th-st., private stable.

WANTED—SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a single Englishman; understands care horses and carriages thoroughly; good, careful City driver; sober, obliging; best City reference. Call or address C., carriage repository, No. 20 East 4th-st.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION, by a first-class man; one who is fully competent to take charge of a gentleman's country seat; is married; small family; has the best of references. Call on or address E. M., No. 67 Nassau-st.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION by a man who thoroughly understands his business in all its departments; long City reference to be given; can show several prize cards for his time. Address M. N., Box No. 201 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUAtion as first-class coachman and groom; best City reference from last employer; no objection to the country; is willing and obliging. Call or address for two days, D. H., No. 123 West 38th-st.

FARMER'S SITUATION WANTED—By P. DRISCOLL, of Milton, Westchester County, N. Y.; has been foreman for C. V. Anderson, at Rye, for the last six years, to whom he refers, at No. 14 Broad-st., New-York.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN by a single man; is a first-class groom and driver; can give unexceptionable reference from his last place. Address T. M., at No. 153 West 25th-st., for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant young German, a situation as coachman; good groom and first-class driver; ten years' experience in this City; best of references. Call or address O. MILLS, No. 202 William-st., in the bakery.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant young man, a situation as coachman; is a steady, careful driver, and has the best City reference. Address W. H., No. 40 West 10th-st.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION by a competent man; is strictly sober and a good and careful driver; obliging and respectful; best of City reference. Address No. 38 West 18th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN; has long experience, eleven years in last place; is a good City driver. Can be seen for two days at No. 19 West 28th-st., at J. A. Simmons' harness-store.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER BY a young colored man; best reference. Address WILLIAM, Up-town *Times* Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SINGLE man as coachman and groom; best City reference. Call on or address COACHMAN, No. 134 West 18th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FARMER and vegetable gardener; good reference. Address G. D., Box No. 204 *Times* Office.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

WANTED—BY A GARDENER, PERFECTLY competent in all branches of the business, with good recommendations, a situation with a gentleman in the neighborhood of New-York; understands all carpentry-work as to trellises, arbors, summer-houses, glass-frames, &c.; his wife, (no children,) is perfectly capable of taking charge of any position, where they can live together. Address DENNIS BRENNAN, No. 140 Cortlandt-av., Melrose, N. Y., or D. C. RINGLAND, Box No. 4,500 New-York Post office; address for three days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and gardener by a sober, industrious single man, who thoroughly understands the proper care of horses, harness and carriages; is a safe and experienced driver in City or country; willing and obliging; best City references. Address T. B., Box No. 204 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable married man; is a good coachman and gardener; is a good vegetable gardener; thoroughly understands his business; understands laying out, care and management of a gentleman's place; is honest and sober; best reference from his last employer. Address J. M. C., Box No. 205 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable married couple—the man as coachman and groom, and will be found a careful man with horses and good driver, and can milk; his wife as excellent cook and a first-class washer and ironer; can give excellent reference either written or personal from last employer. Address M., Box No. 197 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION by a married man, (two children,) who has a thorough knowledge of graperies, green-houses, vegetables, landscaping, &c.; best of City reference. Call or address MCK., Bridgeman's seed-store, No. 876 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN by a young Englishman; a good and careful hand with horses, &c.; will make himself useful on a gentleman's place; good reference. Address G. T., Box No. 199 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN A SITUAtion as coachman or groom and is willing to make himself generally useful about a gentleman's place; no objection to the country. Address D. C., Box No. 204 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION by a married man; small family; understands all kinds of work on a gentleman's place; no objection to cow or horse; good City reference. Address E. W., Box No. 196 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER by a single man, capable of taking charge of a gentleman's place; green-house, hot and cold graperies, fruit, flowers and vegetables, gardening, &c. Address M. D., Box No 206 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by a Protestant man, leaving in consequence of family going to Europe; can give best City reference; will be generally useful. Address COACHMAN, at present employer's, 35 West 33d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young man to make himself generally useful about a gentleman's place; can milk, mow, drive, and do anything required. Apply at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

WANTED.—A GENTLEMAN IS ANXIOUS to procure a situation for his coachman; is a first-class man, understands his business thoroughly, and is perfectly trustworthy. Address T. O. H., No. 138 West 50th-st., private stable.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED GARdener and coachman, a situation; is a good and careful driver; best of reference as to character, &c. Call at No. 87 3d-av., for three days.

WANTED—BY A PRACTICAL MAN, A situation as plain gardener and coachman; understands the business thoroughly well; has good references. Address M. C., Box No. 209 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER by a married man, (small family;) none but those that want a first-class man need apply; references to the same. Address M. Y. W., Box No. 210 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER by a married man; understands also care of horses and knows how to milk; good reference. Address T. R., Box No. 199 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION by a single man; thoroughly understands the care of greenhouse, grapery, forcing-house, &c.; well recommended. Address B. F., Box 218 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE MARried man, a situation as gardener, or would superintend a farm; good reference from his last place. Call corner 20th-st. and 6th-av., Macy's.

WANTED—BY A MARRIED MAN, A SITUation as gardener and farmer; understands his business; has the best of references. Can be seen at R. H. ALLEN & CO.'S, No. 189 Water-st., N. Y.

WANTED—BY A WAITER-MAN, A SITUAtion in a first-class family; three years' City reference. Address P. M., No. 54½ West 32d-st., Up-town *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUAtion as coachman; thoroughly understands his business; willing and obliging; best City reference from last employer. Address T. K., 122 West 29th-st.

WANTED—AN ASSISTANT GARDENER'S situation by a young man of good experience and best reference. Address P., Box 199 *Times* Office

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER, by a Scotchman of steady habits, in the prime of life, who thoroughly understands his business; a new place, or one to be improved, preferred; is married, with two in family; state full particulars. Address ROBERT ROSS, No. 67 Nassau-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG man, a situation as porter in a store, and to make himself generally useful; good penman and quick accountant; first-class references. Address J. M. C., Box No. 135 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, by a married man with no incumbrance; wife as chamber-maid and can do plain sewing; best of reference from present employer. Apply at private stable, No. 150 West 31st-st.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A GERMAN man and wife, (well recommended;) man as coachman and gardener, wife as cook, to wash and iron, or do house-work. Apply at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY AN ENGLISHman and wife; no children; man as farmer, gardener or useful man; wife as cook or chamber-maid; well recommended. Apply at No. 133 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant married man, a situation as coachman; thoroughly understands his business; the best of references and five years' references from his present employer. Call or address H. D., No. 146 East 22d-st., stable.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER, by a single man; understands the management of hot and cold grapery, greenhouse, &c.; and has a thorough knowledge of the business. Address J. M., at Bridgeman's, No. 876 Broadway.

COPYING WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN whose evenings are unemployed; writes a plain hand. Address B., Box No. 140 *Times* Office.

CLERKS AND SALESMEN.

WANTED.—A YOUNG MAN OF ENERGY, and who has experience and a large acquaintance, would like a situation to travel, establish agencies to sell agricultural machinery on salary, or commission, or both; references given. Address S., Box No. 144 *Times* Office.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A PARTY WITH AN ACquaintance among business men and capitalists, to place the remaining shares of a recently organized Company; working capital subscribed, and the Company under the management of well known and respectable men. The stock will double in value in one year, over the subscription price. Address IRON COMPANY, Box No. 138 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A CAPABLE ENGLISH OR GERman Protestant woman to do the house-work of a family of three, in Morrisania; to a person in reduced circumstances, who understands the work of a house, good wages and a good home will be guaranteed. Apply at No. 190 Centre-st., New-York, between 10 and 12 A. M.

WANTED—A WOMAN OF RELIGIOUS character and of gentle manners, who is accustomed to sewing, to the care of children, and to the superintendence of a small household, and would make herself generally useful. Address, with references, J. R., Post-office Box No. 959, New-York.

WANTED—A COACHMAN, MARRIED, both Protestants, for the country; the wife to act either as laundress or waiting-maid. Apply to J. CAMPBELL, Pacific Bank.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED FIRST-class Protestant laundress, one who is willing to do light chamber-work. Apply from 9 to 11 o'clock at No. 10 East 40th-st.

WANTED TO HIRE—A SINGLE PROTestant man, for about six months, as assistant in garden, &c. Apply at No. 51 Front-st., between 12 and 1 o'clock.

WANTED—THREE NICE PROTESTANT girls—as cook, child's nurse, and chamber-maid; the latter must understand sewing. Apply at No. 110 East 17th-st.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT WOMAN IN A small private family to cook, wash and iron. Apply at No. 224 West 50th-st.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT WOMAN AS chamber-maid. Apply between 9 and 11 at No. 49 5th-av.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK, TO ASSIST with washing and ironing. Apply at No. 411 West 23d-st., after 9 o'clock A. M.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK. APPLY AT NO. 49 5th-av., between 9 and 11 o'clock.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT.—IN the matter of the Beekman Fire Insurance Company.—HORATIO GOMEZ against THE BEEKMAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—In pursuance of an order of this Court, made and entered in the above-entitled action and proceeding, the undersigned, receiver of the Beekman Fire Insurance Company, the above named corporation hereby gives notice that he is prepared to pay to the creditors of said Company who have heretofore presented and exhibited their claims to him as such receiver, twenty per centum of the amounts, which upon an adjustment and liquidation of said several claims shall be found or ascertained to be due upon the same respectively. Such dividend will be paid on and after the 1st day of April, 1872, at the office of the undersigned, at No. 4 Warren-street, in the City of New-York.—Dated New-York, March 20, 1872.

FRANCIS M. BIXBY, Receiver.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

CHARLES HEIDSIECK
CHAMPAGNE,
DRY SILLERY AND "EXTRA," FOR SALE BY PARK & TILFORD, ACKER, MERRALL & CO.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, MARCH 26, 1872.

Amusements This Evening.

BOOTH'S THEATRE.—AS YOU LIKE IT—Miss Carlotta Leclercq.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.—HUMPTY DUMPTY—Mr. G. L. Fox and Kiralfy Troupe.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.—THE VETERAN—Mr. Lester Wallack, Miss Effie Germon.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.—LA BELLE SAUVAGE.—Mrs. John Wood and Mr. Mark Smith.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.—LALLA ROOKH—Mr. J. B. Studley, Miss Edith Challis.

ST. JAMES' THEATRE.—MARRIAGE—Mr. Mackaye and Miss Griswold.

UNION-SQUARE TREATRE.—VARIETY PERFORMANCE.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.—DRAMATIC PERFORMANCE AND CURIOSITIES—Afternoon and Evening.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.—EQUESTRIAN, GYMNASTIC AND ATHLETIC FEATS.

BRYANT'S OPERA-HOUSE.—NEGRO MINSTRELSY—FARCES.

The New-York Times.

DAILY, WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY.

This journal is now thoroughly identified with the greatest political necessity of the hour—uncompromising warfare against all forms of corruption, whether in national or local government. For years past the TIMES has been exposing the demoralizing schemes of self-interested politicians, and its recent warfare upon the Tammany Democrats has been received with universal approval. It has adhered to the pledge given in its original prospectus, more than twenty years ago, that the public should be truly represented, and their interests faithfully guarded through its columns. Its record has been pure and honorable, and the highest aim of its proprietors is to render it more and more worthy of its past history, and of the confidence which the public repose in it. Two out of three of the original proprietors still direct its policy, and guide it on all public questions. They purpose that the TIMES shall continue to keep clear of all narrow and unworthy influences and cliques, and aim to represent the great body of the public, as distinguished from personal factions. It occupies a perfectly independent position, and is free to speak the truth on all subjects and about all men. Its greatly increased circulation throughout the country adds to its power and influence. It will continue to be a faithful exponent of Republican principles, and advocate with untiring energy every cause which tends to further the welfare of the people.

The utmost care will be devoted to gathering political news from special sources during the Presidential canvass. This department of the paper will be unusually full and trustworthy. Renewed enterprise will be exhibited in every department of the paper, and large space will be devoted to reports of speeches made during elections, or on other important political occasions.

A very full summary of news, and many general articles of great interest, are published in the Semi-weekly editions; and in the Weekly edition there is an unabridged report of the proceedings at the Farmers' Club, an excellent summary of political information, and a great variety of matter suitable for family reading.

The NEW-YORK TIMES is pre-eminently a family paper, all objectionable advertisements being rigidly excluded; and it has a constantly increasing circulation among the most respectable classes of the community.

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The DAILY TIMES, per annum, including the Sunday Edition	$12
The DAILY TIMES, per annum, exclusive of the Sunday Edition	10
The Sunday Edition, per annum	2
The SEMI-WEEKLY, per annum	3
The SEMI-WEEKLY, two copies, one year	5
The SEMI-WEEKLY, ten copies one year, (an extra copy to getter-up of club)	25
The WEEKLY TIMES, per annum	2
The WEEKLY TIMES, five copies, one year	8
The WEEKLY TIMES, ten copies, one year, (an extra copy to getter-up of club)	15
The WEEKLY TIMES, twenty copies, one year, (an extra copy to getter-up of club)	25
The WEEKLY TIMES, fifty copies, one year	50
The EUROPEAN EDITION, per annum, postage extra.	3

The SEMI-WEEKLY and WEEKLY mailed one year to clergymen at the lowest club rates.

Subscriptions to either of our editions received for a less length of time than one year at the yearly rate.

Additions may be made to clubs at club rates.

These prices are invariable. Remit in drafts on New-York or Post-office Money Orders if possible and where neither of these can be procured send the money in a *registered* letter.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES,
New-York City.

Notice.

We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot under any circumstances return rejected communications, nor can we undertake to preserve manuscripts.

☞ Advertisements for the WEEKLY TIMES must be handed in before 10 o'clock this evening.

To Advertisers.

☞ For the accommodation of up-town residents, advertisements for insertion in the TIMES will be received at No. 54 West 32d-st., junction of Broadway and 6th-av.; No. 308 West 23d-st., opposite Grand Opera-house, and No. 1,241 Broadway, between 30th and 31st sts., at same rates as are charged at office of publication.

☞ The NEW-YORK TIMES has opened a branch office in Brooklyn at No. 44 Court-st., opposite the City Hall, where advertisements will be received until 5 P. M.

The lesson read by Senator WILSON to discontented Republicans is a very timely one. He pointed out that no matter how influential a man might be while acting within the party lines, he lost all his influence when he forsook his party. It is quite right that it should be so. Reforms can be accomplished by a man acting with his party much sooner than by his proving faithless, and substantially playing into the hands of the opposite party. We are passing through a very bitter canvass, and many disagreeable things have happened, and many more will happen. But Republicans who in any way work for Democratic victories will find themselves quickly forsaken by the bulk of the people, who are (as we have often said) far wiser than their so-called "leaders."

Mr. SHERMAN indicated in his place, yesterday, that the expression of the Senate in favor of repealing the duties on tea and coffee will substantially end the tariff legislation of this session. His Committee propose now to submit to the Senate the House bill repealing these duties. If it is approved, about twenty millions will be taken from the revenues from imports, which is all that it is believed can be spared from that source, after making some additions to the free list, concerning which there is general argument, and modifying the Internal Revenue laws. The result is substantially a triumph for those in favor of the protective features of the present tariff.

The Republicans of Connecticut claim a verdict of indorsement for the National Administration on the following facts presented in their platform:

> "During the existing Administration the debt has been reduced nearly three hundred millions; peace and order have made great progress in the lately rebellious regions; a new policy toward the Indians has been adopted, marked by firmness, justice and good faith; the rights of all, especially the poor and friendless, of whatever race or wherever found, have been scrupulously protected; a self-respecting yet peaceable policy has been pursued toward all the world."

On this record of the past they base the claim for confidence in the future. Upon what do the Democrats base their claim?

After a considerable delay, which is explained in our Washington dispatches, the Secretary of the Navy reports that the expenses of the West Indian Squadron, while near San Domingo, during the negotiations for the purchase of that island, were not greater than they would have been at any other place in the station, nor so great as at some. This, it is hoped, will relieve the minds of some of our Senators.

Connecticut and the Liberal Republicans.

There is one failing in Mr. GREELEY'S character to which his most ardent admirers (among whom we always desire to be reckoned) cannot shut their eyes. It is his tendency to forget what he has said himself, and to misrepresent what everybody else has said. He announced yesterday, in the first paragraph on his editorial page, that he had been troubled with "severe internal pains," combined with a tendency to use bad language. These symptoms are not so uncommon in him as to justify a very prominent mention of them, but they were sufficiently marked in an article following the above announcement, in which Mr. GREELEY calls it a "naked and unqualified lie" to say that he had ever represented the use of GRANT'S name in the Connecticut canvass as "injurious." Yet, only two or three days before, Mr. GREELEY had published an article headed "injurious friendship," the purport of which was that people who introduced the President's name into the campaign would evince "injurious friendship." If this sort of thing occurred only once now and then, it might be attributed to a defect of memory—such as that which led Mr. GREELEY to go into the tobacco manufacturing business with "Boss" TWEED, in forgetfulness of his well-known belief as to the injuriousness of tobacco. But we are afraid that Mr. GREELEY'S complaint, like Mr. Pecksniff's, is "chronic."

Mr. GREELEY is also pleased to deny that he has thrown cold water on the Connecticut Republicans. Yet if there is any meaning in language, he certainly meant to say that there was not a pin to choose between the Democrats and the Republicans when he wrote the following (*Tribune*, March 22:)

> "Messrs. JEWELL and HUBBARD, the rival candidates for Governor, are both worthy and able men, *either of whom will faithfully serve and honor the State if chosen her Governor. We believe each of the rival State tickets to be made up of like material.* Connecticut has been mainly under Republican rule since the Republican Party was organized, *but* her State officers have sometimes been Democrats, and *she has been well served by these as she has been by her Republican State officers and Legislatures.* Few States have suffered less by peculation and prodigality in office than she has, *no matter which party has ruled over her.* May she steadfastly maintain this honorable distinction!"

If this is not a case of "six of one and half a dozen of the other," we are much deceived. Vote for Republicans if you like—*but* the Democrats are quite as good. Choose whom you will, your State is well served. Well may a Connecticut paper say that it misses the "clarion cry" of the *Tribune*. The clarion is cracked just now, and sends forth only an uncertain wheeze.

When Mr. GREELEY intimates that Connecticut would be safe in the hands of Democrats, does he forget the part played in that State by E. A. WOODWARD? That active confederate of TWEED'S was Democratic candidate for State Senator in 1860, and again in 1871, and vast sums of money (doubtless stolen from New-York City) were expended on the canvass in both years. Would Connecticut have been well served if WOODWARD had been elected? Again, TWEED made immense efforts last year to get possession of Connecticut. Was it in order that he might save her from "peculation and prodigality?" The Democrats want Connecticut now. But would it be wise in the people of that State to do as Mr. GREELEY advises them to do—regard both parties as exactly alike, and allow the Democrats to win? We venture to say not. It will be better to trust the "good cause" to the party which has been faithful to it. It is not a good time for experiments.

Some Remarkable Coincidences.

In another column will be found an array of figures relating to alleged pecuniary transactions between Judge CARDOZO and his favorite receiver, GRATZ NATHAN. We believe that these figures are now in possession of the Legislative Committee, which is at present engaged in investigating charges against corrupt Judges. We are assured that they have been carefully compiled from the books of the Mechanics' Bank, and that they are presented as evidence against Judge CARDOZO, in the absence of any satisfactory theory to account for the coincidences they present. We leave it with the Judiciary Committee to fix their precise value as evidence, and if either of the parties concerned in these transactions can satisfactorily explain or rebut the story implied by these figures we shall, of course, give his statement due publicity.

While suspending judgment on what the figures prove, it may not be amiss to invite attention to their general character. In 1868, GRATZ NATHAN appears to have drawn eight checks upon the Mechanics' Bank, amounting in all to $3,853 75. These checks were paid in bills, and the major portion of these bills seem to have found their way back to the bank in the form of deposits to the account of ALBERT CARDOZO. The amount thus deposited is, according to the table, $3,675—the deposits being made at intervals of from one to six days after the date of GRATZ NATHAN'S checks. In some cases the amount of the check and that of the deposit exactly agree. In others the deposit is rather less than the check, making in this year a total disparity between the two of $178 75. In 1869, GRATZ NATHAN appears to have drawn ten checks, amounting to $7,013, whose proceeds in bills are pretty well accounted for by nine deposits to the account of ALBERT CARDOZO, amounting to $6,742. The first coincidence in the year is suggestive. On Jan. 14 GRATZ NATHAN appears to have drawn the proceeds of a check for $1,155, and on Jan. 15 ALBERT CARDOZO is said to have deposited $1,155 in bills similar to those drawn the day before by his friend and protégé. In 1870 the table gives the details of eight checks drawn by GRATZ NATHAN, amounting to $16,677 50. CARDOZO'S account at the Mechanics' Bank appears credited with $14,450 of the bills so drawn, while $2,000—apparently part proceeds of NATHAN'S check dated June 14—is said to have been deposited on June 15 with the United States Trust Company. In 1871 there are two checks from NATHAN, amounting to $4,455, and two deposits—one on the same day as the check, and the other the day after—by Judge CARDOZO, amounting to $4,465.

The total thus accounted for by apparently parallel transactions amounts in the checks to $31,999 25, and in the deposits, including that of the United States Trust Company, to $31,332. The third column of the table is devoted to other deposits in bills made by Judge CARDOZO. In the cases here detailed, the bills received cannot be directly identified with payments in bills to GRATZ NATHAN, as appears to have been done in the deposits noted in the second column. At the foot of the table will be found two remarkable coincidences between checks drawn and amounts deposited under this column, with the qualification noted. It is not too much to say that we have here either remarkably strong evidence against Judge CARDOZO or a most surprising accumulation of misleading coincidences.

The Arms Investigation, as seen Abroad.

We have already pointed out that in the gratuitous assault made by Mr. SCHURZ on the good faith of the United States toward Germany there was a possibility of grave complications for this country. This may be a matter of little consequence to the Missouri Senator. Having made up his mind to "break down the Administration," because he has not succeeded in controlling it, he may stick at nothing that will aid him to that end. It is true that at the time of the German-French war, Germany was thoroughly acquainted with all that was done by our Government, and was entirely satisfied with it. Not one word of complaint was ever uttered by its representatives, and the efforts of Mr. SCHURZ himself were unavailing to produce any ill-feeling on the ground of want of impartial neutrality. But Germany is not without scheming politicians, who are ready, as Mr. SCHURZ is, to seize every opportunity to break the power of Prince BISMARCK, and to sow seeds of discord among the members of the new Empire. The Catholics, who see in BISMARCK a man who places the interests of his country higher than those of a sect or a party, and the Particularists, who represent in Germany the States' rights men of our own country, are reported to be eagerly studying SCHURZ'S speeches, to get from them some ground of complaint against the Imperial Ministry. The Berlin correspondent of the Breslau (Silesia) *Gazette* declares that it is probable that at the opening of the next session of the German Parliament, an interpolation on the subject will be introduced, accompanied by a vote of censure of BISMARCK'S conduct in the matter.

Mr. SCHURZ has suddenly gained great credit among the Catholics and Particularists. They seem now to be convinced that their estimate of him, as a man dangerous to their reactionary interests, is mistaken. A Senator who can betray his country in matters concerning which a Senator should be most faithful, is no longer to be deemed a dangerous republican. He is obviously a foe to republicanism, for he is at once seeking to involve his own country in foreign difficulties, and proving that democratic modes of selection are no guarantee for honor and patriotism in even the highest officers.

Mr. SCHURZ'S position is not an enviable one. The investigation he has "engineered" has been so far very barren. The defalcations which were charged, and which seem to have enlisted Senator SUMNER in the movement, are proved not to exist. The alleged violation of the law for the sale of arms, which Mr. SCHURZ made a great ado about, was never committed. The corruption of public officers has not been sustained even by remote hearsay evidence, which is all SCHURZ professes to deal in. The very occasion alleged for the investigation—action by the French Assembly on the question—turns out never to have occurred. The only remaining point is: Did the Government violate the rules laid down for its guidance in the matter of neutrality? On that point Mr. SCHURZ—invited to use all the powers of a member of the Committee—has failed to establish anything whatever. But if we suppose that he succeeds in showing that there was a want of proper supervision over subordinates by the Government, and that a substantial neglect of neutral obligations has taken place, what a proud moment it will be for him when the United States Government is called to account! The offense—if there were any—is of the same nature as that charged by our country upon England. If it was committed it must be apologized for, or paid for, or both. It escaped all criticism at the time. Being an offense at all only so far as the offended party takes cognizance of it, SCHURZ may, in case of success, claim to have called it into existence. On the day when he shall have compelled action by the Government in the nature of explanation or damages to Germany, if that day shall ever come, he ought to have an ovation from all enemies of their country, and have conferred upon him, as the crowning honor (so far) of his career, the title of the "First Senator since the Slaveholders' Rebellion to betray his trust."

How France Lost its Finance Minister.

M. POUYER-QUERTIER did not resign because a protectionist policy is losing favor in France, nor because the Assembly Committee and he failed to agree about certain new duties, nor because he was not paying off the German indemnity fast enough. He resigned, or was turned out rather, because he gave evidence which broke down the case of the Government against M. JANVIER DE LA MOTTE, and had the boldness to say that the Minister of Justice should not have instituted such a prosecution at all. We lately showed some points of resemblance between M. DE LA MOTTE, late Imperialist Prefect of the Eure, and our chief local official now under judicial accusation. Fuller development of the evidence shows that the likeness is very superficial, and that M. DE LA MOTTE would have been considered in New-York, both an able and honest administrator. His private morals were unquestionably dissolute, but M. POUYER-QUERTIER, who had been President of the Council-General of the Eure, and who had every opportunity for watching the official record of the Prefect, testified to the conviction, "that M. JANVIER DE LA MOTTE never appropriated a single centime of the local funds to his own uses, and that he expended a large part of his private fortune to serve the interests of the Department." He did not even connive at the stealings of others, and it was conceded that he was the ablest Prefect the Department had seen; that, under his administration, its wealth had doubled, and its crime had greatly diminished. According to our New-York code, the offense of M. JANVIER DE LA MOTTE would have been considered a comparatively venial one. He merely transferred to one department of expenditure the funds which were intended for another, and he cooked his accounts to conceal the misappropriation. For example, he wanted flowers and shrubs for the garden of the Prefecture, and there being no funds available for the purpose, he paid the bill out of a surplus in hand of the money appropriated for repairs on the buildings. We should have a very heavy batch of indictments, were every New-York official who had committed such an irregularity as this, to be placed on trial for it. M. DE LA MOTTE'S most culpable acts consisted in falsifying the vouchers to avoid troublesome criticism by the Council-General. In the case cited, the name of a mason was substituted for that of a florist, because the money used to pay the latter stood at the credit of stone and lime.

M. POUYER-QUERTIER was perfectly justified in giving evidence as to the all but universal prevalence and the occasional necessity—as in the case of a bridge breaking down—of the transference of funds from one department of expenditure to another. He was hardly justified, however, in apologizing for a practice which, whether at Evereux or New-York, leads to gross abuses and may serve as a cloak for every species of corruption. As has been remarked, "the only use of a voucher is that it is an evidence of the truth; if you once allow that it may be a lie, how can you possibly say *what* lie?" His defense of bills fabricated for a good end might not have been fatal to the Minister of Finance, had he not openly censured the Ministers of Justice and of the Interior for prosecuting the Bonapartist Prefect. It became clear that a Cabinet thus divided against itself could not stand, and as M. THIERS could not afford to admit that Imperialist corruption was not quite so black as it had been painted, M. POUYER-QUERTIER, though he could ill be spared, was thrown overboard, and Republican criticism in the Assembly was disarmed.

Permanent Officials.

The Custom-house investigation drags its slow length along, frittering away time, and the public money, and the public patience. As a sincere official inquiry into the management of a complex and important branch of public business, it has ceased to have any interest or value. Every attempt to injure President GRANT through it by fastening upon him or his immediate advisers the responsibility for any abuses that have been brought to light, has failed utterly. It *has* shown, indeed, that the Collector of New-York, whoever he may be, is a political power, and has been expected to do important political work for his party. But there was no need that one should rise from the dead, or even that an investigating committee should be set at work, to tell the public that. It has been known to all men for a quarter of a century, at least; as well known as that New-York had a Collector. As to how he, whoever he might be, did that work, and whether he did it so as to please this or that "wing" of his party, is a matter of mere party concern. The use of public patronage for party purposes is a subject which properly belongs to the momentous question of civil service reform; but that it has been so used for a generation and more by all parties, is no better known now to any man, woman, or child, than it was six months ago. A resolution in Congress proposing an investigation to ascertain if such were the case could not have been brought forward with a sober face by a sane man, who had any perception of the ludicrous. Such a resolution would have been greeted with shouts of laughter.

Incidentally, however, within the last few days, an important fact and an important man have been brought very directly to public notice. The badgering of Mr. MURPHY failed to disturb his equanimity; and he more than once, when asked what he would do under certain circumstances, replied that he should refer the matter to Mr. CLINCH. Now in this respect Mr. MURPHY was no more peculiar than he was in using the influence which his position gave him to strengthen the party to which he owed that position. Every one of his recent predecessors, Mr. GRINNELL, Mr. SMYTHE, Mr. DRAPER, Mr. PRESTON KING, every one of them, Republican, Democrat, Whig, or what not, has done the same. Questions of party management or of public policy they have decided for themselves; but questions brought before them as to the administration of their office they have referred to Mr. CLINCH, or at least have decided after consultation with him. So they should have done; so they are expected to do. That is what Mr. CLINCH is for. He is Assistant Collector; but he is "the power behind the throne," and for nearly thirty years the responsibility of the administration of this great office has rested, and rested easily, upon his shoulders.

CHARLES P. CLINCH is one of those men who are born with the administrative faculty, upon whom burdens are laid because they are able to carry them. A politician and a member of the Legislature many years ago, when to be so did not subject a man to suspicions of self-seeking motives, he has a long and a wide acquaintance with public affairs. In his present office his experience, his minute knowledge, his retentive memory, his sagacity, and his independence of character, have made his services invaluable, almost indispensable, to any Administration. Successful politicians, lifted suddenly by Executive favor into higher offices, either here or at Washington, often find themselves firmly, and in most cases successfully, opposed by this wise and well-tried public servant, who, if report may be trusted, does not hesitate upon occasion to beard a Secretary of the Treasury himself. His decisions are usually "clinchers," and although they are sometimes set aside from motives of policy, this very rarely happens. He is, in fact, the Collector, and of the vast official correspondence which passes every day between the New-York Custom-house and the Department at Washington, or private and official parties here and elsewhere, not a line goes forward without being first submitted to him and receiving his approval. For this part of his duties a literary culture and a literary skill, unusual in public men, give him peculiar fitness. Added to all this, he is as nearly a martinet as a man of common sense and real administrative force can be. A terror to dunces, and sluggards, and evil-doers, he sees that work is thoroughly done by those under his control; and, as to outside people, he has a way of brushing aside fussy and pretentious and presumptuous intruders, which they find not very pleasant, but which in his position is very valuable. Such people find him irascible and overbearing; but those who know him best say that he is a thorough gentleman of the old school, and one of the kindest and most considerate of men.

Our portrait we are sure would be recognized without a name; and it is the portrait of no common man. And the significant fact brought to light, to which we referred in the beginning of this article, is that with all the defects of our civil service, such men as Mr. CLINCH, when they are once discovered in public office, are continued there as long as they will remain. It must be so, or we should go to ruin. It is this alone that enables us to have the business of the General Government done even as well as it is done. In all departments and in all bureaus there will be found men who have held important places for years under various changes of political administration. It is through these men that the continuity as well as the efficiency of the various branches of the public service is kept up. Without them it would fall into periodical chaos. There are other such men in our much-reviled Custom-house. Mr. OGDEN has been Auditor for more than twenty years, except for a brief interval, he having resigned to take a much higher salary from a private corporation. But he was soon asked to return to his old post with increased pay; for it was found that he was needed. There are other men in less prominent positions who keep their places, notwithstanding political vicissitudes, by virtue of their intelligence and their character. The moral of all which is simply this, that what is done in these few instances might well be done, and should be done, in all; and this simply is what is meant by civil service reform.

The German Earthquake.

Those who delight in omens, and who like a universal snubber to be snubbed, will be charmed with what happened to Prince BISMARCK the other day. He thought proper, on March 7, to hurl a brave defiance at the German House of Peers, and also at the Catholic clergy. Now, whatever it may signify, on the same day, and, according to some of the European papers, at the same hour, earthquake shocks were felt all through the central portions of the German Empire. It is certain that the telegraph, on that day, brought into Berlin news of slight earthquakes at Weimar, Rudolstadt, Dresden and many other places, all the perturbations having occurred at the same time. It seems that Berlin shook likewise; although, as we read the accounts, this fact was undiscovered, or at least not talked of, until the tidings came in of earthquakes elsewhere. Among a more impressionable and less sceptical people than the Germans, the simultaneous occurrence of these phenomena, and their coincidence in time with the Iron Chancellor's speech, might have easily produced something like a panic. At last accounts, however, the worthy subjects of King WILLIAM were smoking their pipes and drinking their beer very much as if nothing had happened.

Central Europe has usually been fortunate in escaping earthquakes, and therefore the equanimity of the Germans under their late visitation is not to be undervalued. Along the west coast of South America these disturbances are so much matters of course that people may readily be supposed to get used to them. In Germany it is far otherwise. There have been many such events in Italy and the Spanish Peninsula, in Turkey, Greece and the contiguous Archipelago, in Africa and in Sicily, and even in England; but of earthquakes in Central Europe there are very few records. One is said to have taken place A. D. 801, which extended also to France and Italy. In 1736, the extraordinary incident is recorded of a mountain having been turned completely round—which must have equally astonished those who lived upon and around it. A violent earthquake was experienced in Holland in January, 1804. But, with the exception noted above, and the well-known convulsions of July 25-26, 1855, when several villages of Central Europe were destroyed, the late movement is the only one of which history takes note as having occurred in or near the region in question. If, now, Dr. CUMMING or either of the two new prophets who have lately arisen in the British Islands, some account of whom we gave the other day, had only been lucky enough to have prophesied the German earthquake, what fine feathers the seer would rejoice in! In the Middle Ages nothing could have prevented the people from attaching a relation between Prince BISMARCK'S bold stand, and Divine anger, as indicated by the earthquake; and, even as it is, we do not doubt popular superstition, outside of Germany if not within it, will be largely influenced by the circumstance.

MINOR TOPICS.

We believe that all our readers will be glad to hear of the continued progress toward complete recovery of Mr. DORMAN B. EATON, the eminent lawyer of this City, who was so foully and mysteriously attacked more than two years ago, near his own house. A long letter from Mr. EATON on the Treaty of Washington, appears in the London *Times* of March 11. Mr. EATON says, in the course of this letter:

> "In respect of the pecuniary elements of the controversy, I am sure the policy of the United States is not guided by greedy hopes of gain; and I must as freely say that I see no evidence that England refuses to proceed in the arbitration by reason of any mean spirit of economy. Forgetting and forgiving, the one duty of the hour is to preserve the aim and the spirit of the treaty, and not to dwell upon the letter, or upon attributed motives, which are very likely to be misconceived."

Mr. EATON makes the following suggestion:

> "It seems to me that the treaty is defective in an essential particular, and that the parties should now unite in supplying that defect. They should inform the arbitrators that in determining upon any sums to be paid, if that duty shall arise, it was intended that the principles as to compensation, and the legal rules as to cause and effect by which they are to be guided, are to be sought in the common jurisprudence of England and the United States; that their discretion was not intended to be arbitrary, but that if default has been made, and thereby injury has been done, proper compensation is a right; and that no payment can be adjudged for a loss or injury which is legally and equitably independent of some wrongful act as the efficient cause or justification. This result will be attained by a fourth rule, which shall simply declare that, in case the Board or the assessors shall have occasion to award compensation, by reason of England having failed to fulfill any duty or duties, it is intended that they should make a reasonable and just application (in fixing the amount of such award) of the principles and rules of English and American jurisprudence as to the measure of damages and the extent of compensation for losses, applicable to analogous cases between private litigants. All idea of exemplary damages, of course, to be excluded. There would then be no need of saying anything about indirect losses, and all claims would be included and satisfied. It is difficult to see how either nation can object to the justice of such a standard."

Our Japanese visitors were yesterday initiated into the mysteries of the operation by which the condition of the weather all over the United States is made known every morning to the inhabitants of each part, and the probabilities for twenty-four hours ahead accurately announced. It took them but an hour and three-quarters to witness the entire process and receive the charts made during that time, and it very naturally astonished them beyond measure. If not the most important, it was certainly the most striking exhibition that could have been afforded them of the marvelous scope of modern science and its appliances.

The Legislature of Illinois recently adopted an amendment to the Fees and Salaries bill, which is calculated to give a new impetus to business in the divorce Courts of that State. Heretofore Masters in Chancery were allowed to use their own discretion in the matter of charges for services rendered; but, under the new order of things, they are not permitted to collect more than $200 for fees in any one case. This change has been made on the strength of a message from Gov. PALMER, in which was urged the necessity of some practical mode for controlling the powers of Circuit Judges in taxing the costs of Court officials. Gov. PALMER, it appears, had his attention drawn to the subject by a memorial from the famous "Baron" VON GLAHN, a German resident of the State, who has succeeded, after a period of six years, in procuring a divorce from his wife, at an aggregate cost of $37,098 43. The first trial required an expenditure of $2,990 18; the appeal to the Supreme Court, $12,411 69; second trial, $11,696 65; alimony, $16,000. Of this amount, $18,533 33 went into the pockets of Court officers, Masters in Chancery and short-hand writers, while counsel *only* received $13,766 50. The poor "Baroness" really benefited nothing by the award of $10,000 alimony, for the reason that her personal expenses during the six years of the fight were nearly twice that amount.

A striking feature in royal life, in these latter days, is the easy, independent way in which Kings, Queens and Princes take their pleasure in travel. GEORGE II.'s journeys were confined to periodical visits to Herren-hausen, his Hanoverian paradise. GEORGE III. never saw the sea until he was fifty, and probably would not have seen it at all had he not been ordered to Weymouth for his health. When GEORGE IV. went to Ireland, no Sovereign had been there since WILLIAM III. fought the Battle of the Boyne, and CHARLES II., in exile, had, until GEORGE IV.'s visit, been the last British King in Scotland. Nowadays, the royal family are among the most traveled in the British dominions. The cable, which announced, the other day, that Queen VICTORIA was in Paris, en route for Berlin, told us, too, that the Prince of WALES was at Rome. In this respect, at any rate, royalty keeps level with the age.

Gleams of consolation dart athwart the dreariest periods. France has been cheered in her divers tribulations by the news that truffles were never so numerous. What Rockaways and clams are to the American, truffles are to the Parisian. They have come down as a dainty from classic times, and might have appropriately formed the subject of those prandial lectures in which *Paul Dombey's* tutor, *Dr. Blimber*, delighted to entertain his young friends. The Greeks liked them, and Pompeian green-groceries no doubt contain some, and the sight of them robbed a Roman of his traditional self-command, and made him absolutely greedy. They are merely a specie of fungus, found few and far between in England, frequently in France, and pretty abundant in Italy. A considerable trade is done in them. In 1867 those imported into England were valued at $100,000.

Although the Japanese will, no doubt, "pick up a thing or two" in our manners and customs which will be greatly to their advantage when they return home, it may be hoped that they will not imitate all our little ways with Oriental exactness. According to their views, drunkenness is—strange and heathenish as the fact may appear to many persons here—disgraceful and utterly contemptible. It would be very desirable if we, in our turn, could send an embassy to Japan to import into this country the sobriety and some other good customs which prevail there. The frequent presence of drunken men—in the attire of gentlemen—in some of the best places of refreshment in this City, is a growing disgrace to it.

The people of Nebraska are just now greatly excited over the passage of an act by the Legislature of Iowa, which is calculated to inflict a very serious injury upon them. It is asserted that the act referred to will divert all the traffic from the present channels, so that the several lines of railroad coming through Nebraska may in future only make transfers of freight and passengers to connecting roads within the boundaries of the State of Iowa. This, it is said, will interfere with vested rights in the neighboring State to such an extent as to destroy its commerce, and ruin scores of business houses. To avert the blow, it is proposed to hold a convention at Lincoln, Nebraska, to-morrow, (Wednesday,) and to draw up a remonstrance, which it is hoped may have the effect of inducing the ungenerous Iowans to reconsider the objectionable measure.

THE NEW STATE ASYLUMS.

How They Are Being Built—Democratic Rings and Jobs—A Few Figures from the Controller's Office.

From Our Own Correspondent.

ALBANY, Monday, March 25, 1872.

Since Controller HOPKINS came into office on the 1st of January last, the public has had an opportunity to get a peep into the management of the Finance Department of the State during the last two years of Democratic rule, and although the rascalities that have been brought to light are not so startling as the frauds of the Tammany Ring in New-York, yet they are sufficient to show that the Tammany thieves had apt scholars and imitators among the rural districts of the interior, and there cannot be much doubt that if the reign of the Tweed dynasty had continued a year or two longer, the "hay-loft and cheese-press" Democracy would have been qualified to vie with their City masters in the magnificence of their raids on the public Treasury. But Controller HOPKINS has put a sudden check upon their extravagance, and the consequence is that he is getting to be in almost as bad odor with the harpies who prey upon the State Treasury as Controller GREEN is with the fraudulent claimants who lay siege to the City money-bags. Mr. HOPKINS laid down the rule at the outset of his official term to pay no bill in cases where he had any discretion in the premises that was not of such a character as to meet his approval, provided he were transacting his own private business instead of acting as the guardian of the State's interests. The result has been that he has already saved the State thousands of dollars, that under any previous management of his Department which has existed for years past would have been paid out without question. In many cases when exorbitant bills have been presented, and payment refused, the claimants have put on indignant airs and threatened to sue out a mandamus against the Controller, but in no case, as yet, have they thought it prudent to carry out their threats and run the risk of having their false bills exposed in a Court of law. They have preferred in every instance to reduce their claims to the reasonable figure indicated by Mr. HOPKINS, and be content with receiving the money honestly due them.

But my object at this time is to call the attention of the public to our State institutions that are now in process of construction, in which, if the Democracy had continued in power, the State would doubtless have been victimized in pretty much the same way that the City has been in the erection of your famous New Court-house. The records of the Controller's office show that the same scale of extravagance and waste had been determined on by the "Rings," that controlled the Public Works, and that sinecure clerks and exorbitant salaries had been liberally provided for Democratic favorites. The first of these institutions deserving of note is the

BUFFALO STATE ASYLUM FOR THE INSANE.

The act authorizing the building of this Asylum passed the Legislature of 1870, and made an appropriation of $200,000 to begin the work. The Controller's books show that up to March 20 $121,558 44 had been advanced from the Treasury, and scarcely a beginning has been made toward carrying out the object of the appropriation. With the exception of $11,000 that has been spent in building a fence around the grounds, which will rot away before the building is half finished, and $17,000 for "grading" and $10,000 more for "improving" the grounds, and $16,000 for "foundation stone," the money appears to have gone for "salaries," "office expenses," "miscellaneous," &c., &c. The head architect was paid $5,000, or two and a half per cent. on the whole appropriation at the outset. Then there is a "supervising architect," with a salary of $2,000; a "superintendent of buildings," with a $2,000 salary; treasurer, $1,000; secretary, $1,000; keeper of grounds, $900; engineer, $10 per day, &c., &c. The "treasurer" is a President of a Buffalo bank, and gets a thousand dollars a year for paying out of his own bank the money of the State deposited therein, on which the bank pays no interest. This institution, which promises to be a colossal job by its Democratic projectors, has thus far been managed by them, and "JOE" WARREN is the Boss.

THE STATE REFORMATORY AT ELMIRA.

This institution was also authorized by the Legislature of 1870, and commenced with an appropriation of $75,000. Up to March 20 last, its managers had drawn from the State Treasury $198,318 50, and they have just completed the foundation of the structure. This is its architect-in-chief and "supervising architect," who are paid percentages and salaries. There is also a superintendent and steward at $3,000 salary, a clerk at $1,200, &c., &c. The managers have fitted up offices with the most expensive furniture, far surpassing in elegance the offices of the State Departments at Albany. A bill of $18,000 for furniture for these offices was recently presented to Controller HOPKINS, but he refused to pay it, preferring rather to wait for a mandamus.

HUDSON RIVER STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.

This institution was authorized by act of the Legislature of 1867, and has cost the State, up to the present time, $927,851 60. It is located at Poughkeepsie, and has only recently been so far completed as to receive patients. It now accommodates about fifty. The principal objection to the management of this work has been the long delay in putting it in condition to be of any value to the State. There is a pressing need of accommodations for the insane—the Asylum at Utica having long been overcrowded—and the institution at Poughkeepsie ought to have been so constructed that it could at least accommodate patients three years ago. At present, after five years spent in building, at an expense of nearly a million of dollars, fifty patients can find asylum within its walls. Yet salaries are provided for the following officials connected with the institution:

Superintendent, $3,000 per annum, and $3,850 for "general expenses" for year ending Nov. 30, 1871; Treasurer and Secretary, $1,000 per annum; First Assistant Physician, $1,500 per annum and maintenance; Steward, $1,500 per annum and maintenance. In addition to salaries there was paid as follows for the year ending Nov. 30, 1871: Engineer, $1,170 75; book-keeper, $1,102 40; clerk, $1,198 08; watchman, $1,688 75; plans, $2,500; sundry expenses, $747 96; total, $8,470 71.

The Germans and the City Charter.

The German Reform Organization of the Tenth Assembly District, Seventeenth Ward, held a meeting at No. 46 Avenue A, last evening, to organize and extend their operations in favor of the Municipal election which it is expected will have to take place soon after the passage of the new City charter.

A Committee, composed of Messrs. Geitmann, Weahner, Trand, McWaters and Gunther, has called a meeting of delegates of the German Reform organizations and Republican Associations of the Tenth, Eleventh and Seventeenth Wards this evening, to make arrangements for a mass meeting of the citizens of the Sixth Senatorial District on the subject of the new City charter, and to demand a speedy passage of the same. Eighteen organizations are to participate. Action has also been taken to extend the movement to other Senatorial districts.

Tammany Reorganization Last Night.

The re-enrollment, according to the call issued by the Committee of Seven of Tammany Hall, proceeded in the various Assembly Districts of the City, last evening. There was a large enrollment in the Twelfth and Second Districts, in the latter the room being filled at an early hour in the evening. Some little disturbance, growing out of a personal quarrel occurred in the Sixth, but the presence of the Police prevented any heads being broken. Generally, the enrolling proceeded quietly, even in the districts in which a disturbance was looked for. The enrolling will be continued to-morrow evenings.

A REMARKABLE EXHIBIT

FIGURES WHICH NEED EXPLANATION.

Alleged Payments of Deposits by Judge Cardozo in Bills Drawn by Gratz Nathan—Is It Coincidence or Fraud?

Below we present a table of figures received from a reliable source, and compiled, as we believe, by a capable and honest investigator. The first column contains a record of certain checks drawn upon the Mechanics' Bank by GRATZ NATHAN, at various dates during the years 1868-69-70-71. The second column consists of deposits for similar amounts on dates nearly corresponding, and in bills which are said to have been identified with those paid against NATHAN's checks. These deposits stand to the credit of Judge ALBERT CARDOZO. The third column purports to be a record of other deposits in bills made by Judge CARDOZO, which have not been directly identified with bills paid on the checks of GRATZ NATHAN. At the foot of the table will be found two cases, in which a pretty close coincidence is traced between checks drawn and deposits made immediately thereafter.

The amounts specified in these two columns compose all of the deposits of Bills by Albert Cardozo in the Mechanics' Bank during the period given.

MEMORANDUM of certain Checks of Gratz Nathan drawn on the Mechanics' Banking Association, which were paid in Bills by that Bank.			MEMORANDUM of certain deposits of Bills in the Mechanics' Bank by Albert Cardozo.		MEMORANDUM of certain Deposits in Bills in the Mechanics' Bank by Albert Cardozo, which are not directly identified with payments in Bills by Gratz Nathan.	
1868.			**1868.**		**1868.**	
April 14		$1,020 00	April 15	$900 00	March 5	$80 00
May 11		220 00	May 12	200 00		
July 2		800 00	July 3	800 00		
Aug. 1		425 00	Aug. 7	425 00		
Oct. 10		450 00	Oct. 12	450 00		
Nov. 7	115 00	632 50	Nov. 13	600 00		
Nov. 11	517 50					
Dec. 9		306 25	Dec. 11	300 00		
1869.			**1869.**		**1869.**	
Jan. 14		$1,155 00	Jan. 15	1,155 00		
					Feb. 19	300 00
March 17		640 00	March 19	600 00		
April 26		527 50	April 26	500 00		
May 26		165 00	May 28	125 00		
					June 2	1,500 00
June 15		2,494 50	June 16	2,350 00		
July 12	200 00	450 00	July 20	450 00		
July 17	250 00					
					Sept. 4	2,000 00
Sept. 10		1,017 50	Sept. 13	1,017 00		
					Oct. 6	500 00
Oct. 25		245 00	Oct. 26	245 00		
Dec. 3		318 50	Dec. 6	300 00		
					Dec. 16	10,600 00
1870.			**1870.**		**1870.**	
Jan. 7		$1,440 50	Jan. 8	$1,400 00		
					Feb. 23	*$1,450 00
March 29		660 00	March 30	600 00		
					May 5	700 00
May 13		852 50	May 16	800 00		
					May 18	2,000 00
May 31	200 00	317 00	June 3	300 00		
June 1	117 00					
June 14		2,850 00	June 15 June 15	2,000 00† 800 00		
Aug. 19		8,707 50	Aug. 19	8,700 00		
					Oct. 7	3,700 00
					Nov. 3	700 00
Dec. 8		1,850 00	Dec. 8	1,850 00		
					Dec. 20	500 00
1871.			**1871.**		**1871.**	
Jan. 25		2,000 00	Jan. 25	2,015 00		
					March 7	‡$700 00
					March 11	2,000 00
March 17		2,455 00	March 18	2,450 00		
					May 11	2,250 00
					Aug. 31	630 00
					Nov. 6	1,400 00
					1872.	
					Jan. 24	300 00
					Feb. 5	700 00
Total		$31,999 25		$29,332 00 2,000 00		$32,010 00 29,332 00
			Total deposits by Cardozo, known to be in Bills			$61,342 00 2,000 00

*1870.

Feb. 19.	Nathan's check on Mechanics' Banking Association was paid in *bills*	$160 00
Feb. 21.	Nathan's check on Mechanics' Banking Association was paid in *bills*	1,260 60
Feb. 23.	Nathan's check on Mechanics' Banking Association was paid in *bills*	75 00
	Total	$1,495 60
Feb. 23.	Cardozo deposited *bills* in Mechanics' Bank	1,450 00

†June 15. This $2,000 was deposited in the United States Trust Company by Cardozo. Of what the deposit consisted is not known.

‡1871.

March 3.	Nathan's check on Mechanics' Banking Association was paid in *bills*	$312 35
March 4.	Nathan's check on Mechanics' Banking Association was paid in *bills*	100 00
March 7.	Nathan's check on Mechanics' Banking Association was paid in *bills*	260 99
	Total	$673 34
March 7.	Cardozo deposited *bills* in Mechanics' Bank	700 00

MORE ABOUT BARNARD.

Testimony Before the Judiciary Committee Yesterday—Messrs. Bangs, Sage, Van Vleck, Church and Others on the Stand—A Little Difficulty.

The Judiciary Committee resumed their secret investigations of the charges against Judge BARNARD at 10 A. M. yesterday, in the Fifth-avenue Hotel. As most of the following information is gleaned from Mr. RUFUS F. ANDREWS, one of BARNARD's counsel, it is necessarily a one-sided statement:

The first witness called for the prosecution was Mr. F. N. BANGS, attorney, who testified in relation to the suit of Mr. A. S. BRIGHT against the St. Paul and Milwaukee Railroad. He stated that application was made on behalf of plaintiff to Judge BARNARD for an injunction and the appointment of a receiver; the order was granted in 1868, and Mr. JAMES M. SWEENY was appointed; Mr. BANGS, on defendant's behalf, made application for stay of proceedings under injunction, and for a modification of the receiver's powers, so far as to restrain him from taking charge of and operating the road; the defendants, he said, were solvent at the time, and the appointment of the receiver, and such a receiver as Mr. SWEENY, was unjust and improper.

Mr. BANGS, on cross-examination, said that it was possible that Judge BARNARD might have been imposed upon in the matter, but that he thought it highly improbable, and even, if so, it reflected no credit on him. He concluded by admitting that BARNARD finally modified the powers of the receiver but did not remove Mr. SWEENY, as he was urged to do, and the case was moved into the United States Circuit Court, where it now is.

Mr. RUSSEL SAGE, Vice-President of the St. Paul and Milwaukee Railroad, testified that the assets and liabilities of the railroad at the time JAMES M. SWEENY was appointed receiver showed that the Company was entirely solvent, and the appointment of a receiver was an act of injustice. Witness produced documents showing the stock and bonds of the Company.

Ex-Judge SUTHERLAND, at the close of Mr. SAGE's testimony, presented himself in the Committee room and said that, although he was not subpœnaed as a witness, he wished to be heard in refutation of the statement made by Mr. STRAHAN on Saturday last, which was fully reported in Sunday's TIMES. Mr. SUTHERLAND objected to Mr. STRAHAN's account respecting the Foley order of injunction, and stated that upon Mr. FOLEY and Mr. STRAHAN applying to him he did not express any unwillingness to grant it, but he told the gentlemen that another Judge would be sitting at Chambers on the next day, and advised them to apply to him. Mr. SUTHERLAND was then examined in relation to the circumstances, and said that he never shirked any Judicial responsibility in his life; he had no recollection of referring to his term of office being at its close, or his not wishing to injure his prospects with the Tammany Ring. Upon further examination Mr. SUTHERLAND admitted that some such remarks were made, but he thought they came from Mr. FOLEY or Mr. STRAHAN rather than himself. It was then intimated by Mr. SUTHERLAND that possibly Mr. STRAHAN did not give his testimony exactly as reported in the TIMES, and that the investigation being a secret one the reporter was likely to be in error. The Chairman of the Committee then ordered the official stenographer to read aloud the minutes of Mr. STRAHAN's testimony, when it was found that the TIMES report was accurate, and Mr. SUTHERLAND had nothing more to say and retired.

Mr. DAVID VAN VLECK, book-keeper of the Shoe and Leather Bank, testified in relation to Judge BARNARD's banking account; he stated that the Judge often made deposits in his bank, by handing in his book and check, but never waited to receive a deposit ticket; in July, 1871, BARNARD deposited $3,000, but whether in a check or in cash witness did not know.

Mr. WALTER S. CHURCH, a director of the Albany and Susquehanna Railroad, recapitulated the story of the seizure of the Albany and Susquehanna Railroad. He testified in relation to the part the Erie Ring took in the matter, and in the main corroborated the testimony of previous witnesses. In the course of his examination an altercation took place between him and Mr. STICKNEY, counsel for the Bar Association. The witness objected to some of the questions, on the ground that they were discourteous and impugned his veracity, to which Mr. STICKNEY replied that he was always courteous to people whom he believed to be speaking the truth. Mr. CHURCH rose excitedly, and called Mr. STICKNEY a d—d scoundrel. Mr. CURTIS endeavored to pacify the gentlemen, but without effect, both becoming more excited than before. Mr. CHURCH at last made a blow at Mr. STICKNEY, when Mr. RUFUS ANDREWS rose to make peace, and interposing his body between the combatants, received the full force of Mr. CHURCH's blow immediately beneath the chest. Mr. ANDREWS fell back into his seat, and the investigation had to be postponed for about fifteen minutes to allow the sufferer time to recover. Eventually Mr. STICKNEY apologized to Mr. CHURCH, Mr. CHURCH to Mr. ANDREWS, and the examination proceeded.

Mr. J. W. HATFORD, of the Tenth National Bank, was examined in relation to a check of JAY GOULD's for $3,000, which came into the Tenth National Bank from the Clearing-house on the 15th of July, 1871. The object of this testimony was to show a connection between this check of JAY GOULD's and the $3,000 deposited by Judge BARNARD in the Shoe and Leather Bank. Other witnesses will be called today to testify on this subject.

Mr. SCANLAN, a detective of PINKERTON's force, testified that he had been engaged to follow Judge BARNARD in the year 1869, and watch his proceedings apart from his official duties. He stated that he one day watched Judge BARNARD, and saw him first go into the Erie Railroad office in Duane-street, with Mr. JAMES H. COLEMAN, and coming out from there he observed him go on board a Narragansett steam-boat. On several occasions he observed him with JAMES FISK in the latter's private box in the Grand Opera-house, and on one particular occasion he traced him to No. 18 West Twenty-fourth-street, which house he afterward learned to be the then residence of Mrs. JOSIE MANSFIELD. The witness was then cross-examined at length by Judge BARNARD's counsel for the purpose of shaking his testimony, but it was without effect.

Officers BUCKLEY, STODDARD and BUCHANAN of the Supreme Court, testified in relation to the evidence given by Ex-Judge BIRDSEYE last week. Mr. BIRDSEYE stated that Judge BARNARD had been guilty of using vulgar and indecent language while on the Bench, and instanced one case, where in the trial of a divorce suit, BARNARD made use of language of a grossly indecent nature. The witnesses stated that they did not remember any such language being used.

Mr. RICHARD HOOP, Clerk of the Supreme Court, was called and testified to the same effect as the last witnesses.

Messrs. SHEARMAN and BEAMISH were recalled for the defense, after which the Committee adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning.

Mr. ADOLPH LEVINGER says that Mr. STEINHARDT, in giving his testimony before the Judiciary Committee, on Saturday, cast reflections upon his professional ability and character. Mr. LEVINGER states that an application for injunction was made to Judge BARNARD, and refused; the papers were again presented, with a request that the Judge would read the affidavits, and in case of his refusing to grant the application, to state his reasons. This he declined to do, and again refused the injunction. Mr. LEVINGER's client took the papers, and Mr. Assistant District-Attorney FELLOWS renewed the application, on the same papers, and obtained the injunction from Judge BARNARD. The papers and order were returned to Mr. LEVINGER, who continues to act as attorney in the case.

The Subcommittee of the Judiciary Investigating Committee request that all persons having complaints to make against the District-Attorney's office, or having knowledge of any irregularities in that office, will present their complaints and information to Mr. STRAHAN at the Fifth-avenue Hotel, where he will sit this evening at 6 o'clock to take such testimony as may be offered.

Mr. STRAHAN visited the District-Attorney's office yesterday, and the Committee's assistant was engaged in copying the records furnished to him by the Clerk of the Court of General Sessions. All of the cases recorded in 1869 have been found to have had some disposition made of them. There are a large number of cases in 1870 and 1871, of which no disposion is shown.

The list will probably be completed today. The District-Attorneys, and the various officials and clerks in the office, will be subjected to a rigid examination by the Committee in reference to the cases "pigeon-holed," and a number of complaints and other matters pertaining to the office. Mr. STRAHAN will visit the District-Attorney at 11 A. M. today.

AMUSEMENTS.

Dramatic.

BOOTH'S THEATRE—MISS CARLOTTA LECLERCQ AS ROSALIND.

SHAKESPEARE, dispossessed for but a week, resumed his sceptre last night at Booth's Theatre. Comedy replaced tragedy, and the swelling pomp of "Julius Cæsar" gave way to the pastoral sweetness of "As You Like It." The main object of this production was to introduce Miss CARLOTTA LECLERCQ as *Rosalind*. The lady is already favorably known here through her support of another distinguished artist. As an actress Miss LECLERCQ has been much admired, and it is generally conceded that in personal charm she warrants even the passionate histrionic adoration of Mr. FECHTER. In *Rosalind* both qualifications have abundant scope. The part is one the difficulties and the fascination of which are alike proverbial. An evidence of the first is found in the significant fact that in spite of the rare attractiveness of *Rosalind*, so few actresses have succeeded in identifying the character with their names. The old play-goer instantly thinks of ELLEN TREE, and she is almost the sole exception. Miss CUSHMAN's *Rosalind* was mannish enough, but alas! never feminine; and if even the love of *Phebe* seemed preposterous, how could we be expected to stomach that of *Orlando*? Mrs. BARROW read the part with neatness and vivacity, enlivened it with many merry laughs and sang the music prettily; but there was a lack of poetry, of soul, in her acting that put it several degrees below the ideal. Apart from her defects, or rather superabundance, of figure, perhaps the late Mrs. BARRETT was the best *Rosalind* familiar to the American stage; yet even this clever woman was most artificial where she should have been most simple. On the whole, there is no female character of SHAKESPEARE's to the performance of which we can look back with so few satisfactory memories.

That Miss LECLERCQ fills the desolate niche with absolute perfection we are not prepared to say. She has a fine figure, a winsome laugh, a clear and "carrying" voice, no little archness and allurement of manner, and a perfect acquaintance with the text. She has also an intellectual appreciation of its meaning. Endowed, moreover, with abundant vitality, the scene in her hands never flags. The stream of banter and of repartee, of tender innuendo, and of sprightly wisdom flows on, with Miss LECLERCQ, in unfailing briskness. The lady has much, too, of that hard to define, or to analyze, personal magnetism that attracts the senses and interests the imagination; and to crown all, she sings the "Cuckoo" song charmingly. This said, it may be asked what more is required. The elements are conceded of an ideal performance. But this is not so. There is yet lacking a fine, poetic essence, the inner soul, so to speak, of femininity which the *Rosalind* of SHAKESPEARE suggests and which the *Rosalind* of last night does not suggest. The latter is a buxom, spirited, correct embodiment, much better than any we have seen for some time, and probably better than any we shall see for some time to come. But the subtle, ethereal and exalted qualities that pertain to the ideal *Rosalind*—who is almost the rose and crown of lovely and healthy womanhood—Miss LECLERCQ does not convey to us. We thank her, nevertheless, for much in her impersonation that is true and thoughtful; and we thank her for being the means of reviving again one of the most delightful of plays—a play that does not delight alone, but also ennobles and instructs.

Time and change, that break up all other things, lay not their hands upon truth; and the shifting manners that render most comedy obsolete, pass unscathed the noble masterpieces wrought by the genius of SHAKESPEARE. For us, "As You Like It" can never grow old. Its cool and fragrant atmosphere, full of refreshing quiet and of woodland odors, is of today no less than of yesterday. Its exquisitely contrasted figures, passing and repassing across their background of dark yet cheerful forest green, are as human now as ever. The quaint wit, the manly tenderness, the sad but kindly philosophy, the high-bred courtesy, that flit by us in review in the Forest of Arden are, if we may be forgiven the triteness, "not for a day, but for all time." We think not of the dainty yet daring *Rosalind*, of the impassioned *Orlando*, or even of the melancholy *Jaques* as of beings of especially antique type. *Touchstone* is, indeed, more old-fashioned, and the pastoral bits have a genuine flavor of the bygone. But the chief interest and the chief persons live and move always; and the charm of a picture which has no particular novelty of subject lies in the delicious grace and elegance of its treatment. Woods are more romantic, and flowers more gracious, and love-making under green boughs and in deep sequestered walks is more delightful, because "As You Like It" has been written. The play is, indeed, the "Golden Legacy" from which it was taken, and the sweet wisdom and gladsome cheer that were lacking to the original "Rosalynde" of LODGE, possess with undying vitality the comedy of SHAKESPEARE.

The support of Miss LECLERCQ, at Booth's, is barely respectable in some parts, and very bad in others. Mr. WALLER makes *Jaques* very like the *Stranger*—perhaps on the principle that both are misogynists. But the former, if we are to credit the *Banished Duke*, becomes a woman-hater after, or in consequence of, having been a libertine, and the latter in consequence of having been in a single instance deceived. There is more variety in *Jaques*, who can sometimes "look merrily," than most of his representatives seem to perceive; and in this, as well as in making him less courtly than he should be, we think Mr. WALLER errs with many others. He reads the part, however, with "good emphasis and discretion," and although sometimes at fault in the words, was well applauded for the "Seven Ages." Mr. NORTON, who is a poor substitute for Mr. BANGS, makes a noisy and conventional rather than a gallant and comely *Orlando*, and is worse in the part than, with one exception, any actor of a leading Shakespearean character we have seen at Booth's Theatre. Mr. ROBERT PATEMAN is unequal to *Touchstone*, but is less offensive in it than most comedians who attempt but are unequal to it. Mrs. PATEMAN is a genial and lively *Celia*, and Miss MARY WELLS is an indifferent *Audrey*. The scenery of "As You Like It," at Booth's, is tasteful and impressive; and the comedy will be repeated for several nights.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE—MISS AGNES ETHEL AS FROU-FROU.

Miss AGNES ETHEL made her reappearance for the season, last night, at the Fifth-avenue Theatre. The house was full, and Miss ETHEL was received with hearty applause. Her performance of the giddy, capricious and unfortunate French girl has been made a household word here by more than a hundred successful repetitions. We are not therefore called upon at this time to enter into its merits in detail. It is right, however, to observe that Miss ETHEL's acting gives proof of thought and study since she was last seen here. There are fewer crudities in her style now than before, more polish of manner, and no less feeling. We have taken exception, on former occasions, to a certain apparent lack of culture in this popular young artist's demeanor—a deficiency suggested in "Frou-Frou" more sharply, perhaps, than in other plays, since here nothing can atone for a want of familiarity with the peculiar habits and associations, the bearing and intonations of a distinctive class—and hence we are glad to record an improvement that leaves little to wish for in a deeply-studied and earnest representation.

Of course, there is not much to be said for the moral of "Frou-Frou." It is almost as bad as the worst enemies of the stage could desire. But there is no denying its interest, and no denying its fun. This may provoke like satisfaction for a like reason. Dull wickedness is not popular; and sin that is without pleasure finds few votaries. Still, there is something to be said even for "Frou-Frou." A mightier pen than those of MM. MEILHAC and HALEVY has said "there is some soul of goodness in things evil." The way of the transgressor in "Frou-Frou" is at least made hard, and the "fooling" of the play, if not of the most "exquisite" sort, is mostly innocent enough. Mr. DAVIDGE and Mr. JAMES LEWIS share comic honors of no paltry kind, and the astounding "make-up" of the latter commands the usual admiration. Mr. HARKINS plays the hero with the quiet, manly sincerity which generally characterizes his acting, and his *Sartorys* is an excellent substitute for the original. Mrs. GILBERT is as excellent as ever in the *Baronne de Cambri*. When we have named the very acceptable re-appearance of Miss KATE NEWTON as *Louise*, it will be seen that the cast of "Frou-Frou" is, with one exception, substantially the same as was originally presented. The *mise-en-scène* is highly creditable. The name of the scenic artist, Mr. ROBERTS, was up for a benefit last night, and his pictures, several of which in this piece are extremely effective as well as cleverly painted, gained a fair share of popular approbation. Miss ETHEL, after her first enthusiastic greeting, was very happy in moving the sympathy and encouragement of the public. At many points she won hearty and spontaneous applause, was tendered the tribute of appropriate flowers, and was called before the curtain to receive the congratulations of the house. "Frou-Frou" will be repeated on this and, we believe, every evening during the week.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.

BYRON's sparkling burlesque of "Lurline; or, the Knights and the Naiads," was produced at Wood's Museum last evening, with PAULINE MARKHAM and BELLE HOWITT in the principal parts. Mr. SHELDON represented *The Seneschal*, and in that character kept the house in convulsions of laughter. The burlesque, as is usually the case at this establishment, is carefully mounted, and the dresses are new and bright. The evening's entertainment commenced with "The Happiest Day of My Life," in which Mr. T. W. KEENE and Miss GUSSIE DE FORREST appeared.

Musical.

ITALIAN OPERA.

The second performance of "Amleto" was given at the Academy of Music, last evening. It attracted almost as numerous an audience as the first rehearsal of the opera, and the recital of the fifth act awakened as much enthusiasm as it did on Friday night, Miss NILSSON being summoned before the curtain three times in succession. The representation did not, however, disclose any beauties unrevealed by the first night. "Amleto" is certainly a failure insomuch as it was intended to musically illustrate the tragedy, and its qualities as a composition are not of a kind to impress a general audience with a deep admiration for the composer. Last evening, passages of the duet in the first tableau, and of the air for *Ophelia* in the second; the drinking song, and the whole of the final scene gave the wonted pleasure, but the rest of the rehearsal afforded seemingly but slight gratification. As on Friday, when an exceedingly creditable rendering of the score made what is now proven to have been a pretty fair opinion of "Amleto" possible, M. THOMAS' opera was sung with much care. Too warm praise cannot be lavished upon Miss NILSSON's personation of *Ophelia*, which is sufficiently consistent, varied and powerful to live in one's memory, distinct from the too-elaborate writing with which, in "Amleto," it is allied. Commendation is also to be bestowed upon M. BARRE's picture of *Amleto*, a more thoughtful effort, certainly, than could be expected of most baritones. Miss CARY shows unusual dramatic force in the rôle of the *Queen*, and M. JAMET is as satisfying as *Claudio* as in every part he has assumed since his first introduction to the American public. Yesterday's exposition of "Amleto," we must not omit to say, constituted the last performance of the present very successful series. Messrs. STRAKOSCH are to be thanked for the opportunity they have supplied to the frequenters of the Academy to become aware of the characteristics of "Amleto," and also for the delight given by the interpretation of many less pretentious if more familiar works. Two or three additional recitals of opera, to occur by day, will take place before Miss NILSSON departs for Europe.

CONCERT AT STEINWAY HALL.

Mr. JULIUS HESS and his children gave, with the assistance of several well-known artists, a concert at Steinway Hall last evening. Miss JOANNA HESS and Master WILLIE HESS are very clever children, who are likely to become—as most infant prodigies are not—accomplished musicians. The little lady is a pianist, and the boy is a violinist. Since the two were last heard in public, Miss JOANNA HESS appears to have made most progress. She played as a solo, last night, MENDELSSOHN's concerto in G minor, with a quartet accompaniment, and recited that delicious work intelligently, and with very neat execution. Master HESS is a proficient child-violinist, but his performance is not so eloquent as it ought to be—and, when the violin is soulless, it is little value. The boy, however, is deserving of much credit for his mastery of the technique of the instrument, and a few years of study and thought may enable him to reap the advantages of his early labors. The efforts of the children were supplemented on the occasion we write of by those of Mr. JACOB MULLER, a baritone with a fine voice, of Miss ANNA ELZER, soprano, and of Mr. JOSEPH DIEM, violoncellist. M. PREDIGAM was the accompanyist.

ITALIAN OPERA IN THE FALL.

The directors of the Academy of Music yesterday ceded to Mr. MAX MARETZEK the lease of the house for three nights and one afternoon of each week, from Sept. 30, 1872, to May 1, 1873, with the privilege of renewing the lease for the same period of the ensuing year. The season of opera will be commenced on Sept. 30, Mr. MARETZEK appearing as sole lessee and director and Mr. HENRY C. JARRETT officiating as business manager. The *prime donne* will be Mme. PAULINE LUCCA and Miss CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG.

"Disfiguring the Streets."

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Your timely and trenchant editorial on this subject in yesterday's edition, will be esteemed by every respectable citizen. While one class of our residents are striving to beautify our City and rid it of public nuisances, another class of villainous vampires are making it a laughing-stock and a disgrace to taste and decency. Not a place is sacred to these vandals, and morality, too, is outraged by their vile placards. Look at our shade trees, intended to ornament as well as be useful to our streets. They are made the illegal medium of a vile quack and compounder of deadly poison, who glaringly places on these trees an insidious advertisement. Why is not all this properly punished under the law? STREET REFORM.

One of the Late "Boss" Tweed's Little Speculations.

In the Superior Court, yesterday, a suit was tried before Chief-Justice BARBOUR and a jury, in which one THORNELL was plaintiff and PITT defendant. The action, it appeared, was brought to recover agent's commissions on a piece of property valued at $85,000, lying near the Boulevard, and purchased by BENJAMIN FAIRCHILD for the benefit of WILLIAM M. TWEED. The defense was that plaintiff's wife was the chief mortgage holder on the property, and if plaintiff exerted himself in effecting a sale of it, he was acting chiefly in his own interest and that of his wife. The jury found in favor of plaintiff for $993 79.

Owen Geohegan and James Irving.

OWEN GEOHEGAN, of Fifteenth-street and Avenue B, who was indicted for an assault on Deputy Marshal DOWLEY, surrendered himself to the United States authorities yesterday, and gave bail in $5,000 before Commissioner SHIELDS to appear for trial. Ex-Chamberlain BRADLEY and Ex-Alderman DIMOND became his sureties. The assault was made in October last during an affray at GEOHEGAN's saloon, which arose out of an attempt of the Marshal to serve a warrant of arrest on GEOHEGAN for personating a voter. JAS. IRVING has been tried in the Circuit Court for participation in this affray, and will probably be again tried in the same Court today, the jury having on the first trial failed to agree.

NOTES FROM THE PEOPLE.

The Mercantile Library.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

In your paper of Saturday you gave place to a communication signed "Subscriber," commenting on the bad management of the reading-room, its insufficient comfort, its bad and mean system of lighting, and also its use by some parties, evidently not subscribers, as a place to meet at: and lastly, that young lads at times attended, who, in his opinion, in consequence of being shabbily dressed, were not subscribers.

If the boys were subscribers they certainly had as much right there as this five-dollar subscriber. The reading-room was established by clerks, and for their especial use. It was designed more for the use and moral benefit of clerks than for "all other subscribers." I am an old subscriber, and did not subscribe as a clerk to "the library, with use of reading-room." I occasionally spend a half hour there, looking over some newspapers. My calls there have been at all hours between 10 and sunset, and at a few times after sunset; and I must say, in justice to the senior very civil lady superintendent, that I have never seen any impropriety of conduct whatever on the part of any other than a few selfish men, who appear to treat the newspapers they are then using as their own personal property. At a few odd times I have called in after the gas was lighted, but found that the newspapers, except at a few small points, could not be read with any comfort. The room is shamefully lighted; the fixtures badly placed; too few burners by a third, hung too high; and to prevent the light from hurting the eye, some old Board of Officers had the glass chimneys ground at the lower bulge, and if you turn up the button, the worn-out burner smokes. SUBSCRIBER NO. 2.

The Charter Election.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

I am a constant reader of the TIMES, and admire its course in regard to Municipal reform very much, indeed. It has been so vigilant, fearless and persevering in its exposures and denunciations of corruption, that there should be, and I know there is, great gratitude felt toward it by the honest and respectable part of our citizens.

The TIMES is universally acknowledged as having been the chief instrument in the overthrow of the notorious Tammany Ring—an event never to be forgotten—and it is to be hoped the public interest in that preliminary work of reform will not flag nor relax till the fruits are gathered which should result from it. The mere overthrow of these "scurvy politicians" does not effect the reform so much needed. It only prepares the way to introduce it. And now that we are about to have a new City charter, and an election under it in five weeks hence it is certainly the duty, the most important duty, of every friend of reform to exert himself earnestly in the cause so that in the outset there shall be no botch made in the work which has been given to us to accomplish. If, after the success of November, and in consequence of apathy in the cause of reform, we should now fail to reap the harvest then sown we should justly lay ourselves open to censure as a people capable only of impulsive, spasmodic action, and without that persevering and untiring application which is necessary to achieve any permanent success in political reform.

With a good charter, and good men to fill the offices under it our City will become the pride of the nation; but if we fail to improve the victory won last Fall she will become a by-word and reproach.

A NEW-YORK VOTER SINCE 1842.

Copyright in a Nutshell.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The suggestion of Senator SHERMAN certainly reaches the difficulty. He proposes that a simple percentage upon the value of all their books manufactured in this country be secured to foreign authors. Only one addition to this if necessary to render it complete. Let it be a criminal offense for any one to publish a work without the consent of the author, to be punished by fine and imprisonment. This will give writers the exclusive right to the fruits of their toil for a certain time, as contemplated by the Constitution. (Art. 1, Sec. 8.) Authors will be sure to decide favorably to themselves and to others who may compete in publishing their productions and prevent dishonest and irresponsible persons from injuring the market. Let the TIMES speak, and make better times for authors. Is there not a golden book ring to snap, in addition to the Tammany Ring, which is now laying around loose? It looks rather suspicious when the great publishing houses are buzzing, like so many bees, around every effort to make a Copyright law. They have pockets to fill. Meanwhile, authors out at elbows, would like to have a few pence. At least they should not be denied their peculiar right—a copyright.

RELHAS.

NEW-YORK, Saturday, March 23, 1872.

"Is Gould to Escape?"

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

This question is a leading one just now and the public and honest holders of Erie stock answer unanimously, "No, he is not!" And they also ask, "Are others to escape or be permitted to do so?" The new organization, if they desire the good opinion of honest men and public approval, cannot afford to let their *coup d'état* in Erie pass with the fringe of corruption hanging on their garments, and the odor of suspicion prevail in their official atmosphere. And who should be permitted to escape, all, or none? A sweeping change as well as reform is required in Erie Railway management. From Vice-President to purchasing agent, a clean sweep is prerequisite to a healthy and satisfactory placing of this railway before the public and its stockholders. To halt or falter now is dangerous, and to indulge in half measures is no less so. If GOULD is a corrupt man, and dangerous to the public good, and has been guilty of an overt act which the law reaches—punish him. If ARCHER is not reliable or satisfactory, dismiss him, and so on down to the purchasing agent. Stockholders will no longer be trifled with, or put off by, "Well, what are you going to do about it?"

HONESTY.

The French Arms Sale and German Opinion.

From the Evening Mail.

Notwithstanding the reassuring article in the *Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung*, of Berlin, the semi-official organ of the Chancellor of the German Empire, in regard to the French arms sales, it seems that the party opposed to the foreign policy of Prince BISMARCK is determined to turn the disclosures made during the Senate debate on that subject to good account in their endeavors to bring about the downfall of that statesman.

The Berlin correspondent of the Breslau (Silesia) *Gazette*, who is generally exceedingly well informed as to what is going on at the Prussian Court, says in his latest letter to that paper: "The Catholics and Particularists are overjoyed because of the curious debate in the Senate of the United States concerning the sales of muskets and cartridges by the American War Department to agents of the French Government during the late war. For some reason or other, Prince BISMARCK has deemed it prudent not to make any remonstrances at the time when the transactions in question took place, although he might have caused the Government of the United States some trouble if he had then possessed the information which Senators SUMNER and SCHURZ have now laid before the Senate at Washington. BISMARCK declares now that the matter was really of no consequence whatever, and his organs here have published soothing articles on the subject. His Majesty, the Emperor, however, I am informed by trustworthy parties, does not look at the matter altogether in the same light as his Chancellor, and he is reported to have read the stenographic report of the proceedings in the American Senate with mingled feelings of surprise and indignation. For the last two days this affair has formed the chief topic of conversation in court circles, and those members of the court cliques who pray day and night for the downfall of Prince BISMARCK have been rubbing their hands in high glee, for they assert that His Majesty will not allow this important question to take altogether the course which the Chancellor desires it to take. The same persons predict also very confidently that, at the opening of the next session of the German Parliament, an interpellation on the subject, coupled with a vote of censure of BISMARCK's conduct in regard to the matter, will be moved by the leaders of the Opposition. The question, I am told, would probably have assumed more serious proportions before this, so far as the Emperor WILLIAM is concerned, but for the singular dislike which the latter entertains toward Mr. CARL SCHURZ, who seems to be the prime mover in the affair, although Senator SUMNER, a well-known enemy of Germany, is nominally the author of the motion in the American Senate. In our Liberal circles opinion is greatly divided on the subject. There is, of course, a very general desire that there should be no disturbance of the amicable relations prevailing between the German Empire and the United States; but, on the other hand, BISMARCK's policy of tacit acquiescence in transactions, bordering very closely on violations of the first principles of neutrality is not altogether approved, and a majority of our prominent Liberals seem to be of opinion that the Cabinet of Washington should be promptly called upon for an explanation of the damning facts brought forward by Mr. CARL SCHURZ." In regard to the latter it is exceedingly amusing to witness the extraordinary respect and admiration which the organs of the clerical party have suddenly conceived for him, now that they can use his testimony against Prince BISMARCK. The *Germania* even calls CARL SCHURZ, whom it formerly professed to detest, "the noblest representative of Germany in America."

FORTY-SECOND CONGRESS.

SECOND SESSION.

SENATE......WASHINGTON, Monday, March 25.

Mr. CRAGIN, from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported a bill for the relief of certain officers of the navy. Passed.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

Mr. MORRILL, of Vermont, from the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds, reported adversely on petitions for the erection of public buildings at Philadelphia, and on a bill to provide for public buildings at Fall River, Mass., and asked to be discharged from their consideration; but, on motion of Mr. SCOTT, the petitions for the buildings at Philadelphia were reserved by the Committee for further consideration.

MARINE HOSPITAL AT SAN FRANCISCO.

Mr. MORRILL also reported a bill to provide for the sale of the Marine Hospital and grounds at San Francisco, which was passed.

Mr. MORRILL, from the same Committee, also reported a resolution directing the Secretary of the Treasury to inquire as to the necessity for a marine hospital at San Francisco, and if the public service requires it, to ascertain whether St. Mary's College and grounds would be suitable for the purpose, and if so on what terms they could be purchased, and to report at the next session of Congress. Laid over. The resolution is a substitute for the bill for the erection of a marine hospital at San Francisco.

REMOVAL OF CASES FROM STATE COURTS.

On motion of Mr. CONKLING the Senate non-concurred in the House amendments to the bill, extending to aliens the provisions of the act for the removal of cases from State to Federal Courts, and ordered a Committee of Conference.

THE TARIFF.

At the expiration of the morning hour, the unfinished business, the Tariff bill came up.

Mr. CHANDLER moved to lay it on the table for the purpose of considering the bills reported from the Committee on Commerce, with the understanding that the Tariff bill should be taken up again at 1 o'clock to-morrow.

Mr. JOHN SHERMAN said that as this day had been assigned for the consideration of the bills of the Committee on Commerce, he would not oppose the motion; besides, he was somewhat at a loss to know what to do about the Tariff bill; there seemed to be some uncertainty throughout the country as to the effect of the vote on Friday to make tea and coffee free, and if the Senate had deliberately made up its mind to repeal the duty on tea and coffee, the best course would be to pass the House bill for that purpose. If that were done then perhaps it might be advisable to postpone further action on the tariff until the House Tariff bill should be received.

Mr. SCOTT said it was important that the tea and coffee question should be settled at once, and asked Mr. CHANDLER to consent to lay aside the bills of his Committee informally so that the Senate might amend the House bill by fixing the time when it should go into operation and then pass it.

THE COMMERCE BILLS.

Mr. CHANDLER said he preferred to go on with the consideration of the bills from the Committee on Commerce.

The following bills were then considered and passed:

Relative to the entry and clearance of ferry-boats, and of bonded cars passing from one State to another through foreign contiguous territory.

Authorizing the employment of surfmen at alternate life-saving stations on the New-Jersey coast for the year 1872. It appropriates $10,080.

To establish a collection district at Duluth, Minn., and to make St. Paul, Minn., a port of entry.

For the enlargement of the St. Mary's Falls Canal.

To authorize the Lake Ontario Shore Railroad Company to extend their track across the Harbor of Oswego, N. Y.

To extend the Customs and Navigation laws over Alaska and the adjacent waters and islands acquired by the United States.

Authorizing the construction of railroad bridges across the Ohio River at or near Evansville and Mount Vernon, Ind.

A bill appropriating $70,000 to deepen the St. Clair Flats Canal to sixteen feet.

To facilitate the execution of amendments to protect certain public improvements.

Amending the act to declare the bridges of the New-Orleans, Mobile and Chattanooga Railroad Company a post-route.

To amend the act to regulate the Consular and diplomatic systems of the United States, increasing the salaries of various consulates, including London, Paris and Havana.

To amend the act for the protection of American citizens who may discover deposits of guano.

Authorizing a mail steam-ship service between New-Orleans and certain Mexican ports.

The bill to facilitate commerce with China, Japan, and other countries of Asia was taken up, but pending its consideration the Senate, at 4½ o'clock, went into Executive Session, and soon after adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Under the call of States for bills, a considerable number of bills were introduced and referred.

CIVIL RIGHTS.

After the call of States the remainder of the morning hour was consumed by dilatory motions to prevent a vote on Mr. HOOPER's Supplementary Civil Rights bill.

Mr. ELLIOTT moved to suspend the rules so as to make Mr. HOOPER's Supplementary Civil Rights bill a special order. Negatived—yeas 98, nays 78, not two-thirds in the affirmative.

SOLDIERS' HOMESTEADS.

Mr. HAWLEY moved to suspend the rules and pass the Senate bill to enable honorably discharged soldiers and sailors, their widows and minor children to secure homesteads on the public lands. Agreed to without the yeas and nays.

STATUE OF FARRAGUT.

Mr. TYNER, from the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds, reported a joint resolution providing for a colossal statue of the late Admiral FARRAGUT, to be erected in Farragut-square, in the City of Washington. It instructs the Senate and House Committees on Public Buildings and Grounds, to inspect all models that may be presented to them within sixty days, and select therefrom one of the most appropriate to commemorate the deeds and character of Admiral FARRAGUT; and it instructs the Secretary of the Navy to contract for such statue at a cost not exceeding $20,000.

After remarks in favor of the joint resolution by Messrs. TYNER, COX, STARKWEATHER, and GARFIELD, it was, on motion of Mr. GARFIELD, so amended as to extend the time for selecting the model to the 1st of January, 1873, and was passed.

STEAM-BOAT TRAVEL.

On motion of Mr. NEGLEY, the Steam-boat bill for the better protection of life and property on board of steam vessels was made the special order for Tuesday next.

The House, at 3:40 o'clock P. M., adjourned.

Ballard and Miller.

Correspondence of the Boston Daily Advertiser.

The interest of those who have been so intently watching the progress of reform is, at this moment, centred in the bitter and relentless warfare which the *Tribune* and the *Nation*, with a few other, though less prominent journals, are waging against the TIMES, on account of its refusal to give the Legislative Committee investigating the charges of corruption which it brought against MILLER, the State Insurance Commissioner, its sources of information and the names of its writers; and the disclosure of the fact, afterward made through the statement of one of these writers, that it employs men under assumed names. The few who are acquainted with the facts are inclined to sympathize with the TIMES. It is certainly in an awkward and embarrassing position, which it cannot very well explain to the satisfaction of every reader, and especially its enemies. It made its charges mainly on the strength of the statements of prominent insurance men, presidents of insurance companies of unimpeachable character, and it received these statements only on condition that the names of the givers should on no account be divulged, because the Commissioner had power to crush their companies and persecute them fatally. The writers of the vigorous articles containing the charges were gentlemen regularly connected with the editorial staff, and one or two outsiders. One of the latter was the writer who made the statement before the Legislative Committee apparently so damaging to the TIMES. He stated that his name is BALLARD, but that he was known in the TIMES Office as BROWNING, and that he had reason to believe that there was no truth whatever in the articles he wrote. He did not state, however, that he was known as BROWNING at his own request, as he was holding a position on an insurance paper, insignificant, but valuable to him, which he would lose if it became known that he was writing outside; that he didn't write the strongest articles, which really caused the investigation, but only feebly echoed what had already been said, and that he was suddenly brought to the conclusion that there was no truth in the statements of corruption against MILLER by the threats of prosecution which the friends of MILLER, and the editor of the paper on which he was employed, held over his wretched head. These facts are not generally known. If they were, I hardly think the *Tribune* would pursue the TIMES with such vigor. This man Browning-Ballard was introduced to the editor of the TIMES as an object of sympathy by one of the most prominent reformers, who, it must be stated, is quite as chagrined by the action of his protégé as the TIMES editor is annoyed. This story of the "Miller controversy" illustrates quite forcibly the infelicities of an editor's life in this City, and shows that coaching reform is not altogether a merry work, followed by immediate and generous reward.

A Shameful Hoax.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Will you have the kindness to announce the untruth of the notice contained in your edition of this morning of the death of SAMUEL COWDREY. I am happy to say that my son is perfectly well. S. F. COWDREY,

NO. 67 WALL-STREET, Monday, March 25, 1872.

Mr. BRENTANO (No. 33 Union-square,) has received the "Thanksgiving numbers" of the *Graphic* and *Illustrated London News*, containing many interesting memorials of the royal visit to St. Paul's. Both papers are worth preserving as part of the records of contemporary history. Mr. BRENTANO has also received *Nature*, *Punch*, the *Saturday Review*, and many other new publications.

THERE ARE A HUNDRED WAYS OF RUINING the hair, but only one to renew and rebeautify it. To reendow it with vegetative power, to kindle into vigor the enfeebled roots, to increase the growth, to beautify the fibres, PHALON'S CHEMICAL HAIR INVIGORATOR must be regularly brushed in. A complete rejuvenation of the hair is then certain. Sold by all druggists.—*Advertisement.*

The great sale of the diamonds of the Geneva Watch Company began at No. 763 Broadway yesterday. From the opening to the close, the store was crowded by a throng of eager buyers, most of whom went away with a fine gem in his pocket. The stones are guaranteed to be of a quality equal to any sold in this City, and the price charged is very far below the ordinary wholesale price. Gold and silver watches are still retailed at $15 and $4 80, and a written guaranty as to quality both of case and works is given to every purchaser.—*Advertisement.*

Removal.

GROVER & BAKER SEWING-MACHINE CO. have removed to Nos. 786 and 788 Broadway, corner of Tenth-street.—*Advertisement.*

Yale College.

All graduates of Yale College qualified to vote at the election of Fellows at the next Commencement, are invited to send, over their signatures, to the undersigned, before May 1, the names of six persons whom they desire to nominate for the office of Fellow. The names of all candidates thus nominated by more than twenty-five electors, will be subsequently announced.

By the legislative act, "All persons who have been for five years graduated as Bachelors in any of the departments of Yale College, and all persons who have been admitted to any higher degree in Yale College, whether honorary or in course," may vote and may be voted for in the coming election. By order of the corporation,

FRANKLIN B. DEXTER, Secretary.

—*Advertisement.*

Don't scorch your hair off with caustic dyes. Why should you when Hill's Instantaneous Hair Dye imparts to the grayest head a golden brown or jetty black, in about the time it takes to read this paragraph?—*Advertisement.*

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES.

THE NEW-YORK SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES, published THIS MORNING, contains the very latest telegraphic and general news; editorials on matters of current interest; a page of carefully-prepared commercial matter, giving the latest financial news and market reports; items of agricultural and domestic interest, and other interesting reading matter.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES may be had at the counter of the Publication Office, in wrappers, ready for mailing. Price, FIVE CENTS.

A.—For Moth Patches, Freckles And TAN, use PERRY'S MOTH AND FRECKLE LOTION, the well-known, reliable and harmless remedy for brown discolorations of the face. Depot, No. 49 Bond-st., New-York. Sold by all druggists.

Batchelor's Hair-Dye is the Best in the world—the only safe, true and perfect hair dye. No ridiculous tints—no disappointment—harmless, reliable, instantaneous black or brown. At all druggists and No. 16 Bond-st.

"Neuril" has Cured Neuralgia when all other remedies have failed. If applied when the pain is at its height, it will give instant relief. Try it.

Wood Carpeting, No. 489 Broadway, has been in use nearly four years, and answers all expectations.

New 7-octave Pianos, $250.—New Organs $50 to $60. New Melodeons, $50, cash, for the Holidays. HORACE WATERS, No. 481 Broadway.

DIED.

ARCHER.—On Sunday, March 24, 1872, at his residence in Yonkers, N. Y., CHARLES ARCHER, aged 85 years.

Relatives and friends of the family are requested to attend the funeral from his late residence on Wednesday, March 27, at 2 P. M. Trains leave Thirtieth-street Depot at 10¼ A. M. and 12¼ P. M.

ACHELIS.—Suddenly, on Sunday, the 24th inst., THOMAS ACHELIS, aged 65 years.

Funeral on Wednesday, the 27th March, at 4 o'clock P. M., from his late residence, No. 275 Henry-street, Brooklyn. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

ADAMS.—In Havana, Cuba, on Friday, March 15, 1872, Capt. RICHARD ADAMS, in the 64th year of his age.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, No. 122 Clinton-av., Brooklyn, on Wednesday, March 27, at 2 o'clock P. M.

☞ Charleston (S. C.) papers please copy.

BULKLEY.—In Brooklyn, E. D., on Saturday morning, March 23, MARY, wife of Erastus Bulkley, aged 75 years and 6 months.

The funeral services will be attended from her late residence, No. 129 Rodney-st., on Tuesday afternoon, 26th inst., at 4 o'clock. Her remains will be taken to Rocky Hill, Conn., for interment.

BARLOW.—On Saturday, March 23, GEORGE BARLOW, native of Essex, England, in the 58th year of his age.

Relatives and friends of the family are requested to attend the funeral from his late residence, No. 315 West 57th-st., on Tuesday, 26th inst., at 12 o'clock. The remains will be interred at Green-Wood Cemetery.

BACHE.—On Sunday morning, March 24, S. ADDIE, wife of John O. Bache and daughter of the late James A. Coffin.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the Church of the Atonement, corner of Madison-av. and 28th-st., on Wednesday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

CHESTER.—At Hartford, March 12, 1872, Miss HANNAH G. CHESTER, of Withersfield, Conn., aged 71, sister of Walter Chester, of this City.

CLARK.—On Sunday, March 24, Mrs. ANN T. CLARK, relict of Thomas L. Clark, in the 81st year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock, from her late residence, No. 138 West 12th-st., without further invitation.

CLAPP.—On Saturday, March 23, FRANCIS CLAPP, widow of the late Fobes Clapp, aged 79 years and 8 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, on Tuesday, March 26, at 2 o'clock, from the residence of her son-in-law, J. W. Southack, No. 236 5th-av.

DICKINSON.—On Monday, March 25, of pneumonia, HENRY DICKINSON, aged 53 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, No. 344 West 29th-st., on Wednesday morning, March 27, at 10 o'clock. The remains will be taken to Deep River, Conn., for interment.

DIXON.—At Aiken, S. C., Thursday, March 21, MATILDA DIXON, wife of the late Henry Dixon, of Brooklyn.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 24 Clinton-st., Brooklyn, at 3 o'clock P. M., Wednesday, March 27.

FISK.—In Jersey City, on Sunday, March 24, KATE, wife of D. C. Fisk, aged 30 years, 8 months, 4 days.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, on Wednesday, March 27, at 2 o'clock, from the Second Presbyterian Church, 3d-st., (formerly South 6th-st.,) between Jersey-av. and Erie-st., Jersey City.

HYER.—On Monday morning, at his late residence, Main-st., Hackensack, N. J., BENJAMIN E. B. HYER, in the 43d year of his age.

The friends and relatives are respectfully invited to attend his funeral on Thursday, 28th, at 2 o'clock P. M., at his late residence in Main-st., Hackensack, N. J., without further invitation. Trains leave foot Chambers-st. 12½ A. M.

LEARNED.—At her late residence, Grove-st., East Orange, N. J., on Palm Sunday, 24th March, HANNAH LYDIA ADAMS, wife of James E. Learned.

SAMMIS.—On Sunday evening, the 24th inst., EMMA, eldest daughter of the late Samuel Sammis, in the 36th year of her age.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral on Wednesday afternoon, the 27th inst., at 2½ o'clock, from the residence of her brother-in-law, Dr. T. F. Cornell, No. 57 South Oxford-st., Brooklyn.

SHORTRIDGE.—On the 24th inst., of scarlet fever, GEORGE WATSON, only son of George E. and Mary V. Shortridge, aged 2 years and 5 months.

Funeral services at the residence of his parents, No. 234 West 39th-st., on Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock. Relatives and friends of the family invited.

VAN IDERSTINE.—On Sunday, March 24, FREDDIE, second son of Frederick A. and Addie C. Van Iderstine, aged 1 year, 2 months and 1 day.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral at No. 96 Johnson-st., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, March 26, at 2 P. M.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PILES! PILES!

W. A. McCANDLISS, M. D., of No. 2,000 Arch-st., Philadelphia, who visits New-York EVERY FOURTH WEEK, is now at St. Nicholas Hotel. He can give the best of reference to persons who have been treated, that he can make a perfect and permanent cure of every case of Piles, by absorption, without caustics or instruments, and no detention from business. Every vestige of the disease is eradicated and the parts are left in a natural, sound and healthy condition. He also cures Itching Piles, Fissure, Prolapsus, Stricture, and Ulceration of the Rectum or lower bowel.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.

The mails for Europe, during the week ending SATURDAY, March 30, 1872, will close at this office on WEDNESDAY at 11½ A. M., on THURSDAY at 11 A. M., and on SATURDAY at 7 A. M.

P. H. JONES, Postmaster.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.

EXTRAORDINARY DRAWING of April 4, 1872. Whole Tickets, $80; one-twentieth part, $4. Tickets sold by J. B. MARTINEZ & CO., AGENTS, No. 10 Wall-st., Box No. 4,685 Post-office, New-York.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.

Prizes cashed and information furnished. The highest rates paid all kinds of gold and silver. Government securities, &c., &c. TAYLOR & CO., Bankers, No. 16 Wall-st., New-York.

HAPPY RELIEF FOR YOUNG MEN.—Nervous Debility cured by new methods. Remarkable reports sent free. Address HOWARD SANITARY AID ASSOCIATION, Philadelphia, Penn.

PATENTS.—MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS *Scientific American*, 37 Park-row, N. Y., obtain Patents everywhere. 25 years' experience. Confidential. Send for Patent Laws and Guide to Inventors.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

FINE BOOKS AT AUCTION!

PRIVATE LIBRARY,

Comprising an elegant assortment of scarce, valuable and illustrated works, fine editions of ancient and modern standard works, in handsome bindings; privately printed works on large paper; caricatures, etchings, facetiæ, cyclopædias, reviews, magazines, &c., &c., the whole to be sold by auction, at the CLINTON HALL SALES-ROOMS, on TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY EVENINGS, March 26 and 27th, 1872, commencing at 7½ o'clock each evening.

GEO. A. LEAVITT & CO., Auctioneers.

Parties unable to attend this sale can have their orders to purchase carefully executed by the auctioneers.

POLITICAL.

SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT GRANT CLUB will meet THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock, at head-quarters, No. 181 Chatham-st.

WM. F. PORTER, Secretary. P. MACK, President

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

Business for the week opened, yesterday, with quite a fair attendance at the Exchange, and although all the sales proposed were not consummated, the result of the day's transactions was somewhat better than usual. The following is a review of the proceedings:

MULLER, WILKINS & Co., at public auction, sold the four and five story brick building used as a furniture warehouse, and lot, known as No. 2 Doyer-street, near the Bowery, to R. G. GREGG, for $10,000; also, a building lot on Ninety-ninth-street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues, to SINCLAIR MYERS, for $38,000; also, by order of the Supreme Court in foreclosure, under the direction of WM. H. SECOR, Esq., referee, a three-story brick house and lot on the north side of Eighty-sixth-street, between Third and Fourth avenues, to J. B. KENNEDY, for $9,800. The same firm also, at a Supreme Court foreclosure sale, DAVID BARNETT, Esq., referee, offered at auction the premises No. 443 West Forty-seventh-street, north side, between Ninth and Tenth avenues, embracing a lot 18.9 by 100.5, with four-story brown-stone house thereon, which was knocked down to a Mr. SMITH for $18,208. The purchaser, however, after the sale, did not appear to comply with the terms thereof, and the matter was adjourned until Monday of next week. No other sales were made by Messrs. MULLER & Co., and all the balance of the property offered, which was fully described yesterday, was withdrawn, for the want of satisfactory bids.

JAMES M. MILLER, under a Supreme Court order in foreclosure, JOHN C. BUSHNELL, Esq., referee, disposed of two five-story brick tenement-houses and lots, situate on the east side of Mott-street, between Prince and Houston streets, for $21,250 each; purchaser, GEO. BURCHELL. This property sold low as the houses are nearly new and rent each at the rate of $3,000 per annum.

WM. KENNELLY, at a Sheriff's sale, by order of M. T. BRENNAN, Sheriff, sold two full lots, located on the east side of Eleventh-avenue, between Ninety-sixth and Ninety-seventh streets, for $2,600 each, to JOHN TOWNSEND; and an adjournment of another legal sale as follows, by the same auctioneer, closed the business of the day: Foreclosure sale under the direction of F. V. B. KENNEDY, Esq., referee, of property on Ninety-sixth-street, near Eleventh-avenue, adjourned until April 4.

In reference to the foreclosure sale at the Exchange on Saturday, of the brown-stone houses and lots situate on the north side of One Hundred and Sixteenth-street, 402 feet west of Third-avenue, the following correction is made: The property, it was reported, was sold for MATTHEW MOORE for $15,900. The purchaser, however, we have since learned, failed to comply with the terms of sale, and later in the day the premises were again offered and sold to A. J. ULRICH for $15,800.

For today the auctions announced to occur are numerous, and as the class of real estate to be offered is superior, they should attract investors and command attention. Full details of the projected sales were published yesterday in this column, and a recapitulation is, therefore, unnecessary, for to the list as given reference is made.

At private sale V. K. STEVENSON & SON, No. 11 Pine-street, report having recently closed the following contracts, disposing of the real estate noted: One gore lot, 25 by 84, on the east side of the Grand Boulevard, 78 feet south of Seventy-seventh-street, sold for Mr. W. W. BACKUS for $12,300, and one lot, 25 by 50, on the north side of Fifty-ninth-street, 325 feet east of Tenth-avenue, sold for Mr. GEO. FISHER for $6,200. The private sale is also reported on the street of two lots on the north-west corner of Fifth-avenue and One Hundred and Fourteenth-street, for $25,000, an exceedingly large figure, and, if the report is true, the highest price as yet realized for lots in this vicinity.

Mr. S. J. AHERN, who is interested in the erection of cottage residences at Elizabeth, N. J., on Tuesday of last week threw open to his friends one of the same, which has just been completed. The house exhibited is situated on Jefferson-avenue, corner of Mary-street, in size 38 by 62, and in its interior arrangement is a model. Besides being replete with all modern improvements, a number of new features have been introduced, which house-keepers will fully appreciate, and the work will repay examination.

TRANSFERS AND LEASES.

The list of recorded transfers and leases given below are taken from *Real Estate Record* of Saturday, March 23, the transfers noted being those placed on record during the past week of City real estate to the value of $25,000 and upward. This is the last list of the kind which will be published for the present, as we shall henceforth give a daily report, furnished from the Register's office:

TRANSFERS.

Boulevard, s. e. corner 138th-st., 24.11x153.9x26.3 x162; Boulevard, e. s., 259.10 ft. s. of 138th-st., 49.11 x104.5x50.7x112.11; Boulevard, e. s., 384.9 ft. s. of 138th-st., 50x83.4x50.9x91.9; executors of Daniel Devlin to James O'Donohue, March 15	$30,575
Boulevard, e. s., 24.11 ft. s. of 138th-st., 75x128.4x79 x153.9; Boulevard, e. s., 124.11 ft. s. of 138th-st., 25x111.10x25x120.1; 137th-st., n. s., 500 ft. w. of Boulevard, 100x99.11; executors of Daniel Devlin to Lewis J. Phillips, March 15	29,800
Boulevard, s. w. corner 138th-st., 99.11x150; Boulevard, e. s., 434.9 ft. s. of 138th-st., 24.11x79 x25.3x83.4; Boulevard, e. s., 499.8 ft. s. of 138th-st., 40x65.4x40.5x71; executors of Daniel Devlin to Abraham Scholle, March 18	45,400
Clinton-st., No. 86, e. s. 175 ft. s. of Rivington-st., 25x100, h. and l.; Conrad, Simeon and Gregor Hamma to Jacob and Moses Goldberg, March 14	26,750
Chrystie-st., e. s., 100 ft. n. of Rivington-st., 25 x100; Charles C. Koss to John C. F. Roenner, March 18	30,250
Washington-st., s. e. corner Laight-st., 75x80; Executors of Sylvanus S. Ward to Charles N. Boschen, March 14	31,800
Water-st., No. 82, 25x61.3; William E. Ryder et al. to Elizabeth, wife of Andrew Clarke, (subject to mortgages, $10,500,) March 16	19,000
14th-st., n. s., 225 ft. w. of 8th-av., 25x100; Thos. C. Benning to Thos. W. Strong, of Metuchen, N. J., March 16	35,000
17th-st., s. s., 250 ft. w. of 5th-av., 25x½-block, h. and l.; Jane, wife of Louis E. Hargous, to Louis S. Hargous, of Pittsford, Monroe County, N. Y., (subject to mortgages, $15,000,) March 18	25,000
38th-st., s. s., 455 ft. w. 5th-av., 20x98.9, h. and l.; Eliza, wife of Alonzo F. Robbins, of Union township, N. J., to Rudolph A. Witthaus, March 13	26,000
41st-st., n. s., 276 ft. e. 5th-av., 22x98.9, h. and l.; Sally, wife of Charles E. Jenkins, of Chicago, to William S. and Margaret E. P. Opdyke, March 14	34,500
44th-st., s. s., 150 ft. w. of 8th-av., 36x73, h. and l.; Jacob Etling to Louis E. Duenkel, March 15	29,567 75
52d-st., n. s., 275 ft. w. 5th-av., 20x100.5; James M. Crossman to Samuel Morris Locke, March 15	58,000
55th-st., n. s., 435 ft. w. 5th-av., 15x100.5, h. and l.; Margaret L. Baker to John H. Harbeck, Jr., March 15	28,000
55th-st., n. s., 190 ft. e. 6th-av., 20x100.5, h. and l.; Joseph Freedman to Sarah L. T., wife of John Bryan, March 14	35,000
56th-st., n. s., 525 ft. w. 5th-av., 25x100.5, h. and l.; Alonzo W. Balch to Jacob B. Tallman, March 13	25,000
56th-st., n. s., 550 ft. w. 5th-av., 25x100.5, h. and l.; Hester Boyd to Jacob B. Tallman, March 14	25,400
57th-st., n. s., 200 ft. w. 5th-av., 25x100.5; Gratz Nathan, referee, to Matthew Byrnes, March 14	29,500
57th-st., n. s., 200 ft. w. 5th-av., 25x100.5; Gratz Nathan, referee, to Matthew Byrnes, March 14	30,100
57th-st., n. s., 250 ft. w. 5th-av., 25x100.5; Gratz Nathan, referee, to Matthew Byrnes, March 14	30,100
57th-st., n. s., 275 ft. w. 5th-av., 25x100.5; Gratz Nathan, referee, to Matthew Byrnes, March 14	30,200
61st-st., s. s., 125 ft. w. 3d-av., 20x100.5; John McCool to William Crawford, March 19	27,000
64th-st., n. s., 100 ft. w. 3d-av., 180x100.5; James W. Beekman to Gideon Fountain, March 19	56,250
85th-st., n. w. corner 2d-av., 100x102.2; Louisa, wife of Wm. Geery, to Welcome R. Beebe, March 13	40,000
89th-st., n. s., 100 ft. e. 5th-av., 50x½ block; Patrick McBride to Maria D., wife of Geo. Keyes, March 13	27,500
98th-st., s. s., 100 ft. e. 10th-av., 250x100.11; executors of Ira Hawley to Griffith Rowe, March 15	27,000
104th-st., n. w. corner Madison-av., 70x100.11; Augustus C. Bechstein to Thomas B. Wilson, of Rye, N. Y., March 13	32,000
124th-st., s. w. corner 4th-av., 405x½ block; Isaac C. Kendall to David Houston and Thomas Fealey, March 19	100,000
137th-st., s. s., 300 ft. e. 12th-av., 225x186.6x232.6x 128.2; 137th-st., s. s., 550 ft. e. 12th-av., 25x198.6 x25.10x193; executors of Daniel Devlin to Henry Bucking, March 13	27,500
Madison-av., n. e. corner 66th-st., 74x100; John Bradbury to Mary M., wife of Nathaniel R. Moseley, March 14	62,000
Madison av., n. w. corner 104th-st., 100.11x70; Augustus C. Bechstein to Thomas B. Wilson, of Rye, N. Y., March 13	32,000
Madison-av., s. e. corner 124th-st., 100.11x405; Isaac Kendall to David Houston and Thomas Fealey, March 19	100,000
2d-av., n. w. corner 85th-st., 102.2x100; Louisa, wife of William Geery to Welcome R. Beebe, March 13	40,000
2d-av., e. s., 20.11 ft. s. 116th-st., 20x80; 2d-av., e. s., 80.11 ft. s. 116th-st., 20x80; D. McElreavy to Chas. G. Martin, March 15	35,500
4th-av., s. w. corner 75th-st., 102.2x100; William Lalor, James H. Coleman and Thomas J. Creamer to Lewis J. Phillips, March 13	34,600
5th-av., s. e. corner 83d-st., 102.2x160; Lewis J. Phillips to John J. Jova and Benjamin F. Dunning, March 13	220,000
8th-av., w. s., 75.3 ft. s. 44th-st., 25.1x100, h. and l.; Gottlieb Rosenblatt to Charles A. Kuster, March 19	36,000

LEASES.

	Per year.
Broome-st., No. 461, first floor and basement, 7 1-12 years	$5,350
Barclay-st., No. 54, store and basement, 3 years	3,000
Cherry-st., Nos. 198, 200 and 202, 1 year	2,000
Fulton-st., Nos. 58 and 60, stores and basement, &c., 5 years	8,000
Grand-st., No. 321, 2 stores Orchard-st., No. 65, store } 10 years	3,500
Hudson-st., No. 501, store, 4 11-12 years	1,500
Hudson-st., No. 288, 3 years	1,500
Ludlow-st., No. 8, 5 years	2,300
Mercer-st., No. 77, 5 2-12 years	1,500
Varick-st., No. 22, 21 years ... taxes and	1,200
East 12th-st., No. 66, 5 years	1,800
West 24th-st., No. 119, 4 years	1,600
West 29th-st., No. 104, 5 years	1,600
Avenue C, No. 121, 3 years	1,500
Avenue C, No. 128, 10 years	1,000
Greenwich-av., No. 106, 5 years	1,000
Madison-av., No. 561, 3 years	4,000
8th-av., No. 669, store and basement, 2 years	2,500
3d-av., e. s. 63d and 64th sts., 40 lots of Beekman estate; 3d-av., w. s.; Abraham B. Cox, et al. to American Institute, 6½ years	13,000
[illegible]-av., No. 447, 5 years	3,500
[illegible]-av., No. 16, 3 years	4,800
6th-av., No. 342, store, 3 years	3,500
8th-av., No. 305, 5 years, May, 1871	1,000

Exchange Sales, Monday, March 25.

NEW-YORK.

By Muller, Wilkins & Co.

1 4 and 5 story brick building and lot, No. 2 Doyer-st., s. s., 87 ft. n. of Bowery, lot 20x about 63, building covers same	$10,000
1 3-story brick h. and l., n. s. of 86th-st., between 3d and 4th avs., lot 25.6x100.9	9,800
1 lot s. s. of West 99th-st., 350 ft. w. of 8th-av., 25x100.11	3,800
By James M. Miller.	
2 5-story brick tenement hs. and ls. e. s. of Mott-st., 75 ft. 8 inches s. of Houston-st., lots each 25x about 81, $21,250 each	$42,500
By Wm. Kennelly.	
2 lots e. s. of 11th-av., 75 ft. 8 inches n. of West 96th-st., each 25.3x100, $2,600 each	$5,200

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FRANCIS TOMES,
REAL ESTATE BROKER AND AGENT FOR ESTATES,
NO. 108 BROADWAY, ONE DOOR FROM PINE-ST.

Houses, stores and lots taken in charge. Rents collected and returns promptly made. References of the highest character given when required.

W. G. CAMPBELL, REAL ESTATE and Insurance Broker, has for sale and to let furnished and unfurnished residences in all the most desirable locations in Saratoga, at reasonable prices and easy terms, and at rents ranging from $150 to $1,500.

I have also for sale, rent and exchange a number of first-class farms in this vicinity, and some of the finest lots in the village, which I will dispose of on very reasonable terms.

All parties desiring to rent, purchase or exchange can do so to advantage through me. Having been a resident of New-York City for over twenty-five years, I think I can meet the wants of New-Yorkers and others here.
W. G. CAMPBELL,
Ainsworth-place, Saratoga Springs, N. Y.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LOTS—The attention of builders and others is called to the sale by JAMES M. MILLER, on WEDNESDAY, March 27, at 12 o'clock, at No. 111 Broadway, of four of the best located lots of ground, on the west side of the City, situated on West 51st-st., about 250 feet west of the new line of Broadway, and opposite twelve brown-stone houses; street sewered, and paved with Belgian pavement; about $3,500 expended on excavation.

A POSITIVE SALE BY AUCTION. On TUESDAY, March 26, at No. 111 Broadway, of 4 GRAND BOULEVARD LOTS, South-east corner 82d-st. These EXTRA CHOICE AND VERY VALUABLE full front lots command a splendid and uninterrupted view of the Hudson. They are ready at once to improve, and will be sold separately on liberal terms. Maps of V. K. STEVENSON & SON, Auctioneers, No. 11 Pine-st.

LOTS! LOTS!
$18,500.—100x100 dug-out, 54th-st., 5th and 6th-avs., very cheap and but a few left; well worthy the attention of builders.
HATCH & VAN DOREN, No. 610 6th-av.

$23,000.—CHOICE THREE-STORY brown-stone high-stoop house, in 50th-st., between 5th and 6th avenues; hard-wood finish, well built, and cheap; College lease; 20x50x100; also, 21x55x100, for $26,000.
HATCH & VAN DOREN, No. 610 6th-av.

FOR SALE—FIVE FRAME BUILDINGS on the north-east corner of 36th-st. and 7th-av., 100x75; rented for $5,500; price $65,000; terms easy. Also, one lot on 7th-av., between 56th and 57th sts.; price $15,000. Also, four lots on 114th-st., near Morningside Park.
DYE & CURTISS, No. 508 6th-av.

PARK-AV.—VERY SUBSTANTIAL EXTRA-finished DOUBLE and CORNER residence, 37.6 x75; lot 105 feet, occupying a SPLENDID POSITION, (the best on the avenue,) for sale low; also, medium and full-size dwellings on and adjoining 5TH and MADISON AVS. Bargains.
V. K. STEVENSON & SON, No. 11 Pine-st.

A FREE REGISTER, WITH PARTICULARS of 2,000 CITY HOUSES and BUILDING LOTS, FOR SALE and TO LET; containing CITY MAP, &c., &c., gratis. V. K. STEVENSON & SON, Real Estate Auctioneers and Brokers, No. 11 Pine-st.

A HOUSE FOR SALE—IN WEST 25TH-street, between 7th and 8th avs.; four stories English basement, with all the modern improvements and in complete order; possession 1st May; a liberal amount can remain on bond and mortgage. Apply to JOSIAH S. LEVERETT & CO., No. 85 John-st.

A DESIRABLE DOUBLE DWELLING and eight full lots, convenient to Broadway and the Park, on 60th-st., first house west of 9th-av.; price and terms very reasonable. Apply to
V. K. STEVENSON & SON, No. 11 Pine-st.

A THREE-STORY HIGH-STOOP brown-stone house in West 43d-st., near Broadway, for sale at a bargain. Apply to
J. ROMAINE BROWN, No. 1,280 Broadway.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—ON 152D-ST., near St. Nicholas-av., an elegant private residence, with stable and coach-house, with all modern improvements; fine garden, with sixteen lots of ground. DYE & CURTISS, 508 6th-av.

FOR SALE—ON A CORNER OF MADISON-av., near 49th-st., an elegant and first-class four-story high-stoop brown-stone house in the most perfect order. Full particulars from HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A FOUR-STORY brown-stone house, superior order, 20 by 65; lot in fee, 100.5; in 47th-st., between 6th-av. and Broadway: if with carpets, gas-fixtures and shades, $40,000. Apply to E. DUNCAN SNIFFEN, No. 8 Pine-st.

UNRIVALED AND MOST VALUABLE 5th-av. property, north-east corner 59th-st., 100x 125, for sale; liberal terms to an immediate purchaser. Apply to owner, 6 Chatham-square, at 12 o'clock M.

FOR SALE CHEAP—SEVERAL FOUR-story brown-stone high-stoop houses on 61st-st., between 4th and Madison avs. Inquire of the owner, JOHN McCOOL, on the premises.

A BARGAIN—ONE OF THE FINEST blocks on 5th-av. for sale; 75 per cent. can remain on mortgage. Also, handsome block on Boulevard. G. LESPINASSE, No. 25 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE EXTRA large house No. 25 Rutgers-place, lot 26x120; also, nineteen lots in the same neighborhood. For particulars inquire at the office, No. 54 Rutgers-st.

FOR SALE—A FINE FOUR-STORY BROWN-stone house on 32d-st., near Broadway; price only $25,000; terms to suit the purchaser.
DYE & CURTISS, No. 508 6th-av.

FOR SALE—ON EASY TERMS, AN ELEGANT house on 33d-st., near 5th-av.; best location in City. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—TO CLOSE AN ESTATE.—Three-story brick house, 40x45, built by day's work, without regard to expense, and containing all the modern improvements; with two-story brick stable, 26x40; ground, 50x200, very handsomely laid out, with fountain, shrubbery and a great variety of fruit. Situated on Washington-av., between Greene and Lafayette avs. Would exchange for smaller house well located in Brooklyn. For full particulars apply to LEVI COOK, No. 50 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—IN BROOKLYN, THE FIRST-class Gothic cottage and stable, slate roof, No. 310 Throop-av., corner Hart-st.; nine rooms, attic and cellar; convenient and pretty: all improvements; two full lots; corner laid out in lawn, shrubbery, &c.; desirable home and location; price, $13,000. Apply afternoon on premises; take blue Myrtle-avenue car to Throop-av.

FOR SALE CHEAP—IN BROOKLYN.—A four-story brick house, No. 217 Carroll-st., near Carroll Park; all improvements; vestibule door, &c.; $13,000. Apply to H. STEVENSON, No. 330 Court-st., near Sackett-st.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

Suburban Homes.

Four tracks with steel rails, when completed with cars and ferry-boats unsurpassed, much increase the value of every home on the line of the Central Railroad of New-Jersey. For information as to houses, lots, farms, &c., on the line, apply to A. D. HOPE, No. 119 Liberty-st.

A COUNTRY-SEAT FOR SALE—At Stamford, Conn., overlooking Sound; nine acres of ground; a modern-built first-class frame-house, containing twelve rooms, gas, hot and cold water, bath, carriage-house; the grounds well stocked with fruit and shade trees, tastefully laid out; five minutes from depot, on Elm-st. or Shippan-av. Inquire of JAMES T. MALCOLM, No. 9 Chambers-st.

AT TARRYTOWN.—A MAGNIFICENT residence for sale on Broadway, short distance from depot. The house is spacious, built in best manner, with all modern improvements; river view very fine; price, $20,000. This is an opportunity seldom offered. Address R. A. B., Box No. 1,619, New-York Post-office.

FOR SALE AT CHATHAM, N. J., ON line of Morris and Essex Railroad—Lot 50x100, situated on Summit-st., 100 feet from the corner of Washington-av., and three blocks from the depot, in a good location; several new buildings going up; price $300, part cash, balance in two years. Address S., Box No. 185 *Times* Office.

ALL WHO DESIRE PLEASANT HOMES and healthy locations, should by all means go to Dunellen and New-Market on Central New-Jersey Railroad; choice plots, tasty cottages and beautiful country-seats with acres from $500 to $25,000; terms easy. Call on JAQUES, No. 208 Broadway.

FOR SALE—TWO FINE RESIDENCES IN Bloomfield, N. J., new, first-class, all modern improvements; lots, each, 90x190 feet; elevated and beautiful; houses 24x57 feet, with additional wing extension on each side. Apply to WM. P. LYON, owner, No. 97 Thomas-st., New-York, or in Bloomfield.

FOR SALE—FIVE MINUTES' WALK FROM Tuckahoe Station, Harlem Railroad, a cottage, with seven acres and out-buildings, in perfect order. Apply to CHAS. M. SCHIEFFELIN, No. 59 Wall-st., Room No. 27.

AN ELEGANT PLACE OF 200 ACRES, with beautiful and costly buildings, in Dutchess County, New-York, $24,000; a complete gentleman's seat for the price of a farm. Full particulars from C. G. PRATT, No. 9 Nassau-st., Room No. 17.

ORANGE, N. J.—COUNTRY HOUSES, lands and village lots for sale; a great variety. Also, furnished and unfurnished houses to let for season or year, by BLACKWELL & SMITH, 249 Broadway, 9 to 11; or Orange, corner Main and Cone sts.

FOR SALE OR TO LET, OR WILL exchange for City property, house and fifty acres land, south side Staten Island, with water front; will let house, garden, and three or four acres land. Apply to A. JOURNEAY, No. 1 Pine-st.

A HOUSE FOR SALE—WITH ABOUT one-half acre of land; plenty fruit; 18 miles from City; two minutes from depot, at Tuckahoe, N. Y., Harlem Railroad; possession immediately.
C. A. HODGMAN.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

Cheap Farms! Free Homes!
ON THE LINE OF THE
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of 12,000,000 acres of the best Farming and Mineral Lands in America.

3,000,000 Acres in Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, the Garden of the West, now for sale. These lands are in the central portion of the United States, on the 41st degree of North Latitude, the central line of the great Temperate Zone of the American Continent, and for grain growing and stock raising unsurpassed by any in the United States.

CHEAPER IN PRICE, more favorable terms given, and more convenient to market than can be found elsewhere.

FREE Homesteads for Actual Settlers.

The best locations for Colonies—Soldiers entitled to a Homestead of 160 acres. Free passes to purchasers of land.

Send for the new descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, published in English, German, Swedish and Danish, mailed free everywhere.

Address
O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner, U. P. R. R. Co.,
Omaha, Neb.

TO CLOSE AN ESTATE.
AT IRVINGTON ON HUDSON.
For sale two stone houses, one with two and a half acres of land, the other five and a half acres; the houses are each about 38x40 feet, with extension, two stories and French roof, and contain seventeen rooms, hot and cold water; Baker & Smith hot water furnaces; location unexceptionable; adjoining residences of Chas. L. Tiffany, Esq., and Rev. S. H. Tyng, D. D.; extensive views of Tappan Bay and Highlands; within five minutes' walk of depot.
EDMUND COFFIN, No. 77 Cedar-st.

TO MARBLE DEALERS.—FOR SALE—A rare bargain, consisting of a marble quarry and sawing-mill, two dwelling houses, and about fourteen acres of land, situate at South Wallingford, Vt., on the Bennington and Rutland Railroad. The quarry has been worked fourteen years, the quality improving the further it is uncovered; used in Philadelphia, Baltimore, and New-York; is of excellent quality for head-stones or building. The mill is built for eight gangs of saws; has four in operation, with Turbine wheel, and plenty of water for sixty-horse power. Its situation immediately on the railroad, with quarry, sand, and water-power together, makes the site for sawing marble almost unequaled. Price very low. Apply to CHARLES JENKINS, East River National Bank, New-York.

A FIRST-CLASS BRICK HOUSE FOR sale—At Tarrytown, within ten minutes' walk of the depot; has all the modern improvements, gas, water, heater, and all in fine order; elegant wide piazza on all sides of the house; about one acre in lawn, with abundance of choice fruit, shade and ornamental trees; stable and carriage-house. This property is on high and very healthy ground, commanding magnificent views of the Hudson, and one of the most desirable residences of its size in this choice location; immediate possession will be given; price $25,000, and terms easy. Apply at the office of the Phœnix Plaster Mills, No. 426 West 13th-st.

FOR SALE—A FARM IN ROCKLAND County, N. Y.; a few minutes walk from depot; thirty-three miles from City Hall, via New-York and Hackensack Extention Railroad; forty acres under cultivation; four acres timber; three never-failing springs; 250 apple-trees in bearing; a variety of other fruit; buildings good and pleasantly situated; climate and surroundings unexceptionable; will be sold cheap; terms easy. Reader, if you want a pleasant country home, call at No. 199 Washington-st., up stairs, on the 26th or 27th of March, where the owner of the above property will show you a plot of the same, and will give you any information you may desire.

A MAGNIFICENT ITALIAN VILLA, 42x60, filled in with brick; contains fourteen rooms, with all modern improvements, stable, carriage-house and six acres of land; house built in very best manner; everything complete; views unequaled; very near churches, schools, stores and depot; location unsurpassed and very healthy, situated on very high ground; one hour in New-Jersey; fare twelve cents by rail; the house is in splendid order and certainly is one of the greatest bargains ever offered; grounds are tastefully laid out, finely fruited, and will be sold either with or without the furniture very cheap. Apply to A. D. MELLICK & BRO., No. 6 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—AT SARATOGA SPRINGS, centrally located on Franklin-square, an elegant residence with all modern convenices; new and substantially built; adapted for a private family or a boarding-house; containing twenty-two rooms, beautiful yard and garden with fruit and ornamental trees; price, $32,500; also, barn and lot.

Also, a lucrative lumber-yard business will be sold with the above property if desired; railroad track runs through the lumber-yard, and sales amount to $100,000 a year. Inquire at No. 161 Pearl-st., or of subscriber, GEO. HARVEY, Saratoga Springs.

FOR SALE—AT SCARBOROUGH, ON THE Hudson River Railroad, thirty miles from New-York City, five minutes from depot, a splendid country-seat, seventy-eight acres, house 50.4x52, brick, twenty-two rooms, broad piazzas, all modern improvements, magnificent view, out-buildings in keeping with house, grounds handsomely laid out; will rent or sell house and twelve acres, or sell the place entire or subdivided. For further particulars, protographs, &c., apply to EDWARD AUSTEN, No. 287 Pearl-st., or ROBT. H. BOORMAN, No. 81 Cedar-st.

FOR SALE AT RYE, N. Y.—A DESIRable place of twelve acres, between Rye and Port Chester, twelve minutes' walk from the former and twenty minutes' from the latter railroad station; house has fifteen rooms; barn, carriage-house, &c.; good garden and fruits; lawn tastefully laid out and well shaded; excellent water; first-class schools within eight minutes' walk; a view of Long Island Sound, &c. For further particulars apply to J. LODER, No. 79 Cedar-st., New-York; or to E. D. WEBB, on the premises.

FOR SALE AT PLAINFIELD NEW JERSEY—One splendid mansion, on high ground, beautifully situated, with two to six acres; also two fine suburban residences, new, all conveniences, with one and one-half to twenty acres each, every acre a building plot; also one plot of twenty-five acres, suitable for building plots; also one good farm-house and twenty-five to fifty acres, finely located, and will grow into value fast; all at great bargains, and easy terms. A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO., No. 6 Pine-st., New-York; or WILLIAM FLAGG, Plainfield.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, situated in the village of East Chester, containing about two acres of land, house, and tenant-house; plenty of good fruit. House contains fourteen rooms, with conservatory attached; everything in good order; about fifteen minutes' drive from Mount Vernon Depot. Will be sold with a portion of the furniture, if desired. Good boating and fishing near the premises. Apply to D. CROMWELL, store, near the premises.

DESIRABLE GRAZING FARM FOR sale or exchange for property in this City or New-Jersey, in Livingston County, within an hour's drive of Mount Morris, Geneseo; contains 213 acres; a never-failing trout stream runs through the property and within fifty yards of the buildings, which comprise a good two-story frame house and two barns. For further particulars, address Post-office Box No. 1,676 New-York.

CLIFTON, STATEN ISLAND, FOR SALE—House and two acres, (more if required,) near railroad; modern; eleven rooms, barn, stable, lawn, garden, flowers, shrubs, large and small fruits ground rich and highly cultivated. Price, $9,000.
Also, FOR SALE OR RENT, house and one and a half acres, adjoining above; garden, lawn, fine trees and barn, &c. Price, $6,000; rent, $600. Address H. B., Post-office Box No. 80, or A. LUDLOW, New-York Avenue, near Finger-board road.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—AT ASTORIA, Long Island, a desirable country residence; the house is furnished with gas, is pleasantly located on the terrace by the river, and very easy of access to New-York by steam-boat and ferry; the lot contains 1½ acres, affording good garden and stable grounds; to desirable parties rent very moderate. Apply to H. WHITIN, No. 132 Pearl-st., or E. H. LUDLOW & CO., Nos. 3 Pine and 35 East 17th-st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A VERY attractive and picturesque residence, beautifully located, fine grounds, good coach-house, with 175 feet water front, which is very valuable; situation and surroundings all that can be desired; location in New-Jersey, within twenty-five minutes' distance from the City; fifty-four trains daily; will exchange for a good house in New-York. Apply to A. D. MELLICK, No. 119 Broadway.

ORANGE AND NEWARK, N. J.—Great variety of property for sale and exchange; furnished and unfurnished houses to rent at ORANGE, EAST ORANGE, MONTROSE, SUMMIT, BLOOMFIELD and NEWARK.
ELIZABETH, fifty houses for sale and rent. GERRY & KLOTZ, No. 39 Nassau-st.

AT BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—SEVENTY acres, overlooking the entire city and the Susquehanna and Chenango Valleys; one of the most pleasant, healthful and desirable situations in the State for a country residence. Inquire of E. S. FRENCH, No. 155 Broadway, New-York, second floor, or of T. C. RICH & SON, Binghamton.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A large cottage with an acre of land, at North Hempstead, Long Island, twenty miles from New-York City. Apply at No. 122 East 41st-st.

FOR SALE AT MORRISTOWN, N. J.—Country-seats, cottages and farms; see list; several to let. S. EDDY & CO., No. 1 Park-place.

A—VERY DESIRABLE, EASILY ACCESsible country homes. For sale on easy terms—$4,325, $7,500, $9,250. S. F. GOODING, 245 Broadway.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

FORECLOSURE SALE AT AUCTION of very valuable and extensive dock property and Sulphuric Acid Factory.—The Passaic Chemical Works, Newark, N. J., adjoining the New-Jersey Zinc Company, will be sold at auction TUESDAY, March 26, 1872, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Court-house, Newark, N. J. No postponement. This magnificent property, some of the deepest available dock front in Newark, will be divided and sold in three parcels, as follows: 245 feet 8½ inches front on Passaic River, (bulkhead,) with buildings and machinery for making sulphuric acid, depth about 525 feet; 200 feet front on Passaic River (bulkhead) through to Morris Canal; 100 feet front on Passaic River (bulkhead) through to Morris Canal.
Terms, half mortgage; balance easy.
For further particulars apply to JOSIAH S. LEVERETT & CO., No. 85 John-st., New-York.

JAMES M. MILLER, Auctioneer.
EXECUTOR'S SALE AT AUCTION.
JAMES M. MILLER,
No. 28 Pine-st.,
will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, April 10, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, under direction of Smith Barker, Esq., executor of John Pentz, deceased,
100 LOTS ON 10TH AND ST. NICHOLAS AVS., 139TH AND 140TH STS.
Seventy per cent. may remain on mortgage. For maps and pamphlets apply to the auctioneer, or LOCKWOOD & CROSBY, Executor's Counsel, No. 133 Nassau-st.

SUPREME COURT SALE—IN PARTITION, of valuable Broadway property.
JOSEPH McGUIRE, Auctioneer,
will sell at auction,
On WEDNESDAY, March 27, 1872, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Exchange Sales-rooms, No. 111 Broadway, under direction of Gratz Nathan, Esq., Referee, the valuable six-story and cellar brick building, No. 174 Broadway, corner Maiden-lane, building covering the lot; this is one of the finest corners in the City of New-York. Rental of premises about $24,000 per annum. Maps, with full particulars, at the auctioneer's office, No. 87 Cedar-st., corner Broadway.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
RECEIVERS' SALE.—THE UNDERsigned, Receiver of the Eighth National Bank, will sell at public auction, by ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., auctioneers, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on SATURDAY, the 30th day of March, 1872, at 12 o'clock, noon, the following described property, namely: The leasehold premises, No. 650 Broadway, occupied for banking-house and other purposes; lot about 29 by 180 feet, with privilege of an alley-way in the rear, lease from Hon. Hamilton Fish running until 1885; rent $6,200 until 1879, and $6,500 until 1885, and then to be renewed for twenty-one years at six per cent. upon the appraised value of the premises, not being less than $6,500 per annum with taxes and assessments. For more full particulars reference is made to the lease, which may be seen on application to the auctioneers at their office, No. 7 Pine-st.

The plot of ground at the northeasterly corner of 50th-st. and Lexington-av., containing 100.5 feet on said avenue and 72 feet in depth, divided as five lots, and with two new brown-stone houses on the same.

The house and lot of ground on the easterly side of 4th-av., 62.2 feet north from 81st-st., being 20 feet in width by 80 feet in depth.
ALBON MAN, Receiver.
NEW-YORK, March 11, 1872.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
AUCTION SALE OF THE VALUABLE PROPERTY ON CATHARINE-SLIP, KNOWN AS "VAN DYKE'S HOTEL."
ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at auction on TUESDAY, March 26, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, 111 Broadway:
CATHARINE-SLIP—The plot of land, together with the hotel building thereon, situate on the easterly side of Catharine-slip, between Water and South sts., and known as Nos. 17, 19, 21, 23 and 25, opposite Catharine Market, and known as "Van Dyke's Hotel." This property has a frontage of 89.2 feet on Catharine-slip, with an average depth of about 45 feet. The buildings, which are four story and four story and attic, cover the entire ground and are fitted as a hotel. The property has been occupied by the present owner as a hotel and restaurant for the last thirty years, and it has acquired a wide and enviable reputation. Its proximity to the ferries and Market make it a most desirable location for the business for which it is now used.
Maps at the office of the auctioneers.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
EXECUTORS' SALE OF HOUSES AND LOTS ON EAST 105TH-ST.
ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, March 26, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, by order of the executors of Abner L. Ely, deceased:
EAST ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTH-STREET.—The six three-story high-stoop French roof brick houses and lots situate on the south side of East 105th-st., between 2d and 3d avs., and known as Nos. 236, 238, 240, 242, 244, and 246. The houses have brown-stone trimmings, water-closets on basement and second stories, bath-room, wash-tubs, range, hot and cold water, large closets, &c.; double parlors; cellars cemented; dry, high ground; lots each 16.8x100.9. Terms liberal.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer
AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE property on south-east corner of Wooster and 4th sts.
ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, March 26, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway:
FOURTH-STREET.—The three-story high-stoop brick house and lot, (with marble trimmings,) situate on the south-east corner of 4th and Wooster sts., and known as No. 52 4th-st. The house is three stories high for forty-five feet, with a two-story extension covering nearly the entire balance of the lot; contains modern improvements, and is in good order. Gas-fixtures and chandeliers sold with the house. Lot 20x56 feet 6 inches.

J. JOHNSON, JR., Auctioneer.
BY JERE. JOHNSON, JR., (SUCCESSOR to Johnson & Miller,) No. 25 Nassau-st., corner Cedar-st. Real estate promptly sold and exchanged. Auction sales of stocks, furniture, merchandise, &c.
TUESDAY, March 26, at 12 o'clock,
At Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, N. Y.,
By order of Loftus Wood, Esq.,
THE SPLENDID MANUFACTURING PROPERTY known as
NOS. 247 AND 249 WATER-STREET—Near Front, in the City of New-York. Terms easy. Possession May 1.
By order of executor.
THE VALUABLE BRICK DWELLING
No. 197 WEST TENTH-STREET—In the City of New-York.
Also, at same time and place,
THE VALUABLE NEW-YORK PROPERTY KNOWN AS NO. 82 CHERRY-ST.
Also, at same time and place,
VALUABLE WILLIAMSBURG TENEMENT-HOUSE,
No. 428 SOUTH FIFTH-STREET—Only one block from Union-av. and Broadway.
Maps of all above at auctioneer's office.
TUESDAY, April 2,
At 12 o'clock, at Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, New-York,
MAGNIFICENT BROOKLYN PROPERTY,
Situated on Grand-av. and Cambridge-place, to be positively sold, by order of the executrix of the estate of John H. Funk, deceased. Particulars hereafter.
Also,
By order of the Trustees of Navy Mission School,
THE VALUABLE PROPERTY On the corner of Navy-street and Green-lane, Brooklyn. Particulars hereafter.
TUESDAY, April —,
GREAT SALE OF RICHMOND HILL, LONG ISLAND, LOTS, by order of Trustees, under direction of Messrs. Miller, Stoutenburgh & Peckham, attorneys, No. 18 Wall-st. Particulars hereafter.

V. K. STEVENSON, JR., Auctioneer.
BY V. K. STEVENSON & SON,
REAL ESTATE AUCTIONEERS AND BROKERS, OFFICE, NO. 11 PINE-ST.
TUESDAY, MARCH 26, 1872, AT 12 O'CLOCK, AT EXCHANGE SALES-ROOM, NO. 111 BROADWAY:
4 GRAND BOULEVARD LOTS!
SOUTH-EAST CORNER 82D-ST.,
THESE EXTRA CHOICE AND VERY VALUABLE FULL-FRONT LOTS, command a splendid and uninterrupted VIEW OF THE HUDSON. They are ready at once to improve and will be sold SEPARATELY, on liberal terms. Maps ready.
Sale Positive to the Highest Bidder.
V. K. STEVENSON,
V. K. STEVENSON, Jr.

H. HENRIQUES, Auctioneer.
BY ALLEN & BROWN, OFFICE, No. 96 Broadway.
JONATHAN W. ALLEN, JOSIAH W. BROWN, HORATIO HENRIQUES.
REAL ESTATE AT PUBLIC AND PRIVATE SALE.
THURSDAY, March 28,
At 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway.
PEREMPTORY SALE OF VALUABLE FIFTEENTH WARD PROPERTY, ON THE SOUTH-EAST CORNER OF SOUTH WASHINGTON-SQUARE (4TH-ST.) AND SOUTH 5TH-AV., (LATE LAURENS-ST.)
SOUTH WASHINGTON-SQUARE—Four-story basement and sub-cellar brown-stone front house and lot, No. 68 South Washington-square, corner of South 5th-av. Size of house, 25x70; lot, 25.6⅓x119 feet.
SOUTH WASHINGTON-SQUARE—Four-story basement and sub-cellar brown-stone front house and lot, No. 66 South Washington-Square, adjoining the above lot. Size of house, 25x75; lot, 25x119, with an L 19x25.
ALSO,
Two cottages, stable and ground in the Eleventh Ward, Jersey City, (late Hudson City,) on Palisade-av. and Clinton and North sts. Cottage, 22x30, with extension, ten rooms. Cottage, 25x25; two-story stable, 22x30; size of ground, 28 feet on Palisade-av. by 200 feet on North-st. to Clinton-st.; 30 feet on Clinton-st.
Maps and particulars at the office of the auctioneers, No. 96 Broadway.

WILLIAM KENNELLY, Auctioneer,
WILL SELL AT AUCTION ON WEDNESDAY, April 3, 1872, at 12 o'clock M., at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, by order of the undersigned Trustees of Walter Roche:
FIFTH-AVENUE—Two lots south-east corner of 5th-av. and 109th-st.
EIGHTIETH-STREET—Two lots south side of 80th-st., 125 feet west of 4th-av.
NINETY-SECOND STREET—Four lots north side of 92d-st., 325 feet east of 10th-av.
NINETY-THIRD-STREET—Four lots south side of 93d-st., 325 feet east of 10th-av.
ONE HUNDREDTH-STREET—Four lots south side of 100th-st., 225 feet east of 10th-av.
ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-THIRD-STREET—Five lots north side of 123d-st., 100 feet west of 1st-av.
The above lots are splendidly located. Sale positive.
Maps at office, No. 4 Pine-st.
JEREMIAH QUINLAN,
JAMES LYNCH,
JOHN E. DEVELIN.
On the same day:
SIXTY-SIXTH-STREET—Two lots, 25x100.5 each, north side of 66th-st., 475 feet west of 8th-av.
NINETY-NINTH-STREET—One lot south side of 99th-st., 375 feet east of 10th-av.
Maps at auctioneer's office, No. 4 Pine-st.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.
VALUABLE TENEMENT PROPETY ON ELDRIDGE-ST., BETWEEN BROOME AND DELANCEY.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, March 26, 1872, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York:
ELDRIDGE-STREET.—The valuable five-story basement and sub-cellar brick tenement-house No. 122 Eldridge-st., east side, between Broome and Delancey sts.; house 25x55 feet, with accommodations for over twenty families. Will rent, when all the rooms are taken, for $3,750. Lot 25x88 feet. A portion may remain on bond and mortgage.
For maps, &c., apply to the auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

HUGH N. CAMP, Auctioneer.
WILL SELL AT AUCTION ON TUESDAY, March 26, 1872, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, New-York:
MOTT HAVEN—This valuable property, having a front of 50 feet on Macombs-av., and running back 227 feet to the Harlem Railroad, together with a first-class dwelling; size, 32x35 feet.
THURSDAY, MARCH 28,
At 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, New-York:
WASHINGTON-SQUARE—The four-story brick building, situated on the south side of Washington-square, and known as No. 47, opposite the parade-ground; size, 25x129 feet. The extension of Sullivan-st. will make this a corner property, which adds largely to its value.
For maps and full particulars apply to the auctioneer, No. 106 Broadway, corner Pine-st.

JOSEPH McGUIRE, Auctioneer.
WILL SELL AT AUCTION ON TUESDAY, March 26, 1872, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway:
The two valuable building lots on south side 56th-st., 175 feet west of 9th-av.
The two valuable building lots on south side of 56th-st., 325 feet east of 10th-av.
THURSDAY, March 28, 1872, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway:
The four first-class four-story basement and cellar brown-stone houses and lots, on the north side of 68th-st., 100 feet west Park-av., Lenox Hill.
These houses have been built by day's work, and are replete with modern improvements; size, each house 25x60; lot, 25x100.05.
Maps at the auctioneer's office, No. 87 Cedar-st.

E. A. LAWRENCE, Auctioneer.
AT SIMMONS' FLUSHING HOTEL. on THURSDAY, 28th March, at 12 o'clock, ESTATE OF CAPT. TREADWELL SANDS, deceased. EXECUTOR'S SALE OF DESIRABLE FLUSHING PROPERTY, large STORES, HOUSES, SHOPS, in the very heart of that beautiful and POPULOUS VILLAGE, and on its MOST IMPORTANT BUSINESS STREETS—BRIDGE, WASHINGTON, UNION, LINNEUS, PRINCE and MYRTLE. Sale peremptory and positive. Sixty per cent. on bond and mortgage.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., Auctioneers.
TUESDAY, MARCH 26.
At 12 M., at Exchange Sales-room, 111 Broadway: Eight lots on 22d and 23d sts., Brooklyn, between 4th and 5th avs.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

FURNISHED.

FIFTH-AV., NEAR 34TH-ST.—To lease, furnished, from one to five years, (the owner being in Europe,) a first-class four-story superior-built and extra-sized brown-stone front house, fully and handsomely furnished, to a strictly first-class tenant. Apply to MULLER, WILKINS & CO., No. 7 Pine-st., who have the exclusive control of the property.

TO LET—34TH-ST., NEAR MADISON-AV. A completely furnished four-story high-stoop house, splendidly located. The owner, going abroad, leaves an elegant home, which an early application will secure. Apply to ARCHIBALD L. WILLIAMS, No. 2½ Murray-st.

AT NEW-BRIGHTON, HAMILTON PARK.—To rent, three brick villas, furnished and unfurnished; gas, water, lawns, shade-trees, &c.; near ferry. Apply to HAMILTON & CO., No. 32 Front-st., or to W. A. COLLINS, No. 33 Pine-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED, AT BYRAM POINT, on the Sound, one hour from town, a gentleman's residence; perfectly healthy; fine bathing and boating; price, $1,000. WILLETT BRONSON, No. 20 Exchange-place.

$200 A MONTH, FURNISHED. FOR No. 121 East 24th-st., three-story full front; very cheap; possession April 1.
RIKER, HESSE & CO.,
Corner Broadway and 33d-st.

JUST OFFERED—TO LET—A DESIRABLE furnished house for a private family, between 5th and 6th avs., below 23d-st.; immediate possession. For permits apply to ARCHIBALD L. WILLIAMS, No. 2½ Murray-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET IN Elizabeth, N. J.; thirteen rooms, all improvements; one acre of land, fine garden; three minutes from depot; fully furnished. Address F. B. SPENCER, No. 213 Canal-st.

TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE ON Staten Island, possession immediately, situated on the shore of the Upper Bay, about ten minutes' walk from the ferry. Particulars as to rent, &c., JAS. G. K. DUER, No. 54 William-st.

AT NEWPORT, FOR THE SEASON—Furnished cottages on the avenue and in all parts of the city and suburbs. Apply to R. R. HAZARD, Jr., No. 110 Broadway.

TO RENT FURNISHED—NO. 28 WEST 33d-st., for one or three years from May 1, 1872. Address Box No. 530 New-York Post-office.

UNFURNISHED.

A.—THE NEW-YORK LOAN AND REAL ESTATE COMPANY HAVE REMOVED THEIR OFFICES TO **No. 918 Broadway.**
We have to let the following very desirable houses: In West 21st-st., $4,500; West 23d-st., $2,400; East 23d-st., $1,000; West 28th-st., $2,200; West 30th-st., $5,000; West 32d-st., $1,200, and $1,500; West 46th-st., $1,800; West 57th-st., $2,500; East 62d-st., $1,800; East 78th-st., $1,500; others, equally desirable, on 5th, Madison and Lexington avs.
PURDY & WOODWARD, Agents.

TO LET OR LEASE—FOR A TERM OF years, the country-seat of the undersigned, on Westchester-av., in the village of Port Chester, within five minutes' drive of the Port Chester Depot, New-Haven Railroad; house contains eighteen rooms, with hot and cold water, furnace, &c.; large carriage-house and stable, outhouses, greenhouse, and ten acres of land, all laid out in first-class order. A most desirable Summer and Winter residence. For terms, apply to
W. K. PEYTON,
Nos. 272 and 274 Bowery.

TO LET OR LEASE.—BULL'S FERRY—The new house, with dock, at Shady Side, Bull's Ferry; suitable for a hotel or road-house; boats run to dock from foot Spring-st. Rent very low to a good tenant. D. & A. KINGSLAND & SUTTON, No. 55 Broad-st.

TO LET OR LEASE.—A LARGE HOUSE, with ten acres of land, situated on the bluff at Bull's Ferry, and near the landing to which the Spring-st. boats run regularly; suitable for a Summer boarding-house. Rent low. D. & A. KINGSLAND & SUTTON, No. 55 Broad-st.

TO LET—ON THE BANKS OF THE HUDson, 105th-st., Bloomingdale, a dwelling-house, with barn and stable, and plenty of land for a garden; a pleasant suburban residence near the grand Boulevard. Apply at No. 5 Beekman-st., Room 7, first floor.
N. B.—The occupants will sell the furniture if desired.

TO LET—FROM APRIL 1, THE FIRST-class Nova Scotia-stone house, No. 324 Madison-av.; elegantly finished in hard-wood, with mirrors, &c., by Marcotte; is frescoed and contains all the modern improvements; rent, $4,000. For permits apply to JOHN OWEN, No. 7 East 47th-st., from 12 to 4.

TO LET—TO A PRIVATE FAMILY ONLY, the five-story English-basement house, No. 43 West 19th-st. The house has every modern convenience and is in first-rate condition. For permit to examine the house apply to E. C. LORD, No. 139 Greenwich-st.

NO. 9 GREAT JONES-ST.—THE LOT with the four-story substantially-built house thereon to lease. Apply to MULLER, WILKINS & CO., No. 7 Pine-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—(SPECIALTY)—HAMILTON & WALLIS, No. 9 Nassau, corner Pine, issue printed list of houses to rent, furnished and unfurnished, in that vicinity.

TO RENT—A VERY HANDSOME BROWN-stone house; furniture, which is nearly new, will be sold reasonable; rent only $1,600 per year.
DYE & CURTISS, No. 508 6th-av.

TO RENT AT CLIFTON, STATEN ISLAND—Three cottages, $400, $600, $1,500; immediate vicinity of ferry. Address LEVI COOK, No. 50 Wall-st.

TO LET—AT CRANFORD, N. J., A COUNTRY-seat and ten acres, convenient to station; house contains fifteen rooms; rent, $600. A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO., No. 6 Pine-st.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY AND BASEment brick dwelling No. 244 West 49th-st.; rent $1,500.
J. A. RUTHVEN, No. 33 Nassau-st.

TO LET—1ST APRIL—FIRST FLOOR, BASEments and two upper rooms of good house in good neighborhood. Apply at No. 13 Bethune-st.

TO LET—THE SECOND AND PART OF third floor, with owner. No. 140 West 26th-st.

PERSONS
GIVING UP HOUSEKEEPING
OR GOING ABROAD CAN PROCURE
STORAGE
FOR
SILVER PLATE, PICTURES, LIBRARIES, and trunks of other valuables at the
STUYVESANT
SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY,
Corner 3d-av. and 7th-st., opposite Cooper Institute.

STORES, &C, TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET
IN
TIMES BUILDING.
SPLENDID OFFICES TO LET IN THE FIRE-PROOF TIMES BUILDING.
Apply at TIMES COUNTING-ROOM.

IMPORTANT TO MANUFACTURERS
Five very eligible and finely-lighted lofts can be had on the 1st of May, at the corner of Cortlandt and Washington sts., which are already provided with a twenty-horse boiler and engine, with shafting and steam heating-pipes; terms easy; an unusual opportunity. Apply to
F. HART & CO., No. 63 Cortlandt-st.

BROADWAY PROPERTY.
For sale or to lease for a term of years, the very desirable property known as No. 6 East 23d-st., frontage on 23d-st., 50 feet by half the block, and on 22d-st. 26.8 feet by half the block. For particulars apply to EDMUND COFFIN, No. 77 Cedar-st.

LARGE OFFICES TO RENT.
The entire suite, at present occupied by the New-Jersey Railroad and Transportation Company, and the Camden and Amboy Company, at No. 111 Liberty-st., from the 1st of May next, on favorable terms. Apply to S. T. RICHARDS, No. 75 William-st.

TO RENT—NO. 373 CANAL, NEAR LAURens, store for retail, upper floors for professional purposes; also, No. 373 Washington, near Beach, for storage or heavy business. See owner, No. 34 East 31st-st., near Madison-av.

STORE-HOUSES TO LET.—ONE OR all of the four arch-roofed three-story store-houses, about 25x60 feet, (old) Nos. 59 to 65, inclusive, Furman-st., near Fulton Ferry, Brooklyn. Apply to M. S. BEACH, No. 96 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn.

TO LET—TWO OFFICES ON THE FRONT of the second floor of No. 2 New Chambers-st.; rent $250 per annum. Apply to W. L. CONKLIN, No. 18 4th-av.

TO LEASE—RIKER'S ISLAND, IN WHOLE or in part, to suit.
D. & A. KINGSLAND & SUTTON,
No. 55 Broad-st.

TO LEASE—FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES, No. 11 Leroy-place, (Bleecker-st.,) between Mercer and Greene sts. Apply to
H. H. CAMMANN, No. 25 Pine-st.

TO LEASE FOR A TERM—TEN LOTS, with buildings, corner of Cherry and Corlears; a splendid location for any manufacturing purpose. Apply to HUGH N. CAMP, No. 106 Broadway.

TO LET—NO. 366 CANAL-ST., BETWEEN West Broadway and Church-st., four-story building, with store, covering entire lot. Apply to H. H. CAMMANN, No. 25 Pine-st.

TO LEASE.—LOTS ON 24TH AND 25TH STS., and 13th-av., North River. D. & A. KINGSLAND & SUTTON, No. 55 Broad-st.

OFFICE TO RENT—NO. 54 WALL-ST., second floor, Room No. 17; rent $400. Apply to the Janitor, top floor.

A LARGE STORE TO LET OR SELL—on Murray-st. S. F. GOODING, 245 Broadway.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—A COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR the Summer, a large, well-furnished house, with garden, grounds and stabling for four horses; must be within an hour and a half of the New-York City Hall. Address, with full particulars, B., Box No. 6,703 Post-office, New-York.

COAL.

BEST LEHIGH AND LOCUST MOUNtain Coal: stove, egg and furnace, $6; nut, $5 50, ₽ ton, screened and delivered.
THOS. STOKES, corner 32d-st. and 10th-av.

DRY GOODS.

CLOAK AND SUIT DEPARTMENT

SPRING OPENING.

LORD & TAYLOR Respectfully announce that their formal opening of SPRING AND SUMMER STYLES in the above department will take place on

THURSDAY, March 28.

Their Patrons and the Public generally are cordially invited to call on that day.

LORD & TAYLOR,
Broadway and Twentieth-street.

ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO
Broadway, corner 19th-st.,
NEW-YORK,
WOULD CALL THE SPECIAL ATTENTION OF THEIR CUSTOMERS TO THE
Shawl Department,
Which is now complete for the SPRING, with an entire new stock of all the
LATEST NOVELTIES OF THE SEASON.
And owing to their having had their contracts made before the RECENT ADVANCE in the EUROPEAN MARKETS, they are enabled to offer their STOCK AT MUCH LESS THAN PRESENT MARKET PRICES.

Mourning Department.
A FULL AND COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF ALL THE
NOVELTIES OF THE SEASON.
ALSO,
Their usual well-known stock of STANDARD and STAPLE DRESS GOODS, for
LIGHT AND DEEP MOURNING.

PARASOLS AND UMBRELLAS.
A FINE STOCK NOW OPEN.

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S
OUTFITTING DEPARTMENT,
COMPLETE WITH EVERY REQUISITE,
AND AT REASONABLE PRICES.

CARPETS.
ADVANCE SUPPLIES
OF ALL OUR LEADING PATTERNS
NOW IN STORE.
We call the especial attention of our friends and customers to our
VERY CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF FINE CARPETS.
IMPORTED FOR THE PRESENT SEASON,
Embracing qualities and styles for all purposes, and adapted to every variety of decoration.
AUBUSSON, AXMINSTER AND SMYRNA CARPETS,
IN STOCK, IN VARIOUS SIZES,
And imported to order to match every style of furnishing.
CANTON MATTINGS,
WHITE, CHECKED AND FANCY,
OF THE FINEST QUALITIES,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

UPHOLSTERY GOODS.
A fine assortment of the above goods now open.
Lace and Nottingham Curtains, Furniture Coverings of all Descriptions, Table and Piano Covers, Cornices, Bands, Window-Shades, Hollands, Mattresses, Pillows, &c.

AT KINZEY'S.
OPENING NEW
SPRING GOODS
FROM AUCTION.
630 BOXES OF
GROS GRAIN CORD EDGE
TRIMMING AND SASH RIBBONS.
THE GREATEST BARGAINS
TO BE FOUND IN THE CITY
IN RIBBONS.

LOTS OF RIBBONS, 4c., 6c., 8c., 10c. yard.
DOLLY VARDEN RIBBONS, 15c., up.
GROS GRAIN RIBBONS, 10c. yard, up.
WIDE SHADED GROS GRAINS, 39c.
SIX-INCH SASH RIBBONS, 31c., up.
DOLLY VARDEN SASH RIBBONS, 31c., up.
VERY RICH FANCY RIBBONS, 15c., up.

SILK TRIMMINGS.
20,000 PIECES BLACK AND COLORED SILK TRIMMINGS FROM 15c. to 75c. ENTIRE PIECE.
1,600 PIECES PASSEMENTERIE GIMPS, $1 75 to $9 80 piece.
2,000 PIECES RICH SILK FRINGES, 6c. to $1 yard.
75,000 YARDS SILK TRIMMINGS, FROM 3c. to 10c. yard.
CLOSING OUT LOT OF DRESS AND LINING SILKS, 50c., 60c., 75c., 86c., $1, and $1 25.
12,000 PIECES PIQUE AND MARSEILLES TIMMINGS, 10c., piece up.
8,600 SILK NECK-TIES AND SCARFS IN ALL THE NEW STYLES AND COLORS, FROM 10c. TO 69c. EACH. ABOUT HALF THE GOLD COST.
800 DOZENS KID GLOVES, ONE AND TWO BUTTONS, IN ALEXANDRE, DUCHESS, LUPINS, AND OTHER MAKES, 49c., 60c., 75c., 86c., 98c., and $1 29.
OPENING SPRING HATS, BONNETS, FRAMES, FLOWERS, RIBBONS, &c., &c.
60 BOXES OF GUIPURE THREAD, VALENCIENNES, AND OTHER LACES, FROM 3c. TO $4 yard.
29,000 YARDS HAMBURG EDGINGS AND INSERTIONS, 3c., 5c., 6c., 10c., 12c., 15c., 20c., 25c., 31c. up.
8,000 PIECES RUFFLINGS AND MUSLIN TRIMMINGS, FROM 10c. PIECE TO 98c.
520 DOZENS LADIES' AND MISSES' UNDERWEAR, CHEMISE, DRAWERS, SKIRTS, NIGHT DRESSES, SACQUES CLOSING OUT AT ABOUT THE PRICE THE MATERIAL WOULD COST.
2,500 DOZENS LADIES', GENTS', MISSES' AND BOYS' HANDKERCHIEFS FROM 5c. UP TO VERY FINE GOODS.
PLAIN AND FANCY MUSLINS, TOWELS, NAPKINS, QUILTS, LACE CURTAINS, &c., &c.
GOODS AT WHOLESALE LESS THAN JOBBERS' PRICES.
WILLIAM KINZEY,
NO. 691 BROADWAY,
BETWEEN AMITY AND 4TH STS.

FIFTEEN CENTS.—44-INCH BAGGING.—Bagging, Buckrams, Burlaps, 10½c. Great bargains. Cassimeres, wool and union.
A. LESTER, No. 103 Chambers-st.

INSURANCE.

SUN MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY,
NO. 52 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.
Incorporated May 22, 1841.

Oldest Marine Insurance Company in the State of New-York.

Amount of losses paid since the organization of the Company,
OVER TWENTY-SEVEN MILLIONS OF DOLLARS.

STOCK AND MUTUAL SYSTEMS COMBINED.

Cash capital paid in	$500,000 00
Surplus Jan. 1, 1872	293,185 36
Total assets	$793,185 36
INVESTED AS FOLLOWS:	
United States Bonds	$560,218 75
Bonds and Mortgages	27,200 00
Cash in bank	33,635 56
Total	$621,054 31
Premium notes not matured, and other assets	172,131 05
Total	$793,185 36

Insures against Marine and Inland Navigation Risks Only.
Takes no Fire risks and has no agencies.

Dealers have the option of participating in the profits, or receiving an abatement from premiums in lieu of scrip dividends, or of insuring on the stock principle at reduced rates.
JOHN P. PAULISON, President.
ISAAC H. WALKER, Vice-President.
JOHN P. NICHOLS, Secretary.

DRY GOODS.

AT THE
GREAT EAST-SIDE ESTABLISHMENT.
E. Ridley & Son's,
Nos. 309, 311, 311½ Grand-st.
Nos. 62, 64, 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st.,
NEW-YORK.
STRAW GOODS, HATS AND BONNETS,
READY TODAY.
1872. 1872.
NEW SPRING SHAPES.
THISBA, VIENNA, SEADRIFT,
MOSELLE, BELLE, FOREST CITY,
IN
DUNSTABLE, MILAN, SPLIT STRAWS,
FLORENCE, LEGHORNS, and other plain and fancy braids.
TRIMMED HATS AND BONNETS.
Every novelty for ladies and misses made from
TURQUOISE, CREPON DE PARIS, CHIPS, &C.
NO FANCY PRICES!!
EDWARD RIDLEY & SON'S,
FIFTH BLOCK EAST FROM THE BOWERY.

AT THE
GREAT EAST-SIDE ESTABLISHMENT.
E. Ridley & Son's.
GRAND DISPLAY IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.
CHEAP GOODS all over the house.
RIBBONS, GRO GRAIN, all the desirable TINTS, every width.
SASH RIBBONS, SILK, 65, 75, 85 and 95 cents per yard.
SILKS, SATINS, REPS, TURQUOISE, Epingle Crepon de Paris Lining Silks, full lines of Bonnet Materials. Cheap Flowers—500 cartons per steamer—new.
YANKEE NOTIONS, from a PIN to a DIAMOND.
TEN THOUSAND SILK PARASOLS.
Everything new, from 50 cents to $500.
EXAMINE CORSETS, 65, 75, 85, 95 cents, $1, OF WHALEBONE.
DRESS AND CLOAK TRIMMINGS.
ORNAMENTS, BUTTONS, EVERYTHING NEW.
One thousand pieces of SILK FRINGES, new manufacture, for our trade.
WHITE GOODS.
REAL AND IMITATION LACES,
BARGAINS IN GUIPURES, Point Applique, Valencies, &c., &c.
HAMBURG EDGINGS and INSERTINGS, REAL BARGAINS.
LINES OF LACE COLLARS 10c., 15c., 25c., 50c., $1 up.
CHEAP HOSIERY.
THREAD and SILK GLOVES.
KID GLOVES.
Damaged, 10, 15, 25 cents pair.
Clearing out JOSEPH, 50c. pair, two Buttons, 75c.
Two-button GLOVE, 75c., 85c., $1, and $1 25, warranted.
Ladies', Misses' and Children's UNDER-WEAR.
EXAMINE, CHEAP.
EDWARD RIDLEY & SON'S,
NOS. 309, 311, 311½ GRAND,
NOS. 62, 64, 66, 68 AND 70 ALLEN-ST.,
NEW-YORK,
FIFTH BLOCK EAST FROM THE BOWERY.

MILLINERS AND COUNTRY STORE-KEEPERS
Will find it their interest to examine our
STOCK OF RIBBONS,
STRAW GOODS, FEATHERS, FLOWERS,
MILLINERY.
BEST LOW-PRICED KID GLOVES IN AMERICA.
Edward Ridley & Son's,
NOS. 309, 311, 311½ GRAND-ST.,
NOS. 62, 64, 66, 68 AND 70 ALLEN-ST.
NEW-YORK,
FIFTH BLOCK EAST FROM THE BOWERY.

NEW SPRING GOODS.
RICH POINT AIGUILLE AND APPLIQUE BLACK THREAD GUIPURE AND SPANISH LACES,
ALL WIDTHS, IN NEW AND DESIRABLE PATTERNS.
EMBROIDERIES, RIBBONS, VELVETS, CREPES AND DRESS TRIMMIGS,
To meet the Spring and Summer Fashions.
Miller & Grant,
NO. 879 BROADWAY, between 18th and 19th sts.

WILSON & GREIG
Are offering great BARGAINS in BERLIN CLOTH JACKETS, TALMAS and DOUBLE CAPES, PARIS EMBROIDERED SHAWLS, EMBROIDERED JACKETS for ladies and children, infants' EMBROIDERED PIQUE CLOAKS, CHILDREN'S PIQUE DRESSES, FRENCH EMBROIDERED Drawers and CHEMISES, BANDS, HAMBURG EDGING and INSERTING, new SPRING DRESS GOODS in DOLLY VARDEN CRETONNE, TASSO CLOTH, STRIPED BAREGE LAWN, and many other novelties.
WILSON & GREIG,
NO. 771 BROADWAY, CORNER OF 9TH-ST.

MUSICAL.

A GREAT OFFER!!
HORACE WATERS, NO. 481 BROADWAY, will dispose of ONE HUNDRED PIANOS, MELODEONS and ORGANS of six first-class makers, including Waters, at EXTREMELY LOW PRICES FOR CASH, or will take from $4 to $15 monthly until paid; to let, and rent applied if purchased. New 7-octave pianos, carved legs and all modern improvements, for $225 cash. A new kind of PARLOR ORGAN, the most beautiful style and perfect tone ever made, now on exhibition at No. 481 Broadway.

AT HAINES BROS.',
NO. 27 UNION-SQUARE,
A fine assortment of first-class
PIANO-FORTES.
At very low prices. PIANOS on installments, and one second-hand PIANO very low, good as new.

A LARGE STOCK OF PIANOS,
SQUARE AND UPRIGHT, to rent or sell cheap. Rent allowed on purchase. Call at M. M. MERRELL'S, No. 8 Union-square. (No. 165 4th-av.)

RAVEN & CO. ARE SELLING THEIR NEW AND IMPROVED 7⅓ OCTAVE
GRAND SCALE PIANOS,
Direct from their manufactory, at greatly reduced prices, 149 and 151 Baxter-st., one door from Grand.

CHURCH ORGANS.—W. H. DAVIS & SON, No. 40 Downing-st., offer for sale one two-set-of-keys organ, 21 stops, with 16-foot pedal, of 2 octaves, 4 composition pedals, price $2,500; one 12 stops, 16-foot pedal, price $1,200; two second-hand small organs; terms moderate.

HALLETT, DAVIS & CO.—GRAND and square pianos and New-York pianos cheap; some very fine second-hand pianos for $60, $125, $150 and $200; new pianos and organs to let and rent; applied on purchase. T. S. BERRY & CO., No. 789 Broadway, corner 10th-st.

THOROUGH INSTRUCTION GIVEN on piano, violin, and flute, by an experienced teacher. For particulars, apply at Louis Berge's music-store, No. 18 East 14th-st., between Broadway and 5th-av.

A MUSIC TEACHER WILL SELL A splendid piano, all modern improvements, made to order, at a sacrifice, on account of leaving the City. Call at No. 169 East 62d-st., near 3d-av.

TWO VERY SUPERIOR ITALIAN violins, Amati and Gagliano, in splendid condition, for sale. Apply at No. 47 University-place.
SHERWIN & HERBERT.

A CHICKERING PIANO, PERFECT order, for $125; a seven-octave rosewood piano-forte, every improvement, great bargain.
J. BIDDLE, No. 18 Amity-st., near Broadway.

TEN SECOND-HAND PIANOS, MELODEONS and organs in good order to hire until the rent money pays for the instrument. Call and see them at WATERS', No. 481 Broadway.

PIANO FOR SALE.—AN UPRIGHT Steinway, very little used, on moderate terms. Apply at No. 79 5th-av.

SHIPPING.

NATIONAL LINE.

WEEKLY TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.
FORTNIGHTLY TO AND FROM LONDON DIRECT.
From Piers No. 44 and 47 North River.

TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.
SPAIN, GRACE, Saturday, March 30, at 9½ A. M.
ENGLAND, ANDREWS, Saturday, April 6, at 3 P. M.
FRANCE, THOMSON, Saturday, April 13, at 8 A. M.
EGYPT, GROGAN, Saturday, April 20, at 2 P. M.
FOR LONDON DIRECT.
DENMARK, SUMNER, Wednesday, April 10, at 7 A. M.

Passage to Liverpool, Queenstown, or London direct: Cabin, $75 and $65, currency; steerage, $28 currency.

Prepaid steerage tickets from Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry, Glasgow or London, $32 currency.

For further particulars apply at the Company's offices, No. 69 Broadway.
F. W. J. HURST, Manager

INMAN LINE FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

Royal Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:
CITY OF BALTIMORE...Thursday, Mar. 28, 8 A. M.
CITY OF LONDON..........Saturday, Mar. 30, 10 A. M.
CITY OF LIMERICK.....Thursday, April 4, 2 P. M.
CITY OF MONTREAL....Saturday, April 6, 2 P. M.
CITY OF ANTWERP....Thursday, April 11, 8 A. M.
CITY OF BROOKLYN....Saturday, April 13, 9 A. M.
and each succeeding SATURDAY and THURSDAY, from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

Payable in Gold.		Payable in Currency.	
First cabin	$75	Steerage	$30
To London	80	To London	35
To Paris	90	To Paris	38

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Sweden, Norway and Denmark, at reduced rates.

Tickets can be bought here at moderate rates by persons wishing to send for their friends.

For further information, apply at the Company's office.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

ANCHOR LINE.

Steamers sail every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, to and from NEW-YORK AND GLASGOW, Calling at Londonderry to land Mails and Passengers. Passengers booked and forwarded to and from all railway stations in Great Britain, Ireland, Germany, Norway, Sweden or Denmark and America as safely, speedily, comfortably and cheaply as by any other route or line.

THE NEW DEPARTURES.

FROM GLASGOW.		FROM NEW-YORK.
Saturday, Mar. 2.	EUROPA.	Wednesday, Mar. 27.
Saturday, Mar. 9.	IOWA.	Saturday, Mar. 30.
Saturday, Mar. 16.	ANGLIA.	Saturday, April 6.
Saturday, Mar. 23.	TRINACRIA.	Saturday, April 13.

And an extra steamer of the line every WEDNESDAY thereafter from Pier 20 North River, New-York, at noon.

Rates of passage, payable in currency, to Liverpool, Glasgow or Derry:

First cabins, $65 and $75, according to location.

Cabin excursion tickets good for twelve months, securing best accommodations, $130.

Intermediate, $33; steerage, $28.

Certificates at lowest rates, can be bought here by those wishing to send for their friends.

Drafts issued, payable on presentation.

Apply at the Company's offices to HENDERSON BROTHERS, No. 7 Bowling-green

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAM-SHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River as follows:
PEREIRE..............DANRE......Saturday, April 6
ST. LAURENT.........LEMAIRE......Saturday, April 20
WASHINGTON.........ROUSSAN......Saturday, May 4
VILLE DE PARIS...SURMONT.....Saturday, May 18.

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD (including wine) TO BREST OR HAVRE.
First cabin..............$125 | Second cabin..............$75

Excursion tickets at reduced rates.

These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.

American travelers going to or returning from the Continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line, avoid both transit by English railway and the discomforts of crossing the Channel, besides saving time, trouble and expense.
GEORGE MACKENZIE, Agent,
No. 58 Broadway.

WHITE STAR LINE.

NEW-YORK, CORK AND LIVERPOOL.
NEW AND FULL-POWERED STEAM-SHIPS,
THE SIX LARGEST IN THE WORLD,
6,000 tons burden—3,000-horse power each.

Sailing from New-York on SATURDAYS, from Liverpool on THURSDAYS, calling at Cork Harbor each way.
ATLANTIC.......................March 30, 9 A. M.
BALTIC.........................April 6, 4½ P. M.
REPUBLIC......................April 13, 9 A. M.

From the White Star Dock, Pavonia Ferry, Jersey City. Passenger accommodations (for all classes) unrivaled, combining

SAFETY, SPEED AND COMFORT.

Saloon, state-rooms, smoking-room and bath-rooms in midship section, where least motion is felt. Surgeons and stewardesses accompany these steamers.

RATES—Saloon, $80, gold steerage, $30, currency. Those wishing to send for friends from the Old Country can now obtain steerage prepaid certificates, $33, currency.

Passengers booked to or from all parts of America, Paris, Hamburg, Norway, Sweden, India, Australia, China, &c.

Excursion-tickets granted at lowest rates.

Drafts from £1 upward.

For inspection of plans and other information, apply at the Company's offices, No. 19 Broadway, New York.

Bills of lading issued through to Continental ports.
J. H. SPARKS, Agent.

CUNARD LINE.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAM-SHIPS, BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.
FROM NEW-YORK.
CUBA............................Wednesday, Mar. 27, '72
ALGERIA........................Wednesday, April 3, '72
JAVA.............................Wednesday, April 10, '72
CHINA...........................Wednesday, April 17, '72
RUSSIA.........................Wednesday, April 24, '72
CALABRIA......................Saturday, April 20, '72
ABYSSINIA.....................Saturday, April 27, '72
BATAVIA........................Saturday, May 4, '72
ALGERIA........................Saturday, May 11, '72
PARTHIA........................Saturday, May 18, '72
and every following WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY from New-York.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

Cabin, $80, $100 and $130, gold, according to accommodation.

Tickets to Paris, $15, gold, additional.

Return tickets on favorable terms.

Steerage..............................$30, currency.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown and all parts of Europe at lowest rates.

Through Bills of Lading given for Belfast, Glasgow, Havre, Antwerp, and other ports on the Continent, and for Mediterranean ports.

For freight and cabin passage apply at the Company's Office, No. 4 Bowling-green.

For steerage passage at No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building. CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, Agent.

PASSENGERS PER STEAM-SHIP CUBA embark from the Cunard wharf, foot of Grand-st., Jersey City, at 3 P. M., on WEDNESDAY, March 27.
CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN,
No. 4 Bowling-green, New-York.

BALTIC LLOYD

MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.
(Only direct line to Russia and the Skandinavian countries.)

New-York and Stettin, calling at Christiansand and Copenhagen.

The new and elegant steam-ships of the line will sail from New-York as follows, viz.:
HUMBOLDT, April 2.

Rates of passage, payable in gold:
First cabin..............$100 | First steerage..............$40
Second cabin..............72 | Second steerage..............30

For through freight to the principal ports of the Baltic and passage apply to
WENDT & RAMMELSBERG, Agents,
No. 40 Broadway, New-York.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

(VIA QUEENSTOWN.)
CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS.

THE LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM COMPANY will dispatch one of their first-class full power iron-screw steam-ships from PIER NO. 46 NORTH RIVER, EVERY WEDNESDAY, as follows:
MINNESOTA, Capt. MORGAN.....Mar. 27, at 2½ P. M.
IDAHO, Capt. PRICE..............April 3, at 2½ P. M.
MANHATTAN, Capt. J. B. PRICE. April 10, at 2½ P. M.
WISCONSIN, Capt. T. W. FREEMAN, April 17, at 1 P. M.
NEVADA, Capt. FORSYTH..........April 24, at 2½ P. M.
WYOMING, Capt. WHINERAY..........May 1, at ——.

Cabin passage, $80, gold.

Steerage passage, (Office No. 29 Broadway,) $30, currency.

For freight or cabin passage apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 63 Wall st.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY'S LINE TO

CALIFORNIA, JAPAN AND CHINA,

VIA PANAMA,
CARRYING MAILS, PASSENGERS AND FREIGHT TO
KINGSTON, JAMAICA, SANTA MARTHA AND GREYTOWN, AND PACIFIC COAST OF MEXICO, CENTRAL AMERICA, PERU AND CHILI.

Steamers leave 15th and 30th each month, except when those dates fall on Sunday, then the day previous.

March 30.—Steamer OCEAN QUEEN, Capt. JEFF. MAURY, will leave Pier No. 42 North River, at 12 o'clock noon, for Aspinwall direct, connecting at Panama with steamer ALASKA, Capt. ——, and also connecting for all Central American and South Pacific ports. Freight for last-named ports received until 4 P. M. of March 28.

Steamer GREAT REPUBLIC will leave San Francisco April 1, 1872, for Japan and China. For rates of passage, freight and all further information, apply at Company's office on the pier, foot of Canal-st.
F. R. BABY, Agent.

UNITED STATES MAIL TO HAVANA.

ATLANTIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY, Sailing regularly every THURSDAY, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.
MORRO CASTLE, Capt. T. S. CURTIS, March 28.
CRESCENT CITY, Capt. E. VAN SICE, (via Nassau,) April 4.
MISSOURI, Capt. T. H. MORTON, April 11.

For freight or passage apply to
A. W. DIMOCK, President,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

DIRECT LINE TO HAVANA.

HAVANA, PROGRESO AND VERA CRUZ.
New-York and Mexican Mail Steam-ship Line, leaving Pier 17 E. River, at 3 P. M., direct to Havana.
CLEOPATRA, Phillips, (Havana only,). Tues., April 2
CITY OF MERIDA, Deaken.............Friday, April 12
CLEOPATRA, Phillips, (Havana only,)..Tues., April 23
CITY OF MEXICO, Timmerman...Thursday, May 2

For freight or passage apply to
F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, No. 33 Broadway.

FOR NASSAU, N. P.

CARRYING THE ROYAL MAILS.

Atlantic Mail Steam-ship Company's steamer CRESCENT CITY, Capt. E. VAN SICE will sail on THURSDAY, April 4, at — o'clock P. M., precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.

For freight or passage apply to
A. W. DIMOCK, President,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

SHIPPING.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.,

THE FLORIDA PORTS,
AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.
GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE.
CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA AND ATLANTIC AND GULF RAILROAD.
FOUR STEAMERS A WEEK.
TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS AND SATURDAYS.

THE STEAM-SHIPS
VIRGO, Capt. BULKLEY, TUESDAY, March 26, from Pier No. 16 East River, at 3 P. M.
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Agents.
No. 62 South-st.

HERMAN LIVINGSTON, Capt. CHEESEMAN, THURSDAY, March 28, from Pier No. 39 North River, at 3 P.M.
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents.
No. 187 West-st.

SAN SALVADOR, Capt. NICKERSON, SATURDAY, March 30, from Pier No. 8 North River, at 3 P. M.
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

MONTGOMERY, Capt. FAIRCLOTH, SATURDAY, March 30, from Pier No. 13 North River, at 3 P. M.
R. LOWDEN, Agent,
No. 93 West-st.

Insurance by this line ONE-HALF PER CENT.
Superior accommodations for passengers.
Through rates and bills of lading in connection with Central Railroad of Georgia, to all points.
Through rates and bills of lading in connection with the Atlantic and Gulf Freight line.

C. D. OWENS,
Agent A. G. & G. R. R.,
No. 229 Broadway.

GEORGE YONGE,
Agent C. R. R.,
No. 409 Broadway.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL

UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 23d of every month.
MERRIMACK, Capt. G. B. SLOCUM..........April 23
SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. TINKLEPAUGH......May 23
NORTH AMERICA, Capt. WIER..........June 23

These splendid steamers sails on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagements of freight or passage, apply to
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

North Atlantic Express Co.,

NO. 96 BROADWAY.

References: Jay Cooke & Co., J. & W. Seligman & Co., Gilead A. Smith & Co., Bankers, New-York; J. Edgar Thomson, President Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company, Philadelphia.

AGENTS IN ALL THE CITIES OF EUROPE.

Money, bonds, jewelry, freight, samples, personal effects, &c., forwarded with dispatch.
S. D. JONES, Manager.

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.

Families or gentlemen going to travel on the Continent of Europe, who can afford the expense of a courier, should never leave Paris without one. Their services are invaluable in relieving the traveler from multiplicity of cares and troubles respecting passports, examination and conveyance of luggage, in securing the best accommodation, in protecting the traveler from imposition and an infinity of annoyances, to which they are exposed in various parts of the Continent. Competent and trustworthy couriers and traveling servants may always be obtained by applying to the COURIER SOCIETY, No. 3 Rue d'Alger, near the Tuileries Garden, Paris.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—United States passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, No. 91 Duane-st., corner of Broadway.

FINANCIAL.

SECOND MORTGAGE

8 PER CENT. CONVERTIBLE BONDS

OF THE

Indianapolis, Bloomington and Western Railway,

AT 80 AND INTEREST.

From the time we first offered these Bonds they have been rapidly taken up by investors, leaving but a small amount now for sale, which, at the present price, we consider a very cheap and desirable security, as the road is in *successful operation, and earning net more than the interest on all its Bonds*. The business of the road is rapidly increasing. Over 1,000 miles of new roads are now building, connecting with and controlled entirely in the interest of this road, all of which will be completed at an early day.

These new roads, it is expected, will add at least 50 per cent. to the net receipts of this Company.

We have also other FIRST-CLASS INVESTMENT SECURITIES for sale.

Stocks and bonds bought and sold on commission.

Accounts of banks, bankers and merchants received.

Four per cent. interest allowed on daily balances.

TURNER BROTHERS,

NO. 14 NASSAU-ST.

STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS.

10 TO 20 PER CENT.

INVESTMENTS

IN
CITY AND COUNTY BONDS,
RAILROAD BONDS,
INSURANCE AND BANK STOCKS,
CITY RAILROAD STOCKS,
GAS-LIGHT STOCKS, &c., &c.

FOR SAFE AND PROFITABLE INVESTMENT AT THE LOWEST MARKET RATES.
FOR SALE BY
ALBERT H. NICOLAY,
BANKER, STOCK BROKER and AUCTIONEER,
NO. 43 PINE-ST.

P. S.—Choice municipal bonds and other investment securities, strictly first class, paying large rates of interest, a specialty with the house for many years, and always kept on hand for sale.

W. B. SHATTUCK & CO.,

BANKERS,
NO. 23 NASSAU-ST., NEW-YORK.

DRAW SIGHT AND TIME BILLS

ON THE

UNION BANK OF LONDON.

Grand Rapids & Indiana

RAILROAD COMPANY.
THE LAND GRANT BONDS,
Principal and interest payable in Gold.

Circulars, with full information supplied. For sale by
WINSLOW, LANIER & CO.,
No. 27 Pine-st.

NOTICE.—THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY cautioned against taking or negotiating two checks on the Poughkeepsie National Bank, signed by me, one for $87 50-100, dated March 28, 1872, payable to J. C. Nelson, or order, and one for $200, dated April 1, 1872, payable to J. C. Nelson, or order. The same having been obtained by misrepresentation will not be paid by me.
J. NELSON LUCKEY.

NOTICE.

A special meeting of the stockholders of the Delaware and Raritan Canal Company, and also of the stockholders of the Camden and Amboy Railroad and Transportation Company, is hereby called, to meet at the office of said Companies in Trenton, N. J., at 12 o'clock A. M., on the 19th day of April, 1872. And a like meeting of the stockholders of the New Jersey Railroad and Transportation Company is hereby called to meet at their depot in Jersey City, N. J., at 12 o'clock, noon, on the 23d day of April, 1872.

These meetings are called for the purpose of considering and voting on the act entitled "An act to amend an act to validate and confirm certain agreements between the Companies owing the railroad lines between New-York and Philadelphia, approved March —, 1872, which, among other things, authorizes a consolidation and merger of the above-named Companies into one corporation, having thirteen directors, of which, at the first election, each Company is to choose four and the State is to appoint one. All stockholders may vote in person or by proxy.
ROBERT STOCKTON,
President Delaware & Raritan Canal Co.
WILLIAM H. GATZMER,
President Camden & Amboy Railroad.
A. L. DENNIS,
President New-Jersey Railroad & Transportation Co.

REAL ESTATE TRUST COMPANY,

NO. 317 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK,

Invests money as agents or trustees, and if desired takes the care and management of such investments.

Money received on deposit can be checked for payable at sight.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DAILY BALANCES.

Bonds and mortgages on real estate purchased.
V. K. STEVENSON, President.
WILLIAM L. ELY, Secretary.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF CONTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
WASHINGTON, Dec. 27, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL persons who may have claims against The Ocean National Bank of the City of New-York, N. Y., that they are called upon to present the same and to make legal proof thereof to THEODORE M. DAVIS, receiver, at the office of said bank, at the City of New-York.
H. R. HULBURD,
Controller of the Currency.

THE ORIENTAL BANK, NEW-YORK, March 23, 1872.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS and Inspectors for the next ensuing election will be held on MONDAY, April 8, at the banking-house, corner of Bowery and Grand-st. Polls open from 3 to 4 o'clock P. M. Transfer-book closed until that date.
HENRY T. CHAPMAN, JR., Cashier.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of the National Life Insurance Company, of New-York, will be held at the Company's office, No. 212 Broadway, on MONDAY, April 1, 1872, from 12 M. to 1 P. M.
T. A. MORTIMORE, Secretary.

FINANCIAL.

AN UNDOUBTED SECURITY

PAYING 60 PER CENT.
MORE INCOME
THAN GOVERNMENT BONDS,
AND
9 1-2 Per Cent. on the Investment.

FIRST MORTGAGE SINKING FUND GOLD BONDS OF THE

Logansport, Crawfordsville and South-Western Ralway of Indiana.

THEY BEAR 8 PER CENT. GOLD INTEREST, PAYABLE QUARTERLY IN NEW-YORK, FREE OF GOVERNMENT TAX, AND ARE COUPON AND REGISTERED.

The issue is limited to $16,300 per mile, in denominations of $1,000, $500 and $100.

This Road, 92 miles long, affords the shortest existing outlet to Chicago, Toledo, Detroit, Fort Wayne, Logansport and intermediate points for the celebrated Block and Bituminous Coals of Parke County, as also, for the large surplus products of the rich agricultural and mineral section of the State which it traverses.

For the present we are offering these Bonds at 95, and accrued interest in currency, or will exchange them for Government Bonds, or other marketable securities, at the rates of the day.

Further and full particulars, with pamphlets and maps, furnished by us on personal or written application.

JONES & SCHUYLER,

NO. 12 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK,
FINANCIAL AGENTS OF THE COMPANY.

N. Y. Midland R. R.

AND CONNECTIONS.
Seven per Cent. Gold Bonds.
Income 1-3 to 1-2 more than Governments.

N. Y. and O. Midland First Mortgage,
PAR AND INTEREST.

New-Jersey Midland First Mortgage,
97½ AND INTEREST.

Syracuse and Chenango Valley First Mortgage,
95 AND INTEREST.

All of the above confidently recommended to all classes of investors. Full particulars furnished on application.

For sale by
Geo. Opdyke & Co.,
Financial and General Agents for the Companies,
NO. 25 NASSAU-ST.

Howes & Macy, Bankers,

NO. 30 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,

Offer the same facilities to Depositors as Incorporated Banks, and allow Interest on daily Balances at the rate of Four per Cent.

Collections made on any point at current rates, with immediate returns.

Special attention paid to choice Stock, Bonds, &c., &c., for Investors.

VERMILYE & CO.

BANKERS,
16 and 18 Nassau-st., New-York.

DEALERS IN ALL ISSUES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION
RAILWAY STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.
MAKING LIBERAL ADVANCES.
INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

ALL TAXES PAID.

Connecticut Valley Railroad First Mortgage 7 per cent. Bonds,

free of all taxes in Connecticut, and free of income tax everywhere. Road finished and running, already earning expenses and twice the interest. Full paid stock, and a limited mortgage. Price 95 and interest. We recommend them strongly.

ALLEN STEPHENS & CO.,
Bankers, No. 12 Pine-st., New-York.

VERMILYE & CO.,

NOS. 16 AND 18 NASSAU-ST., NEW-YORK.

Offer for sale a limited amount of first-class Investment Securities, as follows:

CITY OF ELIZABETH, N. J., 7 PER CENT. BONDS, DUE IN 1877 AT 94 AND ACCRUED INTEREST.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD BONDS, SECURED BY FIRST MORTGAGE OF ONLY $10,000 PER MILE, ON OLD ROAD, PAYING REGULAR DIVIDENDS ON CAPITAL STOCK. PRICE OF BONDS 93 AND ACCRUED INTEREST.

SOUTHERN CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-YORK FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS, ISSUED ONLY AT THE RATE OF $13,000 PER MILE. THIS ROAD IS COMPLETED AND IN SUCCESSFUL OPERATION. PRICE OF BONDS, 90 AND INTEREST.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,

BANKERS,
NO. 8 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,
ISSUE CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR TRAVELERS, ON THE CONSOLIDATED BANK, LONDON, AND ON MUNROE & CO., PARIS.
EXCHANGE ON LONDON AND PARIS.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,

NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL and TRAVELERS' CREDITS AVAILABLE in all PARTS of the WORLD.

ST. LOUIS, ALTON AND TERRE HAUTE RAILROAD COMPANY, NO. 12 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, March, 18, 1872.

THE BONDHOLDERS AND PREFERRED stockholders of this Company having consented to an increase of Preferred Stock in conformity with the requirements of the deed of trust, such issue and distribution of the same will be made to the holders of Preferred Stock who are such on the closing of the transfer-books on the 25th March inst., at 3 o'clock P. M., pro rata, (equal to twenty-one per cent. on each share of $100,) in full of all claims for arrears.

The transfer-books of Preferred Stock will be closed on the 25th of March inst., at 3 P. M., and remain closed to the 20th of April next, inclusive.

By order,
G. H. GURLEY,
Assistant Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE LAKE SHORE AND MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY,
CLEVELAND, Ohio, March 23, 1872.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of this Company for the election of directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of other appropriate business will be held at the office of the Company, in the City of Cleveland, Ohio, on WEDNESDAY, the 1st day of May next, between the hours of 11 o'clock in the forenoon and 2 o'clock in the afternoon of that day.

The transfer-books of the Company will be closed at the close of business on the 30th day of March inst., and will reopen on the morning of the 2d day of May next.
GEORGE B. ELY, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE SECOND-AVENUE RAILROAD COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, March 14, 1872.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Second-avenue Railroad Company for the election of directors and inspectors of election for the ensuing year, will be held MONDAY, April 1, 1872, at No. 34 New-st. Poll opens at 12 o'clock M. and closes at 1 o'clock P. M.

The transfer-books will be closed March 20, and be reopened April 3.
HARVEY H. WOODS,
Secretary.

A CERTIFICATE FOR SIXTY-THREE shares of the stock of the Paterson and Hudson Railroad Company, issued to John M. Woolsey, Theodore D. Woolsey and Wm. Sam. Johnson, trustees of the separate estate of Mrs. SARAH D. JOHNSON, having been lost, all persons are cautioned against negotiating the said lost certificate. C. F. JOHNSON, Substituted Trustee.

FINANCIAL.

THE CANADA SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY

Are now offering, through the undersigned, the

REMAINING $5,000,000

OF THEIR

First Mortgage Sinking Fund 30 Years

7 PER CT. GOLD BONDS

AT

90 and ACCRUED INTEREST.

THE ROAD runs from Buffalo to the Detroit River, connecting there with the Chicago and Canada Southern, now being built to Chicago, and will thereby form the

SHORTEST TRUNK LINE BETWEEN BUFFALO AND CHICAGO, or, in other words, will be the SHORTEST LINK in the GREAT LINE OF TRAFFIC BETWEEN THE EAST AND WEST, connecting the GREAT SYSTEM OF RAILWAYS which diverges from Buffalo, Toledo and Chicago.

A branch also runs from St. Thomas to St. Clair where it forms connections with the various roads leading into the lumber and mineral regions of Michigan.

THE MAIN line from Buffalo to the Detroit River, is 229 miles long. The branch from St. Thomas to St. Clair is 61 miles, and runs through the great Canada oil region.

OF THE entire line (299 miles) *two hundred and twenty miles are graded, bridged and ready for the superstructure.* The remaining 70 miles are under contract to be ready for the superstructure early in the Summer.

OF THE 800,000 ties required, 600,000 are on hand and the remainder are coming in daily.

SIX THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED TONS of rails are delivered and paid for, and the balance contracted to be delivered early in the Summer, those for the main line being STEEL, all sixty pounds to the yard.

ALL the materials for the stations and a part of the equipment are purchased.

TRACK-LAYING will be begun as soon as the frost is out of the ground.

The entire line will be ready for business on or before Dec. 31, 1872.

THE ROAD is being built by the most experienced railroad men in the country, who are confident of a profitable business for it from the day of its opening.

THE ROAD will be 33 MILES SHORTER THAN ANY OTHER ROAD, either BUILT or in contemplation, between Buffalo and Chicago.

THE MAXIMUM GRADE on the entire line does not exceed FIFTEEN FEET to the mile, and Ninety-six per cent. of the Road IS STRAIGHT.

The Canada Southern (including its branch of 61 miles to St Clair) and the Chicago and Canada Southern, with their light grades, direct alignment, being the shortest route between Buffalo and Chicago, will admit of the most SPEEDY, ECONOMICAL and SAFE transit attainable for both passengers and freight.

The road thus far has been built by cash subscriptions, and the proceeds of the bonds now offered will complete and fully equip it. The principal and interest of the bonds are payable either in New-York, London, or Frankfort.

We have no hesitation in recommending the bonds AS A PERFECTLY SAFE as well as a PROFITABLE INVESTMENT.

LEONARD, SHELDON & FOSTER

NO. 10 WALL-ST.

THE NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY.

OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK,
Nos. 261 AND 263 BROADWAY, CORNER OF WARREN-ST.
Capital, - - - - - $1,000,000

Pays Four per Cent. Interest per Annum on Deposit, Subject to Check at Sight.
Pays Five Per Cent. Interest Per Annum on Special Deposits Remaining Six Months or Longer.

ACTS AS TRUSTEE FOR ESTATES, and especially for RAILROAD MORTGAGE BONDS.
D. R. MANGAM, President.
B. L. SOLOMON, First Vice-President.
B. F. BANCROFT, Second Vice-President.
JAMES MERRELL, Secretary.

Geo. Opdyke & Co.,

BANKERS.
No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York.

ACCOUNTS OF BANKS, BANKERS, CORPORATIONS, FIRMS AND INDIVIDUALS SOLICITED.

DEPOSITORS ENJOY THE SAME ADVANTAGES AS WITH INCORPORATED BANKS—FOUR PER CENT. ON DAILY BALANCES, CREDITED MONTHLY.

COLLECTIONS MADE AT LOWEST RATES.

INVESTMENT SECURITIES A SPECIALTY.

MIDLAND BONDS.

The NEW-YORK MIDLAND CONVERTIBLE BONDS, secured by Mortgage at 80 and interest, are one of the most desirable and will prove one of the most profitable investments offered in this market for years.
ALLEN, STEPHENS & CO.,
BANKERS, NO. 12 PINE-ST.

John J. Cisco & Son,

BANKERS,
No. 59 Wall-st., New-York.

RECEIVE DEPOSITS subject to check at sight, on which INTEREST is allowed at the rate of FOUR PER CENT. per annum.

Checks drawn on us are received on deposit by all the City banks.

CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT issued, payable on demand, with interest.

GOVERNMENTS, GOLD, STOCKS and BONDS bought and sold on commission.

LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE 7 per cent. Consolidated Bonds, and HOUSTON AND TEXAS CENTRAL 1st Mortgage Bonds, bought and sold.

BUY and SELL EXCHANGE ON LONDON.

New-York Town Bonds, 7 Per Cent.,

AND

Oswego City 7s,

FOR SALE BY
GEO. OPDYKE & CO.,
NO. 25 NASSAU-ST.

GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
NO. 176 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK, March 25, 1872.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Company and of three Inspectors of Election, will be held at the office of the Company, on TUESDAY, April 9 next.

Polls will be opened at 12 o'clock noon and closed at 1 o'clock P. M.
ALFRED A. REEVES, Secretary.

ATLANTIC MUTUAL INSURANCE Scrip of all issues wanted by WM. C. GILMAN, No. 46 Pine-st., corner William-st.

MARBLE MANTELS.

A. KLABER, STEAM MARBLE AND MARBLEIZING Works, Nos. 134 and 136 East 18th-st.—Marble and marbleized mantels, tiling, marble counters, monuments, at prices that defy competition. Marble turning for the trade.

MARBLE AND MARBLEIZED MANTELS, monuments, head-stones; best and cheapest. S. KLABER & CO., No. 223 West 51st-st., between Broadway and 8th-av.; designs on application.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

HORSE TAMING AND TRAINING.

MAGNER'S new system will break any horse. Any one can learn it in one hour.

"Where Barey's mantle has fallen."—*N. Y. Sun.*

"We honestly believe there is not a horse in the world which he cannot make gentle."—*Turf, Field and Farm.*

"Most scientific and successful educator or trainer of vicious horses I have ever met."—*Robert Bonner, Esq.*

Free exhibitions 7½ every evening and Saturday at 2½ at Pavilion, No. 118 West 30th-st., near 6th-av.

Vicious horses handled free.

GOODS DAMAGED BY FIRE.

We will close out, at retail, every description of saddles, harness, bridles, or other saddlery goods, damaged by the recent fire in our premises.
C. B. SMITH & CO., No. 40 Warren-st.

A.—ROCKAWAYS, PHAETONS, TOP AND road buggies, new and second-hand; cheapest in City. Call and see.
DAY & SON, No. 148 Eldridge-st.

FOR SALE—A ONE-HORSE ROCKAWAY; glass doors; in good order. Inquire at No. 150 East 50th-st.

HARNESS AND HORSE EQUIPMENTS—At manufacturers' prices. JACOBOWSKY, HILBORN & CO., No. 111 Chambers-st.

FOR SALE—A HORSE, CARRIAGE AND harness. Inquire of J. M. EDGAR, corner of 19th-st. and 9th-av.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

WORTH HOUSE, NO. 202 5TH-AV., LOOKING on Madison-square, 5th-av., and Broadway; most beautiful residence in the City; arranged in suites of apartments, with private table and attendance only.

TWENTY-SECOND-ST., WEST, NO. 318, elegantly furnished room, second floor front, hot and cold water, large closets, superior table and attendance; low to first-class parties. No moving.

NO. 13 BANK-ST.—TO LET IN A PRIVATE family, furnished rooms, with every convenience, with or without board, to gentlemen only; house convenient to cars; reference required.

NO. 41 WEST 35TH-ST., NEAR 5TH-AV., a large, pleasant extension room, dressing-room and bath room connecting, with first-class board; also other rooms. References exchanged.

NO. 150 WEST 21ST-ST., TO LET, TO A gentleman without board, a nicely furnished front room, on second floor, with all conveniences; references required.

A LARGE CHOICE FURNISHED ROOM to let to gentlemen only, with ample closet accommodation, gas and grate; splendidly located; no moving. Apply at No. 85 Clinton-place, near 5th-av.

NO. 246 WEST 24TH-ST.—PLEASANT rooms to let, with board, to gentlemen and their wives, or single gentlemen; terms moderate; no moving.

TO LET—HANDSOMELY-FURNISHED parlors on second floor of a good house, with or without board; respectable neighborhood; all conveniences. No. 137 West 16th-st.

NO. 49 WEST 16TH-ST., BETWEEN 5TH and 6th avs.—Rooms with board to families or parties of single gentlemen; no May moving; reference required.

A PRIVATE FAMILY OWNING THE house have three rooms connecting on the second floor they will rent with board to a responsible party of two or three. Call at No. 32 West 19th-st.

THIRTY-FOURTH-ST., NEAR 5TH-AV.—Elegantly-furnished private residence, offer second or third floor, private table if desired. Apply at Everett Library, No. 588 6th-av.

NO. 28 WEST 12TH-ST.—A FEW DOORS west of 5th-av., with board, pleasant rooms for family or party of gentlemen; also, single rooms; house first-class; reference given.

NO. 106 EAST 23D-ST.—TO RENT, WITH board, handsomely-furnished rooms; table liberal; no moving; references exchanged.

NO. 4 EAST 10TH-ST., ONE DOOR FROM 5TH-AV.—Suites or single rooms to respectable parties.

ROOMS TO LET—TO GENTLEMEN without board in a private family. Apply at No. 150 East 44th-st.

FIFTH-AV., NO. 434—SUITE OF SUPERB apartments, second floor, richly furnished, with board; private table.

COUNTRY BOARD.

SUMMER BOARDERS RECEIVED MAY 1; references, former guests. ROBT. C. FLACK, Stamford, Conn.

BOARD WANTED.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE DESIRE permanent board in a private family, or where there are but few boarders; they wish a genteel, pleasant neighborhood, but prefer neatness and good living to stylish discomfort. Address, with particulars and terms, T. D., Post-office Box No. 1,210.

SAVINGS BANKS.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

NO. 96 WARREN-ST., NEW-YORK.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST allowed on all sums.
Deposits made now draw interest from April 1.
Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.
WALTER W. CONCKLIN, President.
VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, Secretary.

PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK,

NO. 1,146 BROADWAY,
Between 26th and 27th sts.;

Six per Cent. interest allowed on all sums. Deposits made on or before the 20th of April draw interest from the 1st of April.
FERD. OLMSTEAD, President.
CHAS. RODGERS, Secretary.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK.

No. 185 Chatham-square and No. 62 New Bowery, New-York.

DEPOSITS made on or before APRIL 1 will date interest from that day.

Interest will be computed monthly on sums of One Dollar and upward.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK.

Nos. 396 and 398 Canal-st., corner Laight.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ON $5 to $5,000.
ASSETS, $10,512,396 10.

METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK. Nos. 1 and 3 3d-av., New-York, opposite Cooper Institute. Chartered 1852. Interest commences April 1 on deposits made on or before that day.

DIVIDENDS.

ASTOR FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

DIVIDEND.

New-York Supreme Court.—In the matter of the Astor Fire Insurance Company.—ALBERT C. BAGE against the ASTOR FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—In pursuance of an order of this Court, made and entered in the above entitled action, the undersigned, Receiver of the Astor Fire Insurance Company, the above-named corporation, hereby gives notice to the creditors of said Company that he will pay a First Dividend of Forty (40) per Cent. on all adjusted claims against the said Company on and after MONDAY, the 25th day of March, 1872, at his office, No. 152 Broadway.
JAMES YERERANCE, Receiver
NEW-YORK, March 20, 1872.

HARTFORD AND NEW-HAVEN RAILROAD OFFICE,
HARTFORD, March 20, 1872.

NOTICE.

A quarterly dividend of Three Dollars on each share of full stock, and One and 50-100 Dollars on each share scrip stock, free of Government tax, standing on the books the 23d inst., has been declared by the Board of Directors of the Hartford and New-Haven Railroad Company, payable on MONDAY, the 1st day of April.

Stockholders in New-York will receive their dividend at the Union National Bank.

The transfer-books will be closed from the 25th of March to the 1st of April, both days inclusive.
S. P. CONNER, Secretary.

EIGHTH NATIONAL BANK.

A dividend of Twenty-five per Cent. will be paid to the creditors of the Eighth National Bank, at the office of the receiver, No. 3 Mercer-st., in the City of New-York, on and after the 27th of March inst.
H. R. HULBURD,
Controller of Currency.

NEW-YORK CENTRAL AND HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY,
TREASURER'S OFFICE, March 12, 1872.

AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD of Directors, held this day, it was

Resolved, That a Dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on the capital stock of this Company be paid on the 15th day of April next, at the office of Duncan, Sherman & Co., in the City of New-York, and that a Dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on the "consolidation certificates" of this Company be paid on the same day, at the Union Trust Company, in the City of New-York.

The transfer-books for both the capital stock and "consolidation certificates" will be closed at the close of business on SATURDAY, the 16th of March inst., and reopened on the morning of WEDNESDAY, the 17th of April next.
C. C. CLARKE, Treasurer.

OFFICE CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.,
NO. 54 WILLIAM-ST.,
NEW-YORK, March 20, 1872.

THE COUPONS OF THE SIX PER CENT. FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS OF THE CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY, (SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY BRANCH,) maturing April 1, 1872, will be paid, free of Government tax, on and after that date, at the banking-house of Fisk & Hatch, New-York.
C. P. HUNTINGTON, Vice-President.

OFFICE OF THE CINCINNATI, HAMILTON AND DAYTON RAILROAD COMPANY,
CINCINNATI, March 22, 1872.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—A DIVIDEND OF Four per Cent. has been declared payable to the stockholders of this Company on or after the 3d day of April at the Banking-house of Winslow, Lanier & Co., New-York.

The transfer books will be closed from the 25th inst. to April 3 inclusive.
F. H. SHORT, Treasurer.

CHICAGO, DANVILLE & VINCENNES RAILROAD COMPANY.—The Semi-annual Interest on the first mortgage bonds of this Company, due April 1, 1872, will be paid in gold on and after that date at the Company's office, No. 38 Pine-st., New-York.
AMOS TENNEY, Treasurer.

NO. 53 EXCHANGE-PLACE, March 16, 1872.

THE INTEREST DUE APRIL 1, proximo, on bonds of the Oregon and California Railroad Company, will be paid at our office on and after that date.
DREXEL, MORGAN & CO.

BILLIARD TABLES.

$165.—BILLIARD TABLES equal to best made at forty per cent. less cost; slate beds, best cushions, including balls, cues, &c.; $165 to $280. AMERICAN BILLIARD-TABLE COMPANY, No. 500 Broadway.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—SPRING SEASON OF GRAND ITALIAN OPERA.

THE GRAND COMBINATION.
PAREPA-ROSA, WACHTEL, SANTLEY.
CARL ROSA and A. NEUENDORFF......Directors
D. DE VIVO..............................Business Manager

FREE LIST (except the Press) entirely suspended.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Subscriptions will be received today and to-morrow till 5 P. M., at the box-office of the Academy, where persons who have already subscribed can have their tickets.

THE SALE OF SEATS FOR ANY NIGHT AND THE MATINEE COMMENCES THURSDAY AT 9 A. M., AT ACADEMY.

Messrs. CARL ROSA and A. NEUENDORFF have the honor and pleasure to announce to the public of New-York a season of TWELVE SUBSCRIPTION NIGHTS and FOUR GRAND MATINEES of GRAND ITALIAN OPERA, commencing MONDAY, April 1, with TROVATORE.

Opera nights MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS, FRIDAYS and SATURDAYS. Grand Gala MATINEES.

The repertoire will be as follows:
TROVATORE, RIGOLETTO, LUCREZIA BORGIA, DON GIOVANNI, WILLIAM TELL, LES HUGUENOTS, &c.

WALLACK'S. NILSSON MATINEE.

Mr. LESTER WALLACK respectfully announces that he has concluded an arrangement with Messrs. Maurice & Max Strakosch for

ONE (1) GRAND NILSSON MATINEE,
SATURDAY, APRIL 6, 1872, AT 1½ P. M.
MARTHA.

PRICES.—General admission, two ($2) dollars; reserved seats, $1 and $2 extra, according to location.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Seats can be secured only at the Strakosch Italian Opera Ticket-office, at the Everett House, corner 17th-st. and 4th-av., where all communications may be addressed relative to the Strakosch Italian Opera Company.

NILSSON'S FAREWELL IN BROOKLYN.
THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 11, AND FRIDAY EVENING, APRIL 12.
MARTHA. HAMLET.

MANOR MISSION SCHOOL.—CHAPEL Building Fund.—Sustain a worthy object and derive intellectual profit by attending Prof. DOREMUS' celebrated lecture on the *Creation* on THURSDAY EVENING, March 28, in Rev. Dr. Rogers' Church, corner 5th-av. and 21st-st.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.

HUMPTY DUMPTY.
250TH TIME.
ALL RIVALS DISTANCED.

SEE HIM! 918TH TIME OF FOX AS HUMPTY. SEE HIM!

LAST CHANCE! LAST CHANCE!
To see the present gorgeous combination.
Every evening and
Matinées WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, at 2.

EASTER MONDAY, April 1,
HUMPTY DUMPTY IN A NEW DRESS,
New and gorgeous costumes and scenery, new tricks, new sensations, new dances, new music, new fairy enchantments, new European artists.

BOOTH'S THEATRE. LECLERCQ.

Proprietor and Manager............Mr. Edwin Booth.

Engagement of the charming and accomplished artist,
MISS CARLOTTA LECLERCQ,
who will appear in her celebrated impersonation of
ROSALIND,
in AS YOU LIKE IT.

The only AS YOU LIKE IT MATINEE On SATURDAY, at 1½ o'clock.
MISS LECLERCQ........as..............ROSALIND

Box-book open six days in advance at the theatre, also at Ditson's music-store, No. 711 Broadway.

On MONDAY next, THE HUNCHBACK.
MISS LECLERCQ..........as..............JULIA

PROF. DOREMUS' POPULAR LECTURE on the *Creation*, with brilliant experiments, in South Reformed Church, corner 5th-av. and 21st-st., on THURSDAY EVENING, March 28.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE,

FOR ONE WEEK ONLY.
FROU-FROU.

ONLY FROU-FROU MATINEE,
SATURDAY NEXT AT 1½ O'CLOCK.
Friday, March 29, benefit of Miss AGNES ETHEL.

IN ACTIVE REHEARSAL,
For immediate production, an extraordinary Parisian drama, expressly adapted by Mr. AUGUSTIN DALY, and entitled
ARTICLE 47.

PROF. R. OGDEN DOREMUS, M. D.,

will deliver his celebrated lecture on
THE CREATION,
WITH BRILLIANT EXPERIMENTS,
in the SOUTH REFORMED CHURCH, (Dr. Rogers',) corner 5th-av. and 21st-st.,
On THURSDAY EVENING,
March 28, at 8 o'clock,
for the benefit of the
CHAPEL BUILDING FUND OF THE MANOR MISSION-SCHOOL,
corner 9th-av. and 25th-st.

Tickets, $1. For sale at the principal book, music and drug-stores, and at the door.

GREAT EXHIBITION OF PAINTINGS at the SOMERVILLE GALLERY.

Samuel Colman's and Geo. H. Hall's entire collections of works of art to be sold at auction on WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, 3d, 4th and 5th April.

This is a rare opportunity to secure a fine example of these FAVORITE ARTISTS, as they are going abroad, and have determined to sell without reserve.

THE ANNUAL COMMENCEMENT OF the Woman's Medical College of the New-York Infirmary will be held at Association Hall, on TUESDAY, March 26, at 8 P. M. Speakers, JOSEPH H. CHOATE, Esq., ROBERT HAYDOCK, Esq., and Dr. MARY C. PUTNAM.
EMILY BLACKWELL, M. D.,
Secretary of Faculty.

AGREEMENT OF SCIENCE WITH THE MOSAIC RECORD OF THE CREATION will be discussed by Prof. DOREMUS in South Reformed Church, corner 5th-av. and 21st-st., on THURSDAY EVENING, March 28. Tickets $1.

LOAN OFFICES.

NO. 1,191 BROADWAY, AT H. R. MELVILLE'S coral and jewelry store, cash advanced on diamonds, jewelry, watches, laces and shawls. Desk in rear of store, No. 1,191 Broadway, between 28th and 29th sts.

AT HYMAN'S, NO. 658 BROADWAY, CORNER OF BOND-ST.—Liberal advances made on diamonds and watches, silver-ware, &c., or will pay the highest market price for the same.

AT NO. 43 CHATHAM-ST.—MONEY loaned on watches, jewelry and diamonds.
WM. GAMMON.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S

CLASSES FOR DANCING
All meet at No. 212 5th-av., corner 26th-st.
Classes for ladies, gentlemen or children.
Morning, afternoon and evening classes.
Pupils can commence at any time.
For particulars send for circular.

FINE ARTS.

A VALUABLE COLLECTION OF ANcient engravings, rare portraits for illustrating; book plates, water-color drawings—the finest collection ever offered for sale—to be sold at auction MONDAY, April 1 and 2, by BANGS & MERWIN, No. 694 Broadway. Catalogues ready.

RAILROADS.

NEW-YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.

Commencing on Monday, Nov. 13, 1871, Through Trains will leave from New Depot, 4th-av. and 42d-st.
8.00 A. M., Chicago and Montreal Express, with drawing-room cars through to Rochester and St. Albans.
10.30 A. M., Special Chicago Express, with drawing-room cars to Buffalo and Niagara Falls.
10.45 A. M., Northern and Western Express.
3.40 P. M., Special Troy Express, on Saturdays.
4.00 P. M., Montreal Express, with sleeping cars from New-York to St. Albans.
6.00 P. M., Express, with sleeping-cars for Watertown, Oswego and Canandaigua.
8.00 P. M., Pacific Express, with sleeping-cars for Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls; also, for Chicago via both L. S. and M. C. Railroads; and for St. Louis via Toledo, leaves on Sundays at 6 P. M.
11.00 P. M., Express, with sleeping-cars for Troy and Albany.

All local trains running north of Yonkers, leave from new depot. Yonkers Special Trains from 30th-st., west side, as heretofore.
C. H. KENDRICK, General Passenger Agent.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD.

On and after MONDAY, Oct. 30, 1871, trains will leave James-slip as follows:
8:30 A. M. Greenport mail train.
10:30 A. M. Roslyn, Glen Cove, Locust Valley, Huntington and Northport. Pass trains.
3:00 P. M. Riverhead and Sag Harbor Express, (through to Greenport on Saturdays.)
4:00 P. M. Express trains for Roslyn, Glen Cove, Locust Valley, Huntington and Northport.
5:30 P. M. Northport way-train.

All trains connect at Branch for Hempstead.

Sunday trains for Huntington, Northport, Roslyn, Glen Cove and Locust Valley leave Hunter's Point at 9:30 A. M. and 6 P. M.

STEAMBOATS.

STEAMER SEA BIRD,

FOR RED BANK
and intermediate landings.

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Tuesday, March 26, 8 A. M.	Wednesday, Mch. 27, 8 A. M.
Thursday, March 28, 9 A. M.	Friday, March 29, 8 A. M.
Saturday, March 30, 11 A. M.	Monday, April 1, 10 A. M.
Tuesday, April 2, 2 P. M.	Wednesday, April 3, 12 M.
Thursday, April 4, 3 P. M.	Friday, April 5, 2 P. M.
Saturday, April 6, 3 P. M.	Monday, April 8, 7 A. M.

NORTH RIVER AND NEW-YORK STEAM-BOAT COMPANY.—Steamers ADELPHI and ALEXIS leave New-York, foot Harrison-st., daily, at 3 and 3½, for Carmansville, Englewood, Yonkers, Hastings, Dobbs Ferry, Irvington, Nyack, Sing Sing and Haverstraw. Excursion tickets and packages of twenty-five tickets at reduced rates. Nyack and Tarrytown Ferry runs to connect with Hudson River Railroad trains.

TO BRIDGEPORT AND ALL POINTS on Housatonic and Naugatuck Railroad.—Fare, $1. Steamers leave Catharine-slip at 12 noon, Sundays excepted.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, AND THE NORTH.—Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with road.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.

31,000 DELIGHTED PEOPLE HAVE ALREADY WITNESSED
LALLA ROOKH!!! LALLA ROOKH!!!
THE MOST GORGEOUS SPECTACULAR PIECE EVER PRODUCED!!!
PARIS FAIRLY SURPASSED IN DRAMATIC GLORY!

"No description, even in the 'Arabian Nights,' can surpass it for sparkling and elaborate splendor."—*New-York Times.*

EVERY NIGHT AND SATURDAY MATINEE!

"It gives us dances such as ravished the soul of 'Sunset Cox' in Andalusia. It employs magnificently-limbed women, some of whom are quite as voluptuous as any Moore ever dreamed of in his most ardent poetic flights."—*New-York World.*

IT IS AS DELIGHTFUL AS THE FIRST DAWN OF LOVE!

"The magnificence of the scenery, costumes and appointments fairly took away the breath even of experienced play-goers."—*New-York Herald.*

THE BEAUTY, VOLUPTUOUSNESS, MAGNIFICENCE AND LUXURY OF THE ORIENTAL CLIME, SO EXQUISITELY DESCRIBED IN MOORE'S IMMORTAL POEM, ARE REALIZED BY THIS AMERICAN DRAMATIC PRODUCTION!

SEATS CAN BE SECURED IN ADVANCE.

WALLACK'S.

THE GREAT AND CONTINUED SUCCESS OF THE VETERAN,
will, for the present, delay the PRODUCTION OF NOVELTIES.
EVERY EVENING UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE,
Mr. Lester Wallack's celebrated drama, in six tableaux,
THE VETERAN.

"The Veteran," as we predicted in anticipation of its production, has proved one of the most successful dramas ever brought out, even at Wallack's, splendid as is its roll of dramatic victories. It would be hard to speak too highly of the perfect smoothness and ease with which the piece now runs. Each character has been cast with admirable regard to the individual capacity and peculiarities of the player. We have already spoken at length in previous notices of the elegance of the setting and mounting, and can only repeat what we said then. The last tableaux is a chef d'œuvre of startling incident and skillful blending of color and costume. "The Veteran" will, doubtless, run to the end of the season; but we recommend our readers to go there at once, as the piece will well bear seeing twice or thrice—*Extract from New-York Herald.*

Box-book open from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M.

Due notice will be given of the reappearance of Mr. Chas. Mathews, Mr. J. H. Stoddart, and Miss Plessy Mordaunt.

P. T. BARNUM'S COLOSSAL EXHIBITION (previous to starting on the great traveling campaign of 1872) WILL OPEN AT THE EMPIRE RINK, 3d-av. and 63d-st., for TWO WEEKS ONLY, commencing MONDAY EVENING, April 1.

In addition to the THOUSANDS OF INTERESTING NOVEL FEATURES which have been collected since the last exhibition at the Rink, will also appear FOUR LIVING FIJI CANNIBALS, EQUESTRIAN PERFORMING GOAT "ALEXIS," A LIVING GIRAFFE, or Camel-leopard—only one in America—a large GROUP OF MONSTER SEA LIONS, recently imported from the North Pacific, and a large importation of life-size moving animal, musical and mechanical automatons, from Paris, France, and Geneva, Switzerland.

Admission to the entire Museum, Menagerie, Caravan, Hippodrome, Polytechnic Institute, Zoological Garden, and Dan Costello's chaste and refined Circus, only 50 cents; children, half price.

A few reserved seats, 25 cents extra. Two exhibitions daily.

Doors open at 1 and 7 o'clock P. M.

Performances at 2 and 8.

As the show will travel by rail, (two trains, thirty-five cars each,) 100 valuable young horses will be sold in Bridgeport, Conn., THURSDAY, April 4, sale to commence at 10 A. M.

UNION-SQUARE THEATRE.

R. W. BUTLER..............................MANAGER.
EMPHATICALLY THE LADIES' THEATRE.
THE GREAT ZIG-ZAGS!
THE GROTESQUE ZIG-ZAGS!
ZIG-ZAGS! ZIG-ZAGS! ZIG-ZAGS!
HERNANDEZ, IMPERIAL JAPANESE.
HERNANDEZ, BOSTON PEACE JUBILEE.
THE WHITE MOUNTAIN BAND.
ERNANI. ERNANI.
THE BURLESQUE OF THE PERIOD.
Splendid Scenery, Grand Effects, Superb Cast.
NEW AND ATTRACTIVE FEATURES INTRODUCED.
THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.
MATINEES, WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.
Seats may be secured six days in advance.
THE VOKES ARE COMING.

DON'T FAIL TO HEAR PROF. DOREMUS' lecture on the *Creation*, with experiments, at South Reformed Church, on THURSDAY EVENING, March 28, for the benefit of the Chapel Building Fund of the Manor Mission School.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.

14th-st., opposite Academy of Music.
L. B. LENT..............................Director.
MATINEES WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY AT 2½. EVERY EVENING AT 8.
NOVEL CHANGE OF PERFORMANCE.
FIRST WEEK OF THE MARVELOUS HORSEMAN, THE GREAT JOHN HENRY COOKE, IN NOVEL JUGGLING FEATS ON HORSEBACK.
FIRST WEEK OF MR. CHAS. W. FISH, IN HIS INTREPID BAREBACK HURDLE ACT.
THE ENTIRE MAMMOTH CIRCUS TROUPE IN A GRAND ENTERTAINMENT OF SENSATIONAL FEATS OF SKILL AND DARING.
THE CHARMING FAIRY PAGEANT OF CINDERELLA!
WILL BE PERFORMED ONLY THIS WEEK AT THE WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY MATINEES. THE LAST TWO PERFORMANCES OF THIS GORGEOUS SPECTACLE.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

LAST WEEK OF LA BELLE SAUVAGE.
MRS. JOHN WOOD
and her celebrated
LONDON BURLESQUE COMPANY,
with
MR. MARK SMITH.
LA BELLE SAUVAGE.
With entire new scenery.
H. R. H. Princess Pocahontas...Mrs. JOHN WOOD
H. I. M. King Powhatan.........Mr. MARK SMITH
For full cast, scenery, dances, &c., see small bills.
Previous to the Burlesque,
A FAVORITE COMEDIETTA.
POCAHONTAS MATINEE SATURDAY AT 2.

ST. JAMES THEATRE—28th-st. and B'way.

LAST WEEK of Mr. MACKAYE'S SEASON
LAST WEEK OF MARRIAGE.
SATURDAY, 2 P. M., LAST MATINEE
SATURDAY, March 30,
BENEFIT OF MISS GRISWOLD,
AND LAST NIGHT OF THE SEASON

DAN BRYANT'S. 23D-ST

CROWDED NIGHTLY
with fashionable and delighted
AUDIENCES.
EVERY EVENING AT EIGHT

MR. G. VANDENHOFF'S

READINGS.
In aid of BETHESDA MISSION OF RUTGERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
THURSDAY EVENING, March 28,
AT ASSOCIATION HALL.

PROGRAMME: "Fitz James and Roderick Dhu,"—SCOTT; Poetry—Humorous and Pathetic; DICKENS' "Lady with Yellow Curl-Papers."

Tickets with reserved seats, 75 cents. For sale at ticket-office, No. 114 Broadway; Thomson's book-store, No. 1,107 Broadway, and at the Hall.

THE PUBLIC IS RESPECTFULLY invited to attend the Commencement Exercises of the Woman's Medical College of the New-York Infirmary, at Association Hall, corner 23d-st. and 4th-av., on TUESDAY, March 26, at 8 o'clock P. M. Addresses by Robert Haydock and James H. Choate. Valedictory by Dr. Mary C. Putnam. Music and other exercises.

THE "CREATION" IS THE SUBJECT of Prof. DOREMUS' lecture on THURSDAY EVENING, March 28, in South Reformed Church, 5th-av., corner 21st-st.

MARBLE MANTELS, MONUMENTS and floor tiling. FISHER & BIRD, Nos. 97 and 105 East Houston-st.

INSTRUCTION.

Mount Washington Collegiate Institute,

NO. 40 WASHINGTON-SQUARE (SOUTH.)
DR. GEO. W. CLARKE, PRINCIPAL.
Prepares pupils of all ages for business or college.

IRVING INSTITUTE,

TARRYTOWN, N. Y.
TERM OPENS TUESDAY, APRIL 2.

Instruction in all the branches of a solid education. Thoroughly qualified instructors.

For circulars apply to
D. S. ROWE, A. M., Principal.

FEMALE COLLEGE, BORDENTOWN, N. J.

Rev. JOHN H. BRAKELEY, Ph. D., President.

Spring session begins April 8. For terms, &c., address as above.

A FAMILY SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

Superior advantages. Address H. W. SIGLAR, Principal, Newburgh Institute, Newburgh, N. Y.

JACKSON MILITARY INSTITUTE.

Tarrytown, N. Y. Established 1857.
Address Rev. F. J. JACKSON, M. A., Principal.

MISS WHITTEMORE'S SCHOOL for young ladies at New-Brighton, Staten Island. On the 1st of May next, Miss WHITTEMORE will be prepared, in connection with her well-established day-school, to receive young ladies in her family as boarding-scholars. Circulars, stating terms, can be had on application as above, either in person or by letter.

ROCKLAND FEMALE INSTITUTE, NYACK, ON THE HUDSON N. Y.—The Fall term will commence Sept. 20. For circulars with full particulars, address Rev. L. DELOS MANSFIELD, Principal.

ALONZO FLECK, PRESIDENT OF Claverack College and Hudson River Institute, Claverack, N. Y.; pupils received at any time; both sexes; $300 a year; seventeen instructors.

PROF. J. W. SCHERMERHORN, A. M., will open his English, Classical, Mathematical, French and German School for boys Sept. 15, No. 859 6th-av. Circulars and conference at rooms.

MOUNTAIN INSTITUTE—HAVERSTRAW, N. Y., established in 1854.—LAVALETTE WILSON, A. M., Principal. A select boarding-school for ten boys; terms moderate.

PENNINGTON SEMINARY.—LONG known for its high character and its reasonable rates. Address THOS. HANLON, A. M. D. D., Pennington, N. J.

GOLDEN HILL SEMINARY FOR young ladies, Bridgeport, Conn. For circulars address the Principal, Miss EMILY NELSON.

FOR BOYS—SUPERIOR ADVANTAGES AT Riverview Academy, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

TEACHERS.

RESIDENT GOVERNESS.—A LADY, having the highest City references desires a re-engagement to instruct in English, French, music and drawing. Address M. G., Box 173 *Times* Office.

THE CONNECTICUT CAMPAIGN.

Large and Spirited Republican Meeting at New-Haven.

Speeches of Senator Ferry and Gen. Hall—Republican and Democratic Rule Contrasted—Decrease of the Debt Under Grant's Administration.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

NEW-HAVEN, March 25.—One of the largest and most spirited meetings of the campaign was held in this city to-night, and it afforded pleasant evidence that New-Haven will do better for the Republican cause than she has of late years.

SENATOR FERRY'S SPEECH.

Hon. HENRY B. HARRISON, Chairman of the meeting, introduced Senator FERRY, who proceeded to deliver a powerful oration in eulogy of the record of the Republican Party in its administration of the Government since the inauguration of Gen. GRANT. Public attention is now exclusively directed to national affairs in this State, and the only question presented for the decision of the people is whether the Republican President and Congress deserve their continued support. Considering only the financial policy pursued, this Government should be continued as answering the best needs of the people. On the 4th of March, 1869, our currency was depreciated thirty per cent. and two-thirds of this has been removed. In its dealing with the national debt the Government had been equally wise, for it had adhered to the American idea that debt, national or personal, is an evil, and three hundred millions of it has been paid. As to how it should be paid, Republicans had declared it must be in gold, but Democrats had said that it could be liquidated by compelling public creditors to take non-interest-bearing notes for interest-bearing bonds; but this greenback heresy, once on every Democratic tongue, is no longer promulgated. This Administration had done wonders in improving the collection and disbursement of revenues of the nation, both from internal taxes and from customs, so as to make possible a reduction of two hundred and thirty-three millions in taxes during the past six years. By a wise and firm inforcement of laws order had been preserved, allowing the productions of the country to largely increase—for industry only thrives under good government; and without any fear of a commercial crisis we are slowly but surely approaching a specie basis. In view of results like these no amount of personal abuse of President GRANT can convince the people that his administration of the Government has not been prudent and honest. The management of our Indian affairs during the past three years for the first time has been decent. Before then it was the policy of pioneers to shoot the Indians, and of the Government agents to swindle them, and when at last the ravages turned at bay, the United States army was set at the work of extermination. This question of how to deal with the Indians had disturbed the best minds of the nation for years, but this Administration had solved it by simply determining to do right, and in doing it. Instead of the old barbarous expedients, ministers of Christian civilization had been sent among the tribes to gather them into reservations. This policy had already borne excellent results and saved an enormous expenditure of money. But it is alleged that our civil service is corrupt. So it is to some extent, but far less so than State and Municipal Governments all over the land. Tammany is exploded, and shows twenty millions stolen in three years. Chicago has sent half her Aldermen to jail, and today the Legislature of New-York is paralyzed because of the presence of half a dozen corruptionists elected by Republican votes. The service of the Federal Government was never one-hundredth part as corrupt as the State and Municipal Governments; and all corruption in the public service is the natural result of our great war. We have nothing to fear from it, as reaction has already come, and corruption is being swept away in its foaming waves. The arrangement of our foreign affairs by GRANT'S Administration has been equally wise and prudent. When he came into power our relations with the two great Powers, England and Spain, were of the most delicate character, but the nation has been saved from the horrors and disgrace of unnecessary wars. The Treaty of Washington had brought a new principle into Christian government, and that single act was enough honor for one Administration, and it was entitled to equal credit for resisting the national popular clamor and avoiding rupture with Spain. The sympathies of our people, to their honor, went out to Cuban insurgents, but the Government chose to observe international obligations, and is entitled to our thanks for its wise self-control. Senator FERRY then took up the new departure platform of Connecticut Democracy, and reading the panegyric on local self-government, asked when that became Democratic doctrine. Until now Democracy had meant State sovereignty as against the Federal Government, and that doctrine had borne such fruit in blood and tears and agony, until even Connecticut Democracy had learned the lesson and exchanged their old secession doctrine for the Republican theory of local self-government. The Senator, then, taking the resolution declaring emancipation, enfranchisement and equal rights as accepted facts, asked since when? Not in 1865, when every Democratic Legislature voted "No" on the Thirteenth Amendment, nor in 1866, when they voted the same way on the Fourteenth, nor in 1870, when they voted "No" on the great Fifteenth Amendment, which placed American liberty on the sure foundation of the whole people. To all these amendments the Democratic members of the Connecticut Legislature had said no, and to-day they give a negative answer to the proposition to strike the word "white" out of the Constitution of Connecticut, although it is nullified by the Constitution of the United States. This resolution is nothing more than a feeble attempt upon the part of the Democracy to filch the fruits of the Republican policy, and to delude the people into their support by seeming to adopt Republican principles.

Senator FERRY was frequently interrupted by bursts of applause during his address, which occupied about an hour.

The next speaker was Gen. JAMES A. HALL, of Maine, who said:

GEN. HALL'S ADDRESS.

The history of the Republican Party is bright and illustrious, and it affords one who has always belonged to it great satisfaction to review its past career, yet at this time it really needs no defense. Its record outshines that of any political organization of the world, in results going to advance the rights of manhood, not only in this, but every known Government. Every promise it has ever made through its advocates and platforms has been fulfilled to the letter. Can our opponents say as much? Let us see. The last Democratic Administration, by its timidity and want of patriotism, allowed a gigantic rebellion to organize openly, and made no effort to prevent it. Mr. BUCHANAN had the army and navy at his command, with which he could have squelched the very first breath out of secession, had he been so disposed. Is there any one here to deny this statement? Not at all. Was it the duty of Mr. BUCHANAN to use all the powers of the Government to break down the first signs of treason? Most assuredly; for his oath of office required it from his hands. Therefore, having the power in their hands to stop the rebellion; having failed to do so, or even try, are we not justified in arraigning the Democratic Party, and charging it with the consequences of the war? We frankly admit that there were thousands of loyal, patriotic members in the Democratic Party who sustained the war upon the field of battle. Nevertheless, we found them in every Northern State, by speeches and in their newspapers, giving aid and comfort to treason by placing themselves in opposition to the war. They told JEFF DAVIS the fighting would not be along Mason and Dixon's line simply, but here at home in our Northern towns. They told us we never could conquer the South. They rejoiced over Confederate victories, and were not pleased when the Union forces were successful. To what party did every man belong who talked treason, advocated secession, wore the uniform of rebellion, shot loyal men, and fired upon the flag of his country, got up riots to stop the draft, burned school-houses, hanged negroes to lamp-posts, concocted schemes to infect Northern cities with pestilence, and starved Union soldiers in Southern dungeons? To the Democratic Party, every man! Democrats told us bonds would be sold by the cord, and greenbacks by the bushel—that they would not be worth the paper they were printed upon. They told us at Chicago, in 1864, the war had been a failure, and again, in 1868, that the Reconstruction laws of Congress were revolutionary and unconstitutional, which they now adopt as part of their creed. If there is a Democrat here to answer, pray tell me what single declaration your party has made during the past twelve years that has been vindicated. But you say the Republican Party is ruining the country by taxation and misrule. Let us examine the charge, and see if you are any better prophets than in these other statements. Let me state, however, in passing, that every tax today that is at all burdensome is a result of the war inaugurated under Democratic rule, and which a Democratic Administration might have prevented. Now, to answer the charge just stated. Annual taxation has been reduced since the war nearly three hundred million dollars, of which amount eighty million dollars has been taken off under the present Administration, with Democratic Congressmen voting against it. The public debt has been reduced $299,000,000 since March, 1869, when Gen. GRANT came into power. Gold was then at 133; today it is 110, thereby making an immense saving to the laboring men of the country. The expense per capita for managing the Government under BUCHANAN in 1859-60 was $2 07, while the expense per capita under GRANT, after deducting amounts directly chargeable to the war, and reduced to gold basis, is only $1 64½. Five per cent. bonds under BUCHANAN sold for $89 47. Today they sell at par. Need I go further to show which is the better, Republican or Democratic financiering? Then look at these figures:

REPUBLICAN MANGEMENT.

Debt, December, 1869	$2,453,559,735 23
Debt, May, 1871	2,303,575,543 00
Decrease in eighteen months	149,985,192 23
Decrease per month	8,332,677 34
Decrease per week	2,083,169 33
Decrease per day	295,595 61
Decrease per hour	12,399 81
Decrease per minute	206 66
Decrease per second	3 44
Debt per head 1869	64 57
Debt per head 1871	54 00
Decrease per head	$10 57

NEW-YORK CITY DEBT—TAMMANY MANAGEMENT.

Debt December, 1869	$29,342,949 82
Debt May, 1871	81,343,515 00
Increase in eighteen months	52,518,565 18
Increase per month	2,917,698 12
Increase per week	729,424 53
Increase per day	104,203 50
Increase per hour	4,341 81
Increase per minute	72 36
Increase per second	1 20
Debt per head, 1869	32 58
Debt per head, 1871	86 15
Increase per head	53 57

QUERY: If Gen. GRANT'S administration has reduced the public debt $149,985,192 23, while Democracy in New-York increased the City debt $52,518,565 18, how long would it take to pay the national debt if TWEED & Co. should take the place of Mr. BOUTWELL? When, let me ask, was the country in a more prosperous condition? Farmers flourishing as never before. Labor generally profitably employed. With the single exception of ship-building, every branch of industry is prospering; and this interest would have been relieved by Congress in 1868 had a bill for that purpose not been killed by a letter written against the measure, by Mr. HOUGHTON, a large ship-builder, and a leader of Democracy at Bath, Me. By careful computation, taking the average cost of living and price of wages during forty years of Democratic rule, and the same items for the past twelve years under Republican rule, you will find at least twenty-five per cent. in favor of Republicanism. Progress is our motto. Progression has been carved upon every mile-stone along the road over which the Republican Party has advanced. Progress is our motto today. We point to a land saved from ruin; to four millions of men made free; to confidence restored to national securities under the wise management of a Secretary who has had no equal since ALEXANDER HAMILTON. We point to a foreign policy equal to that of any Administration ever known. We point to the present Administration as the first ever strictly in keeping with the Declaration of Independence. An Administration whose Executive led your armies always and finally to victory, Gen. GRANT, who carved with his sword the platform upon which the people forced him to become their President. A soldier whose integrity, love of country, honesty of purpose and military achievements will cause future historians to give his name a place with WASHINGTON, LINCOLN, WELLINGTON and NAPOLEON. If the Republic should cease to exist to-night, history might omit the names of eminent men of the land, but no account of the last decade could omit the name of GRANT. To this record we point with pleasure and with pride. Democrats tell us to forget the past. Well they may. Not a speech made by their leaders, not a newspaper article during the war, affords them any consolation. The only comfort Democracy now seems to have is the little family jar in the Republican Party. Don't feel too good over that, my Democratic friends, for after the masses have had an opportunity to express themselves, you will hear no more of that. There never was a family so well regulated but what there would be now and then a jar. They are generally succeeded by greater family devotion. There is no cause for alarm over disaffection in our own ranks. I have already alluded to that, and only remark, if a Republican contemplates leaving the party now, I am sorry for him. I never saw Republicans more united or zealous than in the New-Hampshire campaign. In Maine we stand better than at any time for five years. In that State there is not a member of the Republican Party, no matter how eminent, that could carry a dozen with him to support the Democracy of the present day. I have discovered the same atmosphere in your own State, and it requires no prophet to tell what the result will be here on the 1st day of April.

JERSEY CITY OFFICIALS.

Trial of the Police Commissioners—Addresses of Counsel—Verdict of Guilty Returned by the Jury.

The trial of the Jersey City Police Commissioners, on the charge of malfeasance in office, was yesterday concluded in the Hudson County Court. Hundreds of interested citizens and friends of the Commissioners were in attendance. The Court met at 10 o'clock, and HERBERT STOUT, commenced the summing up for the State. He said: This case has arisen under peculiar circumstances, and has excited unusual interest; the whole Police Board, including the Chief, are charged with having conspired to defraud the city, by increasing the pay of the Captains beyond the sum specified in the charter; the defendants claim that they had been importuned by the Captains for an advance upon their salaries, which were smaller than those before given, and that they were unable to live on them; the salaries had never been fixed by any resolution, nor had the Captains been appointed for any fixed time, so that in advancing money to them the Board defrauded the city; the names of the Health Inspector, Police Inspector and Chief were also added to those of the Captains. The defendants claimed that returns of these advances were to have been made, but the year was nearly up before any returns were made, and then only upon the finding of the indictment which was being tried.

CHARLES WINFIELD, summed up for the defendants. He said: The charge is, that these Commissioners have paid four men $200 each for defrauding the city; their whole proceedings were open to investigation, and he defied any one to point out anything which was not honest and upright; they were charged with conspiracy, conspiracy meant a combination to do an unlawful act; these men had not done any wrong; it was customary to pay to Assessors at the end of four months their salary for the year, and if there was any fraud, Mayor O'NEILL was guilty in advancing this money; the prosecution would have it understood that this money had been advanced to pay political assessments, but this had been shown not to be so.

Hon. LEON ABBETT continued the argument for the defense, reviewing the ground already gone over. He said he was in doubt sometimes whether he was in a State council, on a political rostrum, or in a court-room; it would almost seem as if the jury was only to register a verdict already found by the public; there was not the slightest evidence to prove any dishonest intention, and there could be no conspiracy where there had been no wrong intention; there had been the customary political contributions, but no word of evidence to support a belief that any one of the defendants had ever used any portion of the money for personal purposes.

Attorney-General GILCHRIST summed up in conclusion for the prosecution. He hoped the jury would not be influenced by outside or political motives, and wished the public to believe that the State had prosecuted for the purposes of persecution. It was not charged that any of the defendants had taken public money for personal uses, but that false entries had been made upon pay-rolls, which had been sworn to. It was not intended that the money should be repaid; it should not have been entered against the city as a half month's pay. It was for the jury to decide as to intentions, whether they had been honest or dishonest.

Judge BEDLE charged the jury that the advances made to the Captains were by common consent of the Commissioners; that to Chief MCWILLIAMS was made in consequence of an arrangement between the Chief and President PRITCHARD. The question was whether these payments were made in consequence of a conspiracy to defraud Jersey City. The defendants claimed that they were merely loans in good faith. If that were the case, the prosecution could not be sustained; but if the motives were to increase the pay beyond what the law allowed, the defendants were guilty.

The jury retired at 4¼ P. M. to consider their verdict, and at 6 o'clock they returned with a verdict of guilty.

The Pennsylvania Legislature Seeking Information About the War Claims.

A special dispatch to the Philadelphia *Inquirer* of yesterday states that the Joint Legislative Committee authorized by the Pennsylvania Legislature to investigate the Evans matter, reached this City on Saturday last, and examined Mr. EVANS under oath, in his room at the New-York Hotel, as he was too ill to be removed from his quarters. The dispatch further states that Mr. JOHN H. GRAHAM, counsel for Mr. EVANS, was present, and that Mr. EVANS acknowledged making a loan to the Auditor-General, HARTRANFT, of $10,000, which was repaid in August last. He swore that no money was paid to KEMBLE or MOON, and denies *in toto* the *Sun* story of the bribed officials at Washington. He had paid to D. C. FORNEY, of the Washington *Chronicle*, $6,000, and to Mr. S. P. BROWN, of Washington, $20,000, out of money earned by him as his commissions; to Dr. JOHN TRIMBLE, of Washington, he had given $6,000 for clerical labor; to Mr. J. R. DUNGLISON he had, in June, 1867, given $2,500, in appreciation of kindness shown by that gentleman in years prior to that date. These were the chief points of the testimony.

A reporter of the TIMES yesterday endeavored to investigate the matter by seeing some of the parties named. He first called upon Mr. JOHN GRAHAM, the lawyer, who denied any connection whatever with the case. On proceeding to the New-York Hotel the reporter found that Mr. EVANS had left early in the morning, and it was presumed had gone to Philadelphia. The clerk of the hotel stated that two or three gentlemen called upon Mr. EVANS on Saturday last, but he thought that they were physicians, and he had not the least idea that they were members of the Pennsylvania Legislature.

OIL AND ERIE.

The Meeting of the Oil Men and the Railways—The South Improvement Company Abandoned—Official Rates Established on a Harmonious Basis—Triumph of the New-York Refineries.

The Executive Committee of the Board of Directors of the Erie Railway met yesterday morning at 10 A. M., for the transaction of general business. The President, Gen. DIX, was in the chair. The only thing of public interest was a resolution offered by Col. STEBBINS, to appoint a committee upon leases, &c., which was adopted. After an hour's labor the Committee adjourned. The Committee on the South Improvement Company, consisting of Gen. MCCLELLAN and Messrs. HULL and RAMSDELL, remained behind to receive the deputation from the oil regions. This comprised the same gentlemen that appeared last Tuesday with an accession of three gentlemen from the New-York Petroleum Association, HENRY H. ROGERS, of the firm of PRATT & Co., oil refiners; JOSIAH LOMBARD, Jr., and T. E. FLEMING—and two refiners from Boston, Mr. VAUGHAN, and Mr. HEYDRICK, of Franklyn, Penn., a producer and refiner, also accompanied the deputation. The following railways were represented: Lake Shore and Michigan Southern by H. F. CLARK; the Erie Railway by Mr. ARCHER; the New-York Central by Mr. WM. H. VANDERBILT; the Atlantic and Great Western by Gen. MCCLELLAN, and the Pennsylvania Central by TOM SCOTT. HENRY HENLEY, the oil agent of the Erie Railway, was then summoned, and the whole assembly went into secret session, the Press being rigidly excluded. There were numerous people idling about the halls and the ante-chambers, evidently interested deeply in what was going on. Among these were Messrs. ROCKAFELLER and WATSON, of the South Improvement Company, who were evidently chagrined at being refused admission. The rumor was buzzed about that TOM SCOTT had turned on the South Improvement Company, and that it was all up with that Association. ROCKAFELLER disappeared looking rather blue, but WATSON, the President, remained. In a little while he was summoned, but emerged in a very few minutes. The reporter of the TIMES understood from a lawyer, who accompanied the oil-region deputation, that the Company had obtained their charter under such circumstances that they could make no fight. The charter was originally obtained from the Legislature at Harrisburg from a speculative individual who wanted to start a Southern land improvement company. Either WATSON or some friend or employe of his bought the charter from the original grantee, and started the present company. The oil men were going to fight their charter in the Supreme Court, and some of them would leave for Washington in a few days to testify concerning the whole matter before a Congressional committee.

From 11 until 6 P. M. the battle raged inside. At 6 o'clock the reporters were sent for, and Col. TOM SCOTT furnished the following official report:

At a meeting between the New-York Central, the Erie, the Pennsylvania Railroads, the Lake Shore and Michigan, Southern and the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad Companies, on the part of the carriers and a joint committee of producers and refiners, of which Dr. GEORGE SHAMBOURG was Chairman, the Committee consisting of the following-named gentlemen, Dr. GEORGE SHAMBOURG, Chairman, Titusville, Producer; Wm. Hassan, Oil City, Producer; Henry Byron, Titusville, Producer; Wm. Parker, Parker's Landing, Producer; John J. Fisher, Oil City, Shipper; J. J. Vandergrift, Oil City, Refiner; A. P. Bennett, Titusville, Refiner; Wm. M. Irish, Rouseville, Refiner; Wm. T. Scheide, Tideout, Shipper; Henry H. Rodgers, New-York, Refiner; F. F. Fleming, New-York, Refiner; Josiah Lombard, Jr., New-York, Refiner; B. Vaughan, Boston, Refiner.

After full discussion it was agreed between the parties: 1. That all arrangements for the shipment of oil from and after this date shall be upon a basis of perfect equality to all shippers, producers and refiners, and that no rebates, drawbacks or other arrangements of any character shall be made or allowed that will give any party the slightest difference in rates or discrimination of any character whatever.

2. That the present rates from Oil City, Union, Corry, Irvineton, Pittsburg, Cleveland and other competing points, shall be and remain in full force at following rates:

ON REFINED OIL, BENZINE, &C.

	Per bbl.
From Oil City, Union, Corry and Irvineton, to Boston	$1 65
From Oil City, Union, Corry and Irvineton, to New-York	1 50
From Oil City, Union, Corry and Irvineton, to Philadelphia	1 35
From Oil City, Union, Corry and Irvineton, to Baltimore	1 35
From Cleveland to Boston	1 15
From Cleveland to New-York	1 50
From Cleveland to Philadelphia	1 15
From Cleveland to Baltimore	1 15
From Pittsburg to New-York	1 50
From Pittsburg to Philadelphia	1 35
From Pittsburg to Baltimore	1 35
From Oil City, Union, Corry and Junction, to Boston	1 50
From Oil City, Union, Corry and Junction, to New-York	1 35
From Oil City, Union, Corry and Junction, to Philadelphia	1 20
From Oil City, Union, Corry and Junction, to Baltimore	1 20
From Oil City, Union, Corry and Junction, to Cleveland	50
From Oil City, Union, Corry and Junction, to Pittsburg	50

And said rates shall not be liable to any change, either for increase or decrease, without first giving to WM. HASSON, President of the Producers' Union, at Oil City, at least ninety days' notice of said contemplated change.

III. In the distribution of cars for the present it shall be done without discrimination.

IV. On the basis as in herebefore stated, the parties respectively agree to carry out the arrangements in good faith, and work for the material interests of each other.

In witness whereof the parties have hereunto affixed their signatures, this 25th day of March, A. D. 1872.

For the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway Company, H. F. Clark, President.

For the Erie Railway Company, O. H. P. Archer, Vice-President.

For the New-York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company, William Vanderbilt, Vice-President.

For the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad Company, Geo. B. McClellan, President.

For the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, Thomas A. Scott, Vice-President.

On behalf of the producers and refiners, G. Shamburg, E. G. Patterson, Wm. Hasson, Henry Byrom, William Parker, John J. Fisher, Oil Creek producers and refiners.

J. J. Valbergrift, A. P. Bennett, William M. Irish, Wm. F. Scherde, Oil City producers and refiners.

Henry N. Rogers, C. Fleming, Josiah Lombard, Jr., New-York refiners.

B. Vaughan, Boston refiner.

The reporter of the TIMES saw several of the Committee subsequently at the Fifth-avenue Hotel, and they stated that there had hardly been any question at all of the South Improvement Company in the matter. The railway men had abandoned it with the coolest indifference. As for themselves, they had refused to recognize Mr. WATSON when he was sent for, and therefore Col. SCOTT had dismissed him with hardly a word. The great fight had been about the fifteen cents difference in the rate of freight between crude and refined petroleum. The oil men from Titusville and thereabouts wanted a reduction to ten cents, which the railways would not grant, and at last the oil men agreed to the fifteen cents. This is of course highly advantageous to the New-York refiners, as it gives them the power to load vessels with petroleum for foreign use just five cents cheaper than any other refining city. The conclusion is highly satisfactory to everybody. The railways have abrogated an infamous contract, the bubble of a questionable company has been pricked, a clog has been taken from one of our greatest productive industries, and the New-York refineries have come out triumphantly. All's well that ends well.

Fortunate Holders of Erie Stock.

Nothing is so uncertain as the stock market—except the weather—and Erie shares, after having gone down a little on Saturday, reacting, apparently, from the higher prices of the early part of the week, again went steadily up yesterday from the opening to the close of the market, touching 59 before 4 o'clock. There was a consequent excitement on "the Street" and the transactions were very heavy and numerous.

Several fortunate ventures were reported yesterday on Wall-street. One lucky speculator was a telegraph office messenger-boy. On Saturday he persuaded a gentleman, who has rather more capital than himself, to advance him some money, which he invested in Erie. Yesterday he sold out at a profit of $1,500. A gentleman who sailed for Havana last week bought 1,000 shares of Erie before his departure. Yesterday he telegraphed by cable to his broker to sell out, clearing $25,000. It was rumored also that a country store-keeper in a town on the Hudson had netted $34,000 on an investment in Erie.

A Very Persistent Suitor—Alimony the Object.

A motion was made yesterday before Judge CARDOZO, in Supreme Court, Chambers, in the case of MARY O. THOMAS *vs.* GEORGE W. THOMAS, to commit the latter to Loudlow-street Jail for contempt of Court, he having failed, as alleged, to pay $1,200 due to plaintiff as alimony under the order of the Court. It appeared that in 1866 plaintiff commenced the suit to obtain a divorce from the defendant, which has never since been brought to trial. Alimony was awarded to plaintiff at the rate of $5 per week, subsequently increased to $10 by an order of Judge INGRAHAM, and under which order the $1,200 is now claimed to be due. Plaintiff avers in her affidavit that defendant has avowed his purpose not to pay this alimony; that she has followed him from place to place, and he has always moved from one city to another to avoid her; that he is now engaged in carrying out the enterprise known as the "Grand Fire Relief Concert," in aid of the sufferers of the North-west, and "although the enterprise is a humbug and a swindle, as deponent truly believes, yet defendant is rapidly realizing large profits therefrom; that defendant resides in Eighth-avenue, with another woman, whom, with her two grown-up children, he supports in elegant style."

The defendant presented through his counsel an affidavit, setting forth that the charge was false; that it was not the intention of plaintiff to bring the case to trial, but to hold it over him as a means of persecution; that she has followed him from this City to Pennsylvania, and thence to Chicago, and persecuted and annoyed him so that he had been compelled to move out of her reach; that he has no property, having lost all in the Chicago fire, and that whatever business he is carrying on now is with funds not his own. He also denies the allegation that he supports any other woman. Judge CARDOZO took the papers in the case and reserved his decision. J. JULIUS LANGHEIN for motion; JOHN J. TOWNSEND opposed.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

Important Propositions of the Committee of Seventy-Five.

The Committee of Seventy-five met last evening, and United States District-Attorney TRACY offered an amendment to the proposed City Charter for a redistricting of the wards so as to reduce them to ten in number in the following manner: The First to consist of the present Second, Fifth and part of the Sixth Wards; the Second of the Third, Fourth and remainder of Sixth; the Third of the Twelfth, Eighth and part of the Tenth; the Fourth of the Eleventh and part of the Ninth; the Fifth of the Twenty-second and the Tenth, between Fulton-avenue and Wyckoff-street; the Sixth of the Seventh and Twentieth; the Seventh of the Twenty-first and part of the Ninth; the Eighth, of the Thirteenth, Fifteenth and Nineteenth; the Ninth of the Fourteenth and Seventeenth, and the Tenth of the Sixteenth and Eighteenth. By this arrangement the Republicans will be better represented in the Board. It now stands fifteen to seven against them. The amendment also provides that there shall be two Aldermen for each ward with fewer than 50,000 residents, and three for each with over that number. No action was taken on the proposition last evening. Alderman RICHARDSON introduced a resolution, which was adopted, for a committee to be appointed to inquire into the probable cost of carrying through proceedings under a writ of quo warranto, with a view to ejecting all persons from office who hold the same through the operation of the 11,000 illegal votes cast at the last election.

The Kings County Supervisors.

The Supervisors, yesterday, tabled a resolution recommending the Legislature to pass a bill for the erection of an armory building to accommodate the Thirteenth, Fourteenth and Twenty-third Regiments; but adopted a resolution requesting that body to delay further legislation on the subject until the propriety of establishing all three regiments under a single roof can be fully examined. The Court-house Committee was instructed to sell at public auction on the 4th of April the buildings on the County property east and west of the Court-house, bounded by Joralemon, Fulton, Boerum and Livingston streets. The proceeds of the sale are to be devoted to the improvement of the ground, and its conversion into a public park until required by the county for the erection of new buildings. An act is now pending before the Legislature providing for this same measure, but it will be superfluous in view of the resolution of the Supervisors.

The Brooklyn Aldermen.

At the meeting of the Board of Aldermen, yesterday afternoon, a communication was received from the Mayor vetoing the resolution exempting street-car passengers from the payment of fares when they are not provided with seats. A petition was received from about 600 residents on the line of Fulton-avenue, asking that the Brooklyn City Railroad Company be obliged to increase the number of cars on their road. The Street Commissioner was directed to procure a new conveyance for carrying Penitentiary prisoners. A resolution was adopted directing the City Treasurer to require the banks in which the city funds are deposited to pay hereafter four instead of three per cent. interest.

The End of the Pavement Assessment War.

A bill has been prepared, to be forwarded to the Legislature, providing for a settlement of the patent pavement assessment difficulty, which has been before the people and the Courts so much during the past year. The bill provides that two-thirds of the cost of the improvements be assessed upon the property-holders interested, and the City will assume the remaining third. The entire cost has been $1,321,547 80, and the streets upon which it was incurred are, Atlantic, Portland, Flatbush and Fulton avenues and Columbia, Cumberland, Henry, Joralemon, Montague, Pierrepont, Schermerhorn and Smith streets and First-place.

Brief Items.

There were two more deaths from spotted fever yesterday.

Another mad dog was shot, yesterday afternoon, in Fulton-avenue.

BRIDGET MCKINNEY, a dissipated woman, of No. 536 Myrtle-avenue, was found dead in her bed yesterday morning.

A notorious Nineteenth Ward rough, known as "Red" HAGGERTY, was arrested yesterday, charged a brutal assault on two men in Myrtle-avenue.

There were last week 106 cases of small-pox, forty-three of scarlet fever, fifty-one of typhoid fever, and twenty-two of spotted fever, reported to the Health Officer.

Yesterday morning two teams and two wagons, loaded with dirt to fill in a pond at the corner of Fifth-avenue and Degraw-street, were backed into the water, and the horses, four in number, were drowned.

The case of The People *ex rel.* DOUGLAS *vs.* FOSTER, involving the dispute as to which of the parties was elected Alderman of the Eleventh Ward, came up for trial yesterday in the Supreme Court, before Judge GILBERT, and will probably be concluded today.

"My Rough-and-Tumble Experience in California" is the title of a new lecture, by Rev. T. DE WITT TALMAGE, to be delivered at the Brooklyn Tabernacle this evening for the benefit of the Tabernacle Free College. This excellent institution, now fully established, is doing good work in instructing the men and women of Brooklyn, of all denominations, in "the art of doing good."

The Morro Castle Encounters Stormy Weather—Vote of Thanks to Capt. Curtis.

The steam-ship *Morro Castle*, of the Atlantic Mail Steam-ship Company's line, Capt. T. S. CURTIS, which sailed from this port for Havana, via Nassau, on the 7th inst., encountered very stormy weather on her outward voyage, in which the sailing qualities of the ship were put to a severe test. The waves carried away portions of the paddle-boxes and damaged the wheels to some extent, but did no material injury.

Just before reaching Havana, the passengers held a meeting on board, to express their high appreciation of the personal character of Capt. CURTIS, his skillful seamanship and constant vigilance, and his courtesy and regard for the comfort and well-being of the passengers under his charge. Capt. CURTIS has no reason to complain of the stormy weather, which enabled him to prove so conclusively his sterling qualities as a seaman, and to win such decided and hearty expressions of appreciation and approval. He was lately, as our readers may remember, the recipient of a handsome gold watch, from the grateful excursionists whom he brought safely home from Havana, through one of the most severe storms of the Winter.

The Bianco Case—A Further Adjournment Granted.

The case of CARL VOGT, the alleged murderer of Chevalier DU BOIS DE BIANCO, in Brussels, was again before Justice HOGAN, at the Tombs, for examination yesterday. Assistant District-Attorney SULLIVAN, on the part of the prosecution, stated that Mr. CHAS. MALI, the Belgian Consul, had been requested to ascertain definitely whether the witness to identify VOGT had actually left for this country. The Consul had therefore sent the following dispatch by cable:

NEW-YORK, March 22.

Minister of Foreign Affairs, Brussels:

Has witness actually left? MALI.

And received the following reply:

BRUSSELS, March 23, 1872.

Consul Belge, New-York:

Witness has left. D'ASPREMONT.

Upon the strength of this dispatch Mr. SULLIVAN asked that the examination be postponed until the foreign witness should arrive. After an argument against the delay made by the counsel for the prisoner, the Magistrate decided to adjourn the case until next Saturday, and if the witness had not arrived by that time, a motion for another adjournment would be entertained.

During the proceedings the following letter, received on Saturday last by Mr. MALI, was read:

JERSEY CITY, March 22, 1872.

HONORED SIR: Having two years ago paid a visit to Brussels, I made the acquaintance of Baron DU BOIS DE BIANCO. I am inclined to give you all the information which I possess in regard to this murder. The Baron possessed a chateau near Cologne, called "Chateau Harbelle," which he visited regularly every year, leaving Brussels about the 1st of October, and remaining for three months. The woman whom he left in charge of this property was married some years ago, with the Baron's knowledge, to a German named JOSEPH STUPP, pronounced as if it was spelt Stoop, he thinking she had money. Two years ago the Baron, discovering that this man STUPP was a spendthrift and worthless, discharged him, and he came to Brussels and goes to law with the Baron. He asserted that he promised to give him property provided he would marry the Baron's housekeeper. But the Baron swore positively in Court, in 1869, that he had never made any such promise, and consequently STUPP was without home and means to live. There is but little doubt in my mind that CARL VOGT is no other than the man STUPP, and the murderer and robber of the late Baron DU BOIS DE BIANCO.

J. HENDERSON.

Since the receipt of the above every effort has been made to discover the whereabouts of HENDERSON, and to secure his attendance at the examination, but thus far without success.

NEW-YORK AND SUBURBAN NEWS.

NEW-YORK.

Yesterday HERSCH BERNSTEIN, editor of the *Hat Safe*, was arrested for libeling, by MOSES ARONSON, a Rabbi.

At a late hour last evening a general fight took place in the lager-beer saloon No. 613 Third-avenue. The whole party were arrested.

A fire occurred, yesterday, in the residence of Mr. DAVID DEMOREST, No. 65 West Fifty-third-street. Damage $1,000: insured.

A. T. STEWART had his entire establishment, consisting of 800 persons, vaccinated by the Health Department's Inspectors yesterday.

CHARLES SPIES, aged thirteen, had his right hand badly lacerated by being caught in the machinery at the bakery No. 265 East Tenth-street, yesterday.

In the Yorkville Police Court, yesterday, PATRICK COUGHLIN was committed for breaking into the liquor-store No. 419 Third-avenue, on Sunday night.

HENRY STEWART, residing at No. 79 Sullivan-street, was locked up at Jefferson Market, yesterday, on a charge of beating his wife in a brutal manner.

The water in the upper aqueducts of Croton River being so unusually low, the City authorities have withdrawn all the water from the Park ponds.

A subcommittee to investigate the validity of the issue of Georgia bonds under Gov. BULLOCK'S administration will arrive in this City about the middle of April.

A meeting will be held at the Produce Exchange to-morrow, probably, to decide whether to adjourn over from Thursday to Saturday, the intervening day being Good Friday.

THOMAS FOSTER and JAMES FITZSIMMONS, who knocked down DENIS GARVIN, of No. 511 East Sixteenth-street, and attempted to rob him, were held yesterday at Essex Market in default of $500 bail.

Yesterday morning burglars attempted to rob the premises No. 447 Broome-street and No. 485 Broadway, and had secured five cases of goods, when the Police appeared, and the thieves decamped.

The Marschner Maennerchor, a German vocal organization, gave its second annual ball, and the Ceres Frauen Verein, a German woman's benevolent society, gave an annual masquerade last evening.

At Jefferson Market, yesterday, MATILDA MCARALE, a domestic, was committed for trial, on a charge of stealing $45 worth of clothing from her employer, Mrs. SARAH J. COLLIS, of No. 335 West Nineteenth-street.

PAUL PARALA, a workman in the machine-shop of FELIX MARTINA, No. 43 Greene-street, while placing a leather belt upon a pulley yesterday, had his right arm torn off, by its being caught between the belt and the shaft.

"Old and New Teachers in Sunday Work," will be the subject of a lecture this evening by Rev. H. VINCENT, D. D., at the Night College for Christian Workers, Forty-third-street, near Madison-avenue.

In the Court of Oyer and Terminer, yesterday, the Grand Jury handed in, among others, an indictment against EMMA R. COUCH and JOSEPH SMITH for an attempt to extort money from Rev. Dr. CARTER, by sending threatening letters.

In the case of PHILLIP WILKIE, recently found guilty, in the Court of General Sessions, of murder in the second degree, and sentenced for life to the State Prison, Judge CARDOZO, yesterday, allowed a writ of error, but refused to grant a stay.

At the meeting of the Methodist preachers' yesterday, Rev. Mr. PULMANN, of Sixty-first-street Church, read an essay on "The articles of religion, and their general rules in connection with church membership." There was a very large attendance.

The Committee of Arrangements for celebrating the anniversary of the Fifteenth Amendment, held a meeting last evening, and decided upon the route of the procession. Mr. HAWKINS was appointed Grand Marshal. About fifty different societies have signified their willingness to attend.

Thirty patrolmen were yesterday brought before Commissioners BOSWORTH and BARR, charged with violations of the rules. Patrolman MICHAEL BARRY, of the Sixteenth Precinct, was recommended to be dismissed and Patrolman JAMES L. HENRY, of the same precinct, was mulcted five days' pay.

The funeral of Mr. FRANCIS M. BABCOCK, merchant, took place yesterday from St. George's Church, in Stuyvesant-square. The ceremonies were conducted by the father of the deceased, assisted by Rev. S. H. TYNG. The funeral was very largely attended by friends and relatives, to Green-Wood Cemetery.

At an early hour yesterday, PETER WOODS, in company with two other men, forced their way into the house of Mrs. CATHARINE MULANE, No. 447 First-avenue, and attempted to violate and rob her. She resisted and was badly beaten by WOODS, who was arrested in the evening. Mrs. MULANE was sent to Bellevue Hospital.

Yesterday was a busy day at Castle Garden, five of the overdue European steamers having arrived, bringing altogether 2,285 emigrants, as follows: *Minnesota*, Liverpool, on the 6th, 309; *Humboldt*, Havre, on the 1st, 216; *Thuringia*, Hamburg, on the 9th, 792; *Cuba*, Liverpool, on the 9th, 333; *Rhein*, Bremen, 635. Several other steamers are yet overdue.

Yesterday the Feast of the Annunciation was observed in all the Catholic churches of the City by appropriate religious services. At St. Patrick's Cathedral masses were celebrated the same as on Sunday. There was no sermon at the high mass at 10½, and the *Gloria* and Nicene Creed being omitted, according to the Rubric, the services were necessarily much shorter than usual.

Mr. HIRAM HITCHCOCK read a paper last evening on the recent art discoveries in the island of Cypress, before a large audience in the Metropolitan Museum of Art, Fifth-avenue. The Executive Committee have decided to open the art gallery of the museum to students of art for copying purposes, on Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays, from 9 o'clock A. M. to 12 o'clock M.

STATEN ISLAND.

The Staten Island Shore Railroad Company has twenty horses laid up with the new disease.

The Episcopal and R. C. Churches will be opened nearly every day through the week. At the Church of the Ascension, West Brighton, Rev. Dr. IRVING, the services are named for Wednesday, 5 P. M., Thursday, 10½ A. M. and 8 P. M., Friday, 8 P. M., and Saturday, 5 P. M.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

The twenty-four towns of Westchester County hold their elections today for the choice of town officers for the ensuing year. It is expected that the contest will be unusually exciting. The Republicans last year elected eleven Supervisors of the twenty-four, and hope now, by a little extra effort, to secure a majority in the Board.

NEW-JERSEY.

The old Seacaucus race-course is to be reopened.

The will of CALEB H. CAMP, representing $18,000, was yesterday admitted to probate in Essex County.

CHAS. THORN, a brakeman on the Morris and Essex Railroad, was crushed between two cars on Sunday evening, and was instantly killed.

RYAN and HENLEY, the two men who stabbed JOHN GILL on Thursday morning last, have been arrested and lodged in jail at Paterson. Their victim is still lying at his house in a critical condition.

JOHN W. PRATT, a merchant, formerly well known in Jersey City and Brooklyn, was run over by a Western bound train at Waverly, N. J., yesterday morning, and was instantly killed. The employes of the railroad company took his body in charge, removing it to Newark.

Tweed, Hall, and Sweeny—Cooke's Designs Unknown.

A number of WILLIAM HENNESSEY COOKE'S friends, who were visited yesterday, were unable to say that they had seen him, and he still keeps himself carefully secluded from the public. The rumor of his appearance in the interests of TWEED was extensively circulated and very generally credited. That which said he had returned to the City to turn State's evidence was scouted by those who knew him well, and a suggestion that he came back to receive punishment in atonement for his crime was ridiculed as not being consistent with his character.

Intimate friends of TWEED and SWEENY say that these worthies have lost all the political ambition they ever possessed, and like JEFFERSON DAVIS, in the "last ditch," only want "to be let alone." Neither of the two men make any secret of their whereabouts, and can be found generally at their residences in the evening. SWEENY sometimes makes short trips out of town.

Owing to the absence from the City of Mr. TREMAIN, whose presence is needed in consultation, no active steps have been yet taken by Attorney-General BARLOW and his assistants in the arrangements for another trial of Mayor HALL.

Committee of Seventy—The City Charter.

Hon. WILLIAM F. HAVEMEYER, the Chairman of the Committee of Seventy, was in his place last evening at the meeting of that body. The session was comparatively short but earnest, and the announcement, made from information received, that the different City Departments had subscribed $60,000 to defeat the charter at Albany, did not disconcert the members in the least. Every member of the Committee who spoke, whether Democrat or Republican, expressed himself confident of the passage of the charter, substantially as it was submitted to the Legislature by the Committee last evening. Hon. Edward Saloman, Hon. John Wheeler, Simon Sterne, Esq., Joseph Blumenthal, Esq., and Charles Watrous, Esq., the gentlemen of the Committee who have given special attention to reform legislation for this City, left for Albany, and will be in the Senate Chamber today when the charter comes up for consideration. The following resolution was adopted by the General Committee:

Resolved, That the Committee on Frauds be requested to petition the Common Council of this City, in the name of the Committee of Seventy, to appoint a joint Special Committee, whose duty it shall be to fully investigate all frauds and alleged irregularities in the several Departments of the City and County Government, with power to send for persons and papers.

At the adjournment of the General Committee the Committee on Elections was convened. The members of this Committee are: Joseph H. Choate, Chairman; Jackson S. Schultz, Isaac H. Baily, Charles Watrous, Benjamin B. Sherman, John Wheeler, Joseph Blumenthal, Wm. C. Barrett, Edward Cooper and Simon Sterne. The first five are Republicans, and the latter five are Democrats. By a rule of the General Committee, the Chairman and Vice-Chairman are members *ex-officio* of each Committee, so that the above Committee is complete by the addition of Hon. WM. F. HAVEMEYER and JAMES N. BROWN, Esq.

German Reformers.

The Tenth Assembly District (German) Reform Association met last evening, at No. 46 Avenue A. The question of uniting the four Assembly Districts, viz.: Eighth, Tenth, Twelfth and Fourteenth, comprising the Sixth Senatorial District, for the purposes of reform was discussed. A Committee was appointed to carry out the arrangements for the union of the German Reform Association with the Council of Political Reform, after which the meeting adjourned.

[Advertisement.]

"Scrofula and all Scrofulous Affections relieved by taking Cod Liver Oil." HAZARD & CASWELL'S Cod Liver Oil is preferred by physicians.

[Advertisement.]

ARRESTED.—Every gentleman of taste, in making his way down Broadway, is peremptorily arrested, or rather his attention is captured, at No. 212, by the beauty of KNOX'S Spring style of hats. Where are the Police?

[Advertisement.]

A sure remedy for the constant loss of life by kerosene accidents is to use nothing but DENSLOW & BUSH'S Premium Oil, which cannot explode. No. 130 Maiden-lane.

[Advertisement.]

Hundreds of lives and millions of property would be saved by the universal use of PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL. Neither accidents nor fires have ever been traced to its use.

Passengers Arrived.

In steam-ship Cuba, from Liverpool—Dr. Marsdon, Mr. Collis, servant, and 2 lady friends, Miss Briscoe, Miss Simmonds, Mr. Orbistorn, George Smith, W. Stanfen, W. Stanfen, Jr., Mr. Bingmann, Mr. Thouwitt, D. W. Ramsdell and lady, Mr. Wilkinson, F. H. Carter, Victor Fletcher, Mr. Buchars, Mr. Cunningham, Mrs. H. Brevoort, Miss Chevet, Miss Furguson, Miss Glasskin, Mr. Furkison, Miss Mahoney, E. S. Barlow, Joshua Wright, F. L. Grant, E. J. Care, Thos. Winter, Henry Gow, James Gow, J. B. Lygo, Mr. Sourvenir, W. Burchill, E. Quesnel, B. Moses, Mr. Grezimcial, Mr. Andrews, Mr. Kaup, Mr. Taylor, Jr., Mr. Chappell, W. Rappael and lady, J. Gray, J. R. W. Fothergill, Mr. Britten, Mr. McCalleran, Mr. Ronald, J. Pitt, A. Thomas, J. Jones, J. Poleiff, E. T. Phipson, H. D. Harrison and lady, J. H. Gibb and servant, J. S. Davies, Cyrus W. Field, Mr. Coaston, J. R. McKenzie, E. C. Donnelly, L. Barrett, E. Berger, Mr. Strauss, John Sloan and lady, Mr. Jones, D. F. Brown, Mrs. Hay, Miss Brown, Mrs. Foy Reszire, Charles M. Kohlnsuat, Mr. Sellers.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises.....5:54 | Sun sets......6:18 | Moon rises..8:10

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook..8:32 | Gov. Island..9:21 | Hell Gate..10:43

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....MONDAY, March 25.

Cleared.

Steam-ships Chas. Comstock, Drake, Philadelphia, J. & N. Briggs; Vulcan, Wilcox, Philadelphia; Philadelphia, Jones, Philadelphia; Franconia, Bragg, Portland.

Ship Resolute, Nickels, Callao, Dockendorff & Co.

Barks Idea, (Ital.,) Rommano, Genoa, Fabbri & Chauncey; St. Peter Curtis, Montevideo for orders, Evans, Ball & Co; Maggie M, (Br.,) Mitchell, Matanzas, Heney & Co.; Gertrude, Carlisle, Portland.

Brigs Lucy W. Snow, Hall, Matanzas, H. P. Brown, Jr.; George Burnham, Staples, Matanzas, James E. Ward & Co.; Amelia Emma, Carlin, Matanzas, Walsh, Field & Way; Mercedes, (Br.,) Hill, Cienfuegos, J. & G. Fowler; Agenora, White, Montevideo for orders, W. H. T. Hughes.

Schrs. Ontario, (Br.,) Manley, Point-a-Pitre, P. I. Nevius & Co.; Geo. Washington, Sherlock, Baracoa, E. Puig; Henry Nickerson, Whittemore, Baltimore, Wm. Chalmers; Bay State, Crocker, Boston, C. Twing; Rattler, Baker, Gloucester; M. E. Averill, Smith, New-Haven; Evelyn, Burger, Stamford; N. Bloomfield, Hobbie, Stamford.

Arrived.

Steam-ship Holland, (Br.,) Bragg, Liverpool Jan. 6, and Queenstown 7th, with mdse. and 416 passengers to F. W. J. Hurst. Experienced heavy westerly and southerly gales. March 13, lat. 47 09, lon. 32 18, exchanged signals with ship Villa Franca, from Newport, Eng., for New-York; 16th, lat. 43 59, lon. 46 47, passed an Anchor line steam-ship bound E.

Steam-ship Rhein, (N. G.,) Meyer, Bremen March 9, via Southampton 12th, with mdse. and 721 passengers to Oelrichs & Co. Had strong westerly gales the entire passage; March 23, lat. 41 28 lon. 64 12, passed bark Albertina, (Br.,) from Acera for Boston.

Steam-ship Manhattan, Woodhull, Charleston 23d inst., with mdse. and passengers to Henry R. Morgan & Co.

Steam-ship Wm. P. Clyde, Scott, Richmond, City Point and Norfolk, with mdse. to Washington & Co.

Ship St. Albans, (of St. John, N. B.,) Pike, Iloilo Oct. 18, with sugar to J. C. Rogers & Co.—vessel to Peabody, Willis & Co. Passed Anjier Dec. 2, Cape of Good Hope Jan. 16; crossed the equator Feb. 15 in lon. 34; had moderate weather up to March 15, when in lat. 29, lon. 70, experienced a heavy gale from S. W. to N. W., lasting 24 hours; lost and split sails; from thence had a succession of S. W. and N.W. gales; has been 9 ds. N. of Hatteras.

Ship Dunedin, (of Glasgow,) McMillan, Manila Nov. 16, with mdse. to J. W. Elwell & Co.

Bark Casco, Penny, Old Harbor, Jam., 26 ds., with log-wood to S. D. Cordova—vessel to Cartwright & Harrison. Has been 7 ds. N. of Hatteras, with N. E. gales.

Bark J. A. Borland, Baker, Marseilles 87 ds., with mdse. to Boyd & Hincken—vessel to S. W. Lewis. Made the southern passage, and had fine weather up to lat. 30, from thence N. W. and N. E. gales. Passed Gibraltar Jan. 30. Has been 12 ds. W. of Bermuda.

Bark Haken Jarle, (Nor.,) Mathiesen, London 64 ds., with mdse. to order—vessel to Funch, Edye & Co. Made the northern passage; had N. W. and westerly gales the entire passage; has been 25 ds. W. of the Banks, and 10 W. of Nantucket, with N. W. gales and snow; had 4 of the crew badly frost-bitten.

Bark St. Pauli, (N. G.,) Droescher, Hong Kong 130 ds., with mdse. to Olyphant & Co.—vessel to Funch, Edye & Co. Passed the Cape of Good Hope Jan. 8, arr. at St. Helena Jan. 22; sld. 23; crossed the equator Feb. 10; in lon. 30, Jan. 5 and 6, off Algoa Bay, had a heavy gale from W. N. W., lasting 48 hours, during which sprung mainmast; got the N. E. trades in lat. 2 N, and lost them in 15 N; from thence to lat 27 N., lon. 63 W., had calms and light winds; then a succession of strong S. W. and N. gales; sprung both lower topsail yards.

Bark Fantur, (of Dublin,) Carey, Aquilla 47 ds., with salt to G. Wessels—vessel to master. Was 38 ds. N. of Hatteras with a succession of S. W. and N. W. gales, lost and split sails, stove bulwarks, &c. March 11, lat. 35, lon. 68, passed the wreck of a vessel, bottom up, apparently a large ship.

Bark Evening Star, (of Turk's Island,) Click, Guantanamo 20 ds., with sugar, &c., and 5 passengers to Moses Taylor & Co.—vessel to Waydell & Co. Was 9 ds. N. of Hatteras with strong N. W. and N. E. gales; lost and split sails; the crew were badly frost-bitten.

Bark Ethan Allen, (of Boston,) Seavey, Old Harbor, Jam., 20 ds., with logwood to S. De Cordova—vessel to S. C. Loud & Co. Had a succession of N. and N. W. gales most of the passage; has been 9 ds. N. of Hatteras.

Bark Josie Mildred, (of Boston,) Guin, Cardenas 11 ds., with sugar to Drexel, Morgan & Co.—vessel to James E. Ward & Co. Had moderate weather up to Hatteras, thence 5 ds. with strong N. E. and N. W. gales.

Bark James Welsh (of Belize,) Hammond, Martinique, 32 ds. with sugar to T. T. & F. A. Dwight & Co. Had Winter weather. Left in port brig Monto Christi discharging.

Brig H. B. Emery, (of Boston,) Small, Zara 25 ds., with sugar to Latasa & Co.—vessel to Miller & Houghton. Had strong N. E. and N. W. gales the entire passage; started cargo between deck; was 15 ds. N. of Hatteras.

Brig Eledona, (of Halifax,) Morris, Cienfuegos 16 ds., with sugar and molasses to Tucker & Lightbourne—vessel to J. F. Whitney & Co. Was 8 ds. N. of Hatteras, with strong N. N. W. and N. W. gales.

Brig Daisy Boynton, (of Eastport,) Petterson, Cardenas 14 ds., with sugar to Young, Smith & Co.—vessel to J. Boynton, Son & Co. Was 10 ds. N. of Hatteras, with strong N. and N. W. gales.

Brig Rhone, (of Halifax,) McDougall, Messina Dec. 20, via Long Island Sound, with fruit to John E. Devlin & Co.—vessel to J. F. Whitney & Co.

Schr. Broadfield, Britton, St. Andrews, N. B., 16 ds., with lumber to John Boynton's Son & Co.

Schr. Mary Tice, Dunham, New-Haven, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Daniel Morris, Manson, New-Haven, for Port Johnson.

Schr. Dwight Davidson, Smith, New-Haven, for Virginia.

Schr. Commerce, Torry, Rockland, with lime to Candee & Pressey.

Schr. Charles F. Mayo, Smith, Providence, for Virginia.

Schr. Bengal, French, Rockland, with lime to J. R. Brown.

Schr. Robert Palmer, Welton, Pensacola 15 ds., with lumber to W. A. Parks—vessel to C. H. Mallory & Co.

Schr. H. T. Hedges, Franklin, Orient, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Addie Felicia, Elliott, New-Haven.

Schr. Veranda, Baker, New-Haven, for Virginia.

Schr. Breeze, Cranmer, Georgetown, D. C.

Schr. Laura Robinson, Robinson, New-Bedford.

Schr. Jacob Keinzle, Stephens, Virginia.

Schr. L. H. Hopkins, Freeman, Virginia.

Schr. L. A. Rose, Rose, Virginia.

Schr. W. W. Pharo, Collins, Baltimore.

Schr. Harry Landell, Taylor, Virginia.

Schr. Lizzie, Scull, Virginia.

Schr. F. A. Pike, Holmes, New-Haven.

Schr. Old Zack, Beebe, New-Haven.

Schr. J. D. Buckalew, Bradley, New-Haven.

Schr. Silas Brainard, Buell, New-Haven.

Schr. M. M. Hamilton, ——, New-Haven.

Schr. Wm. Donnelly, Lynch, New-Haven.

Schr. Edward Lindsley, Hill, New-Haven.

Schr. Margaret Kennedy, Ball, Greenport.

Schr. M. J. Fisher, Lawrence, New-Bedford.

Schr. Raven's Wing, York, Stonington.

Schr. Pacific, Ginn, New-Bedford.

Schr. Saratoga, Weeks, Providence.

Schr. Senator, Franklin, Boston.

Schr. Nightingale, Beebe, Orient.

Schr. B. D. Pitts, Vail, New-Haven.

Schr. Iris, Baker, Harwich.

WIND—Sunset, light S. E.; cloudy.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, March 25.—Arr. steamer America, from Philadelphia; brigs Ellie E. Butler, from Ponce; Glendale, from Galveston; schr. Abbie Bursley, from Galveston.

Arr., this P. M., steamers William Crane, from Baltimore, and Seminole, from Savannah; ship Criterion from Mobile; ship Volunteer, from Iloilo.

CHARLESTON, S. C., March 25.—Arr. steamer Falcon, from Baltimore; schr. Frank Hemlea, from Norfolk.

FORTRESS MONROE, Va., March 25.—Passed in for Baltimore, schr. Susan, from Ponce, P. R.

LEWES, Del., March 25.—Sld. bark Anna, from Matanzas, for New-York.

Arr. barks Mariana V., from Lisbon; F. Reck, from Bremen, for Philadelphia.

NEW-ORLEANS, March 21.—Arr. steam-ship St. Louis, from New-York; sld. Cortes, for New-York.

SAVANNAH, Ga., March 25.—Arr. steam-ships Oriental, from Boston; Wyoming, from Philadelphia; ship Universe, from Liverpool; schrs. Hector, from Boston; Lilias, from New-York.

Cld. barks Guttenberg, for Bremen; Ocean, for Philadelphia, in ballast; schrs. Charles Moorford, for New-York; Frederick W. Spofford, for Baltimore; Maggie Mulvy, for Philadelphia.

VINEYARD HAVEN, March 25.—Arr., bark Sarah, from Buenos Ayres Dec. 24, Montevideo 29th, for Boston. Had heavy northerly gales; no damage; on the 16th inst., in lat. 37 45, lon. 69 40, boarded bark India, of Olenburg, 120 ds. from Rotterdam, for New-York, with jibboom and rudder gone; vessel tight; no provisions or water; supplied her with water, but had no provisions to spare.

Also arr., schr. Margaret Reinhart, from Philadelphia, for Boston.

Sld. all before reported, excepting the arrivals of this morning and bark Fleetwing, brigs Mary Olivia, John Balch and Ida C.; and schrs. Terrapin, Charlotte Fish, J. B. Vanduzen, Pangussett, C. W. Holt and Charles T. Verges.

Spoken, &c.

March 9, by bark J. A. Borland, in lat. 23 30, lon. 76 spoke bark Ellen Sands, of Bath, from Antwerp, for Satella River, 90 ds. out.

Feb. 7, by ship St. Albans, in lat. 7 16, lon. 26 35, spoke ship Northampton, (Br.,) from London, for Sidney, N. S. W.

March 11, by bark Ethan Allen, in lat. 27, lon. 70, spoke brig L. W. Eaton, from Cienfuegos, for Boston.

March 18, by brig Rhone, in lat. 33 43, lon. 71 13, spoke brig Jouvert, hence for Caibarien.

Foreign Ports.

HAVANA, March 25.—The bark Arizona has arr. from Marseilles. Also brig Don Quixotte and brig Five Brothers, from Liverpool.

ASPINWALL, U. S. C., March 24.—Arr. March 9, steam-ship Bienville, from New-York; March 10, Rising Star, from New-York; March 10, schr. Joseph Kelly, from New-York; March 14, bark Berwick, from New-York.

Sld. March 8, steam-ship Ocean Queen, for New-York.

OLD HARBOR, Jam., March 5.—In port, schr. Hattie Ellen, for Philadelphia in 5 ds.

GUANTANAMO, March 5.—In port, schr. Nillson, for New-York March 5; brig Keystone, just arr.

European Marine News.

QUEENSTOWN, March 25.—The Williams & Guion steam-ship Nevada, Capt. Forsyth, from New-York March 13, for Liverpool, and the Inman steam ship City of Antwerp, Capt. Eynon, from New-York, March 14, for Liverpool, both arrived here yesterday, the former at 11 A. M., the latter at 4½ P. M.

PLYMOUTH, March 25.—The Hamburg-American steamship Westphalia, Capt. Swensen, from New-York March 14, arrived at this port yesterday at 11½ A. M., and afterward proceeded to Hamburg.

SOUTHAMPTON, March 25.—The North German Lloyd steam-ship Ohio, Capt. Basse, from Baltimore March 10, for Bremen, touched at this port on Saturday.

LONDONDERRY, March 25.—The Anchor line steamship Britannia, Capt. Higgins, from New-York March 9, for Glasgow, arr. in this harbor this morning.

LONDON, March 25.—The Allan line steam-ship Austrian, Capt. Brown, from Baltimore March 5, has arr. at Liverpool.

MOVILLE, March 25.—The Allan line steam-ship St. Patrick, Capt. Stephens, from Portland March 10, has arr. here.

SCHUYLER, HARTLEY & GRAHAM,

NO. 22 JOHN-ST. AND NO. 19 MAIDEN-LANE.
NOW OPENING A LARGE AND FRESH
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TIFFANY & CO.,
UNION-SQUARE,
HAVE JUST RECEIVED
BONBONNIERES AND OUEFS DE PAQUES,
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J. & T. DONALDSON,
MANUFACTURERS,
NO. 74 EAST 9TH-ST.,
ONE DOOR EAST OF BROADWAY,
Have on hand a large assortment of new and elegant designs of BRONZE, GILT and GLASS CHANDELIERS, which they offer to the public at reduced prices.
CALL AND EXAMINE BEFORE PURCHASING.

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Nos. 116 and 118 Cherry-st.,
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Also, a large and carefully-selected line of goods for
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All of the latest styles for Spring and Summer.
CLOTHING FOR BOYS.
A FINE STOCK OF FURNISHING GOODS, UNDER-WEAR AND TRAVELING OUTFITS.

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MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S
FINE CLOTHING,
Ready-made and to Order.
NEW GOODS, NEW STYLES, AND NEW COLORS.

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GRAND PICTURES
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Day and evening, at No. 161 5th-av.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH INSERTED PERMANENTLY without plates, clasps, or any extractions of the old ones. Teeth also built upon stumps with oreplastic to original shape and color. Warranted to give satisfaction. The best of references given, if required, at the inventor's, Dr. SIGESMOND, No. 17 East 9th-st., between University-place and 5th-av.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A LARGE HERRING'S champion fire-proof safe with double folding doors; as good as new. Call on JAS. YERANCE, Receiver Astor Fire Insurance Company, No. 153 Broadway.